
Subject: Re: netCDF/CF conventions

Posted by [R.Bauer](#) on Thu, 01 Feb 2007 15:18:18 GMT

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jutta.holst@meteo.uni-freiburg.de wrote:

> Hello,
> I am trying to convert ascii data into netCDF files using the
> climate&forecast conventions.
>
> Unfortunately, it does not really work as the CF-checker allways gives
> the warning:
> 'no standard_name or long_name attributes'.
>
> Does anyone have an idea what I am doing wrong (code is given below)?
>
> Thank you!
> Jutta
>

Hi Jutta

if that is a corrsponding netcdf short_name than the ' ' blank makes trouble.

```
prep_name = 'precipitation_amount'
```

I have written a book about how we do create netCDF files based on a structure, may be you are interested:

http://www.fz-juelich.de/zb/datapool/page/439/00322_Bauer.pdf

that depends on our library see below

cheers
Reimar

```
> PRO WRITE_NETCDF_TUT3  
> ;+  
> ;Name:  
> ; WRITE_NetCDF  
> ;  
> ;Purpose:  
> ; This program creates simple NetCDF files containing
```

```

> ; meteorological data
> ;
> ;Input:
> ; Meteorological data
> ; 1. year
> ; 2 DOY
> ; 3. time
> ; 4. air temperature above canopy 1.3h ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
> ; 5. air temperature within canopy 1.3 m a.g.l. ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
> ; 6. relative humidity above canopy 1.3h (%)
> ; 7. relative humidity within canopy 1.3 m a.g.l (%)
> ; 8. wind velocity 42 m a.g.l. ( $\text{m s}^{-1}$ )
> ; 9. wind direction 42 m a.g.l. ( $^{\circ}$ )
> ; 10. precipitation above canopy 30 m a.g.l. (mm)
> ; 11. net radiation 16 m a.g.l. ( $\text{W m}^{-2}$ )
> ; 12. incoming short wave radiation 1.3h ( $\text{W m}^{-2}$ )
> ; 13. outgoing short wave radiation 1.3h ( $\text{W m}^{-2}$ )
> ; 14. incoming long wave radiation 1.3h ( $\text{W m}^{-2}$ )
> ; 15. outgoing long wave radiation 1.3h ( $\text{W m}^{-2}$ )
> ; 16. soil temperature 0.01 m depth ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
> ; 17. soil temperature 0.03 m depth ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
> ; 18. soil temperature 0.05 m depth ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
> ; 19. soil temperature 0.10 m depth ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
> ; 20. soil temperature 0.20 m depth ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
> ; 21. soil temperature 0.40 m depth ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
> ; 22. volumetric soil moisture content (%)
> ;
> ;Output:
> ; NetCDF file containing Tuttlingen meteorological data
> ;
> ;Keywords:
> ; none
> ;
> ;Author and history:
> ; Dirk Schindler Oct 2006
>
> ;outfile = 'C:\COPS-GOP\Daten\TUT_test_data.ncd'
> MM='Nov06'
> ;infile = DIALOG_PICKFILE(Title='Select a file path')
> ;infile='f:\Disc_C\Daten\Datenbanken\GOP-Daten\testfile_TUT. txt'
> infile='c:\COPS-GOP\Daten\' + MM + '.txt'
>
> OPENR, lun, infile, /GET_LUN
> nlines = FILE_LINES(infile)-1
> title = STRARR(1)
> READF,lun,title
> data = FLTARR(22L,48)
> for file=0,(nlines/48)-1 do begin

```

```

> READF,lun,data
> ERR=99999
> description = 'Meteorological data Tuttlingen'
> convention = 'CF-1.0'
>
>
> ;datum=strcompress(string(data(1),format='(i3)'),/remove_all )
> +'_'+strcompress(string(data(0),format='(i4)'),/remove_all)
> dat1=FLTARR(2)
> dat1=AML_DAT_doy2dat(data(1),data(0))
> jahr=strcompress(string(data(0),format='(i4)'),/remove_all)
> monat=strcompress(string(dat1(0),format='(i2)'),/remove_all)
> if(strlen(monat) EQ 1)then monat='0'+monat
> tag=strcompress(string(dat1(1),format='(i2)'),/remove_all)
> if(strlen(tag) EQ 1)then tag='0'+tag
> datum=jahr+monat+tag
>
> outfile='c:\COPS-GOP\Daten\' + datum + '_gop8_sta_tutt_met.nc'
> oid = NCDF_CREATE(outfile, /CLOBBER) ;Create output file
>
> print,outfile
>
> ;----data start-----
>
> year_name = 'year'
> year = data(0,*)
> sec_till_startofyear=(year-1970)*365.*86400.+(round((year-19 70)/
> 4.))*86400.
>
> doy_name = 'doy'
> doy = data(1,*)
>
> time_name = 'time'
> time_units = 's'
> ;time = sec_till_startofyear+hh*3600+min*60
> time = sec_till_startofyear+(fix(data(2,*)/100))*3600+
> (data(2,*)-100*(fix(data(2,*)/100)))*60
>
> Ta1_name = 'air_temperature' ;variable name
> Ta1_units = 'K' ;variable units
> Ta1_height = '1.3hc' ;relative measurement height
> ix=where(data(3,*) NE ERR,cnt_Ta1)
> Ta1=FLTARR(nlines)
> Ta1(*)=!VALUES.F_NAN
> if(cnt_Ta1 ne 0)then begin
> Ta1(ix) = data(3,ix)+273.15
> endif
>

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> Ta2_name   = 'air_temperature'      ;variable name
> Ta2_units  = 'K'                    ;variable units
> Ta2_height = '0.1hc'                ;relative measurement height
> ix=where(data(4,*) NE ERR,cnt_Ta2)
>   Ta2=FLTARR(nlines)
>   Ta2(*)=!VALUES.F_NAN
> if(cnt_Ta2 ne 0)then begin
>   Ta2(ix)   = data(4,ix)+273.15
> endif
>
> RH1_name   = 'relative_humidity'
> RH1_units  = '1'
> RH1_height = '1.3hc'
> RH1        = data(5,*)
> ix=where(RH1 EQ ERR,cnt_RH1)
> if(cnt_RH1 ne 0)then begin
>   RH1(ix)   = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> RH2_name   = 'relative_humidity'
> RH2_units  = '1'
> RH2_height = '0.1hc'
> RH2        = data(6,*)
> ix=where(RH2 EQ ERR,cnt_RH2)
> if(cnt_RH2 ne 0)then begin
>   RH2(ix)   = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> wv_name    = 'wind_speed'
> wv_units   = 'm s-1'
> wv_height  = '1.3hc'
> wv         = data(7,*)
> ix=where(wv EQ ERR,cnt_wv)
> if(cnt_wv ne 0)then begin
>   wv(ix)    = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> wd_name    = 'wind_from_direction'
> wd_units   = 'degree'
> wd_height  = '1.3hc'
> wd         = data(8,*)
> ix=where(wd EQ ERR,cnt_wd)
> if(cnt_wd ne 0)then begin
>   wd(ix)    = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> prep_name  = 'precipitation_amount'
> prep_units = 'kg m-2'

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> prep_height = '1.3hc'
> prep      = data(9,*)
> ix=where(prepare EQ ERR,cnt_prep)
> if(cnt_prep ne 0)then begin
>   prep(ix)      = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> Rn_name     = 'surface_net_downward_radiative_flux'
> Rn_units    = 'W m-2'
> Rn_height   = '1.3hc'
> Rn          = data(10,*)
> ix=where(Rn EQ ERR,cnt_Rn)
> if(cnt_Rn ne 0)then begin
>   Rn(ix)       = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> Kd_name     = 'surface_downwelling_shortwave_flux_in_air'
> Kd_units    = 'W m-2'
> Kd_height   = '1.3hc'
> Kd          = data(11,*)
> ix=where(Kd EQ ERR,cnt_Kd)
> if(cnt_Kd ne 0)then begin
>   Kd(ix)       = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> Ku_name     = 'surface_upwelling_shortwave_flux_in_air'
> Ku_units    = 'W m-2'
> Ku_height   = '1.3hc'
> Ku          = data(12,*)
> ix=where(Ku EQ ERR,cnt_Ku)
> if(cnt_Ku ne 0)then begin
>   Ku(ix)       = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> Ld_name     = 'surface_downwelling_longwave_flux_in_air'
> Ld_units    = 'W m-2'
> Ld_height   = '1.3hc'
> Ld          = data(13,*)
> ix=where(Ld EQ ERR,cnt_Ld)
> if(cnt_Ld ne 0)then begin
>   Ld(ix)       = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> Lu_name     = 'surface_upwelling_longwave_flux_in_air'
> Lu_units    = 'W m-2'
> Lu_height   = '1.3hc'
> Lu          = data(14,*)
> ix=where(Lu EQ ERR,cnt_Lu)

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```

> if(cnt_Lu ne 0)then begin
>   Lu(ix)      = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> Ts001_name = 'soil_temperature'
> Ts001_units = 'K'
> Ts001_height = '-0.01m'
> ix=where(data(15,*) NE ERR,cnt_TS001)
>   TS001=FLTARR(nlines)
>   TS001(*)=!VALUES.F_NAN
> if(cnt_TS001 ne 0)then begin
>   TS001(ix)    = data(15,ix)+273.15
> endif
>
> Ts003_name = 'soil_temperature'
> Ts003_units = 'K'
> Ts003_height = '-0.03m'
> ix=where(data(16,*) NE ERR,cnt_TS003)
>   TS003=FLTARR(nlines)
>   TS003(*)=!VALUES.F_NAN
> if(cnt_TS003 ne 0)then begin
>   TS003(ix)    = data(16,ix)+273.15
> endif
>
> Ts005_name = 'soil_temperature'
> Ts005_units = 'K'
> Ts005_height = '-0.05m'
> ix=where(data(17,*) NE ERR,cnt_TS005)
>   TS005=FLTARR(nlines)
>   TS005(*)=!VALUES.F_NAN
> if(cnt_TS005 ne 0)then begin
>   TS005(ix)    = data(17,ix)+273.15
> endif
>
> Ts010_name = 'soil_temperature'
> Ts010_units = 'K'
> Ts010_height = '-0.10m'
> ix=where(data(18,*) NE ERR,cnt_TS010)
>   TS010=FLTARR(nlines)
>   TS010(*)=!VALUES.F_NAN
> if(cnt_TS010 ne 0)then begin
>   TS010(ix)    = data(18,ix)+273.15
> endif
>
> Ts020_name = 'soil_temperature'
> Ts020_units = 'K'
> Ts020_height = '-0.20m'
> ix=where(data(19,*) NE ERR,cnt_TS020)

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> TS020=FLTARR(nlines)
> TS020(*)=!VALUES.F_NAN
> if(cnt_TS020 ne 0)then begin
>   TS020(ix)    = data(19,ix)+273.15
> endif
>
> Ts040_name = 'soil_temperature'
> Ts040_units = 'K'
> Ts040_height = '-0.40m'
> ix=where(data(20,*) NE ERR,cnt_TS040)
>   TS040=FLTARR(nlines)
>   TS040(*)=!VALUES.F_NAN
> if(cnt_TS040 ne 0)then begin
>   TS040(ix)    = data(20,ix)+273.15
> endif
>
> SMC_name   = 'volumetric_soil_moisture_content'
> SMC_units  = '%'
> SMC_height = '-0.30m'
> SMC        = data(21,*)
> ix=where(SMC EQ ERR,cnt_SMC)
> if(cnt_SMC ne 0)then begin
>   SMC(ix)     = !VALUES.F_NAN
> endif
>
> ;--data end----
>
> ;---header start-----
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Description', description, /GLOBAL
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Conventions', convention, /GLOBAL ;write CF
> conventions
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "System", 'Forest_station_Tuttlingen', /CHAR, /
> global
>
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "Location", 'Tuttlingen, Germany', /CHAR, /global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "Longitude", '8.75ĩ½E', /CHAR, /global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "Latitude", '47.98ĩ½N', /CHAR, /global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "altitude", '645', /CHAR, /global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "mean_slope_exposition", '67 deg', /CHAR, /global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "mean_slope_inclination", '23 deg', /CHAR, /global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "forest_stand", 'Beech, fagus sylvatica', /CHAR, /
> global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "canopy_height", '27.7 m', /CHAR, /global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "stand_age", '70 y', /CHAR, /global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "stand_density", '526 trees/ha', /CHAR, /global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "plant_area_index", '5.3 m2/m2', /CHAR, /global
> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "mean_breast_height_diameter", '27.6 cm', /CHAR, /
> global

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> NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, "Comments", 'time: sec since 01/01/1970 at the end of
> the interval', /CHAR, /global
> ;----header end-----
>
> year = LINDGEN(nlines)
>
> yid = NCDF_DIMDEF(oid, year_name, /UNLIMITED)      ;define year
> dimension
>
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, year_name, [yid], /LONG)    ;define
> variable
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, doy_name, [yid], /LONG)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, time_name, [yid], /LONG)
> vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, Ta1_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, Ta2_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, RH1_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, RH1_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, wv_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, wd_name, [yid], /LONG)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, prep_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, Rn_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, Kd_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, Ku_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, Ld_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, Lu_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, TS001_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, TS003_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, TS005_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, TS010_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, TS020_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, TS040_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
> ;vid = NCDF_VARDEF(oid, SMC_name, [yid], /FLOAT)
>
>
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'year', 'longname', year_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'doy', 'longname', doy_name      ;write
> variables' long names
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'time', 'longname', time_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'time', 'units', time_units      ;write
> variables' units
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, vid, 'longname', Ta1_name        ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, Ta1_name, 'units', Ta1_units     ;write

```

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> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, Ta1_name, 'meas_height',    Ta1_height ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Ta2', 'longname',  Ta2_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Ta2', 'units',    Ta2_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Ta2', 'meas_height',    Ta2_height ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'RH1', 'longname',  RH1_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'RH1', 'units',    RH1_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'RH1', 'meas_height',RH1_height ;write measuring
> height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'RH2', 'longname',  RH2_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'RH2', 'units',    RH2_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'RH2', 'meas_height',RH2_height ;write measuring
> height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'wv', 'longname',  wv_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'wv', 'units',    wv_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'wv', 'meas_height', wv_height ;write measuring
> height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'wd', 'longname',  wd_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'wd', 'units',    wd_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'wd', 'meas_height', wd_height ;write measuring
> height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'prep', 'longname',  prep_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'prep', 'units',    prep_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'prep', 'meas_height', prep_height ;write measuring
> height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Rn', 'longname',  Rn_name    ;write
> variables' long names

```

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> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Rn', 'units',    Rn_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Rn', 'meas_height', Rn_height    ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Kd', 'longname',    Kd_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Kd', 'units',    Kd_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Kd', 'meas_height', Kd_height    ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Ku', 'longname',    Ku_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Ku', 'units',    Ku_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Ku', 'meas_height', Ku_height    ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Ld', 'longname',    Ld_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Ld', 'units',    Ld_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Ld', 'meas_height', Ld_height    ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Lu', 'longname',    Lu_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Lu', 'units',    Lu_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'Lu', 'meas_height', Lu_height    ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS001', 'longname', TS001_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS001', 'units',    TS001_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS001', 'meas_height', TS001_height    ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS003', 'longname', TS003_name    ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS003', 'units',    TS003_units    ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS003', 'meas_height', TS003_height    ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS005', 'longname', TS005_name    ;write

```

```

> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS005', 'units', TS005_units ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS005', 'meas_height', TS005_height ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS010', 'longname', TS010_name ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS010', 'units', TS010_units ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS010', 'meas_height', TS010_height ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS020', 'longname', TS020_name ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS020', 'units', TS020_units ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS020', 'meas_height', TS020_height ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS040', 'longname', TS040_name ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS040', 'units', TS040_units ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'TS040', 'meas_height', TS040_height ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'SMC', 'longname', SMC_name ;write
> variables' long names
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'SMC', 'units', SMC_units ;write
> variables' units
> ;NCDF_ATTPUT, oid, 'SMC', 'meas_height', SMC_height ;write
> measuring height
> ;
> NCDF_CONTROL, oid, /ENDEF ;exit define mode
>
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'year', year ;write the year
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'doy', REFORM(doy)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'time', REFORM(time)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, Ta1_name, REFORM(Ta1)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'Ta2', REFORM(Ta2)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'RH1', REFORM(RH1)
> ;

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> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'RH2', REFORM(RH2)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'wv', REFORM(wv)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'wd', REFORM(wd)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'prep', REFORM(prep)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'Rn', REFORM(Rn)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'Kd', REFORM(Kd)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'Ku', REFORM(Ku)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'Ld', REFORM(Ld)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'Lu', REFORM(Lu)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'TS001', REFORM(TS001)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'TS003', REFORM(TS003)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'TS005', REFORM(TS005)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'TS010', REFORM(TS010)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'TS020', REFORM(TS020)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'TS040', REFORM(TS040)
> ;
> ;NCDF_VARPUT, oid, 'SMC', REFORM(SMC)
> ;
> NCDF_CLOSE, oid
> stop
> endfor
> STOP
> END
>
> ;+
> ; NAME:
> ;   AML_DAT_doy2dat.pro
> ;
> ; PURPOSE:
> ;   rechnet aus dem day of year (doy) das datum in form von monat und
> tag aus.
> ;   nicht array-fähig!
> ;
> ; CALLING SEQUENCE:

```

```

> ; result=AML_DAT_doy2dat(doy,jjjj,format=3)
> ;
> ; INPUTS:
> ;   doy   : tag des jahres (1...366)
> ;   jjjj  : jahreszahl mit hunderter und tausender vom typ "1999"
> ; "2001"
> ;   format : folgende formate sind möglich:
> ;           0 = intarr(2) mit 0=tag und 1=monat (default)
> ;           1 und höher : string nach AML_DAT_jul2string (ohne zeit)
> ;
> ; OUTPUT:
> ;   array mit [monat,zeit] oder string
> ;
> ; REVISION HISTORY:
> ;   13.12.01 mit AML_DAT_jul2string verknüpft
> ; -
>
> function AML_DAT_doy2dat, doy, jjjj, format=format
>
>   if keyword_set(format) eq 0 then format=0
>   ;                               j f m a m j
> j a s o n d
>   if AML_DAT_schaltjahr(jjjj) eq 0 then monatdoy =
> [0,31,59,90,120,151,181,212,243,273,304,334]
>   if AML_DAT_schaltjahr(jjjj) eq 1 then monatdoy =
> [0,31,60,91,121,152,182,213,244,274,305,335] ;schaltjahr
>   monate=where(monatdoy lt doy)
>   monat=fix(n_elements(monate))
>   tag=doy-monatdoy[monat-1]
>
>   if format eq 0 then return, [monat,tag] else begin
>     julian=JULDAY(monat,tag,jjjj)
>     return, AML_DAT_jul2string(julian, format=format)
>   endelse
>
> end
>
> ;+
> ; NAME:
> ;   AML_DAT_schaltjahr.pro
> ;
> ; PURPOSE:
> ;   prüft ob eine (vierstellige) jahreszahl ein schaltjahr ist.
> ;
> ; CALLING SEQUENCE:
> ;   result=schaltjahr(jahreszahl)
> ;
> ; INPUTS:

```

```

> ; jahreszahl : vierstellige jahreszahl, z.B. 1999 oder 2000
> ;
> ; OUTPUT:
> ; 1 wenn Schaltjahr
> ; 0 wenn kein Schaltjahr
> ;
> ; REFERENCE
> ; DWD, "Allgemeine Meteorologie", S. 158
> ;
> ; REVISION HISTORY:
> ; 22.12.99 AC
> ; -
>
> function AML_DAT_schaltjahr, jahreszahl
>   on_error, 2
>   s=0
>   if jahreszahl mod 4 eq 0 then s=1
>   if jahreszahl mod 100 eq 0 AND ((jahreszahl mod 1000)/100) mod 4
> ne 0 then s=0 ;hunderterjahre
>   return, s
> end
>
> ;+
> ; NAME:
> ; AML_DAT_jul2string.pro
> ;
> ; PURPOSE:
> ; erstellt aus einem julianischen datumszahl einen string. der
> string kann verschiedene
> ; formate aufweisen.
> ;
> ; CALLING SEQUENCE:
> ; result=AML_DAT_jul2string(julian,format=format, time=time)
> ;
> ; INPUTS:
> ; julian : zahl. long oder double.
> ; format : folgende formate sind möglich:
> ; 1 = string der form "1.7.2000" oder "1.7.2000
> 9:20" (default)
> ; 2 = string der form "01.07.2000" oder "01.07.2000 09:20"
> ; 3 = string der form "1.7." oder "1.7. 9:20"
> ; 4 = string der form "01.07." oder "01.07. 09:20"
> ; 5 = string der form "1. Juli 2000" oder "1. Juli 2000
> 10:10"
> ; 6 = string der form "July 1 2000" oder "July 1 2000
> 10:10"
> ; 7 = string der form "July 2000" oder "July 2000 09:20"
> ; 8 = string der form '20000701' oder '20000701' (dBase)

```

```

> ;      9 = string der form '2000' oder '2000'
> ;      liste fortsetzbar
> ;      time : keyword 0 / nicht gesetzt = nur datum wird ausgegeben
> ;      1 = zeit und datum werden ausgegeben
> ;      2 = nur zeit wird ausgegeben
> ;      quattro: input "julian" ist quattro zahl anstatt julday.
> ;
> ; OUTPUT:
> ;      string in obigem format
> ;
> ; REVISION HISTORY:
> ;      05.01.00 AC
> ;      09.10.00 AC format-keyword hinzugefi½gt und somit ist die funktion
> "doy_stringdat" ab sofort i½berfi½ssig.
> ;      01.03.01 AC format=8 hinzugefi½gt.
> ;      13.12.01 AC umbenannt zu "AML_DAT_jul2string" allgemein fi½r julday
> umgebaut.
> ;      10.01.02 AC quattro hinzugefi½gt
> ;
>
> function AML_DAT_jul2string, julian, format=format, time=time,
> quattro=quattro
>
>   if keyword_set(quattro) then julian=double(julian)
> +2415018.5 ;umwandlung quattro -> julian
>   if not keyword_set(time) then time=0
>   if n_params() lt 1 then julian=systime(/julian)
>
>   monatstr_de=['Januar','Februar','März','April','Mai','J
uni','Juli','August','September','Oktober','November','Dezember']
>   monatstr_en=['January','February','March','April','May
','June','July','August','September','October','November','December']
>
>   caldat, julian, monat, tag, jahr, stunde, minute, sekunde
>   if keyword_set(format) eq 0 then format=1
>   del='.'
>
>   ;datum
>   case format of
>     1 : dstr=strcompress(string(fix(tag), format='(i2)')
> +'.'+string(fix(monat), format='(i2)')+'.'+string(fix(jahr),
> format='(i4.4)'),/remove_all)
>     2 : dstr=strcompress(string(fix(tag), format='(i2.2)')
> +'.'+string(fix(monat), format='(i2.2)')+'.'+string(fix(jahr),
> format='(i4.4)'),/remove_all)
>     3 : dstr=strcompress(string(fix(tag), format='(i2)')
> +'.'+string(fix(monat), format='(i2)')+'.',/remove_all)
>     4 : dstr=strcompress(string(fix(tag), format='(i2.2)')

```

```

> +'.'+string(fix(monat), format='(i2.2)')+','./remove_all)
> 5 : dstr=strcompress(string(fix(tag), format='(i2)'), /
> remove_all)+'.'+monatstr_de[monat-1]+' '+string(fix(jahr),
> format='(i4.4)')
> 6 : dstr=monatstr_en[monat-1]+' '+strcompress(string(fix(tag),
> format='(i2)'), /remove_all)+' '+string(fix(jahr), format='(i4.4)')
> 7 : dstr=monatstr_en[monat-1]+' '+string(fix(jahr),
> format='(i4.4)')
> 8 : dstr=strcompress(string(fix(jahr), format='(i4.4)')
> +string(fix(monat), format='(i2.2)')+string(fix(tag),format='(i2.2)'),/
> remove_all)
> 9 : dstr=strcompress(string(fix(jahr), format='(i4.4)'),/
> remove_all)
> else: begin & message, 'Unknown date format. format set to default
> (0)', /informational & return, " & end
> endcase
>
> ;zeit
> case format of
> 1 : tstr=strcompress(string(fix(stunde), format='(i2)')
> +'.'+string(fix(minute), format='(i2.2)'),/remove_all)
> 3 : tstr=strcompress(string(fix(stunde), format='(i2)')
> +'.'+string(fix(minute), format='(i2.2)'),/remove_all)
> else : tstr=strcompress(string(fix(stunde), format='(i2.2)')
> +'.'+string(fix(minute), format='(i2.2)'),/remove_all)
> endcase
>
> ;output
> case time of
> 1 : return, dstr+' '+tstr
> 2 : return, tstr
> else : return, dstr
> endcase
>
> end
>

```

--

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a IDL library at ForschungsZentrum Juelich

http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg-i/idl_icglib/idl_lib_intro.html

=====

Subject: Re: netCDF/CF conventions

Posted by [Paul Van Delst\[1\]](#) on Thu, 01 Feb 2007 15:44:32 GMT

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jutta.holst@meteo.uni-freiburg.de wrote:

- > Hello,
- > I am trying to convert ascii data into netCDF files using the
- > climate&forecast conventions.
- >
- > Unfortunately, it does not really work as the CF-checker allways gives
- > the warning:
- > 'no standard_name or long_name attributes'.
- >
- > Does anyone have an idea what I am doing wrong (code is given below)?

Yes. You are not writing variables attributes with the names "standard_name" and "long_name". "longname" /= "long_name" and there is nothing that comes close to "standard_name" in your variable attributes.

BTW, you might want to "object-ify" the code a little bit to minimise the cut-n-paste programming. Makes it easier to find bugs and you won;t have to do a NCDF_ATTPUT for "long_name" (and others) more than once.

cheers,

paulv

[code snipped]

--

Paul van Delst Ride lots.

CIMSS @ NOAA/NCEP/EMC

Eddy Merckx

Subject: Re: netCDF/CF conventions

Posted by [jutta.holst](#) on Fri, 02 Feb 2007 08:55:50 GMT

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Thank you vry much for your answers! These helped a lot.

But now another "problem" came up: I do have time series of air temperature below and above the canopy - both have the standard_name air_temperature. How do I manage to include both temperatures in the netcdf file? Until now, it only shows the last temperature as the variable name is the same?

PS: Sorry for the "ugly" programming and stupid questions...

Subject: Re: netCDF/CF conventions
Posted by [R.Bauer](#) on Fri, 02 Feb 2007 11:24:10 GMT
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

jutta.holst@meteo.uni-freiburg.de wrote:

> Thank you vry much for your answers! These helped a lot.
>
> But now another "problem" came up: I do have time series of air
> temperature below and above the canopy - both have the standard_name
> air_temperature. How do I manage to include both temperatures in the
> netcdf file? Until now, it only shows the last temperature as the
> variable name is the same?

You could add the experiment name to each short_name
We do that by a separator of :

For using that sign you need a recent netCDF library installed. The one
delivered with idl is now about 6 years old and it is to old for this sign

So may be use an _

cheers
Reimar

>
> PS: Sorry for the "ugly" programming and stupid questions...
>

--
Reimar Bauer

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a IDL library at ForschungsZentrum Juelich
http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg-i/idl_icglib/idl_lib_intro.html
=====

Subject: Re: netCDF/CF conventions
Posted by [jutta.holst](#) on Fri, 02 Feb 2007 11:41:15 GMT

> You could add the experiment name to each short_name
> We do that by a separator of :
>
> For using that sign you need a recent netCDF library installed. The one
> delivered with idl is now about 6 years old and it is too old for this sign
>
> So maybe use an _
>

So I can just give other names such as air_temperature_below_canopy ?

Jutta

Subject: Re: netCDF/CF conventions
Posted by [R.Bauer](#) on Fri, 02 Feb 2007 15:05:17 GMT
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

jutta.holst@meteo.uni-freiburg.de wrote:

>> You could add the experiment name to each short_name
>> We do that by a separator of :
>>
>> For using that sign you need a recent netCDF library installed. The one
>> delivered with idl is now about 6 years old and it is too old for this sign
>>
>> So maybe use an _
>>
>
>
> So I can just give other names such as air_temperature_below_canopy ?
>
> Jutta

Depends on you and your applications if they are name sensitive

cheers
Reimar

--
Reimar Bauer

Institut fuer Stratosphaerische Chemie (ICG-1)
Forschungszentrum Juelich
email: R.Bauer@fz-juelich.de

Subject: Re: netCDF/CF conventions
Posted by [jutta.holst](#) on Fri, 02 Feb 2007 15:30:14 GMT
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> Depends on you and your applications if they are name sensitive

OK - I'll ask them, what they want...

Thank you!

Subject: Re: netCDF/CF conventions
Posted by [Paul Van Delst\[1\]](#) on Fri, 02 Feb 2007 16:42:32 GMT
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

jutta.holst@meteo.uni-freiburg.de wrote:

> Thank you vry much for your answers! These helped a lot.
>
> But now another "problem" came up: I do have time series of air
> temperature below and above the canopy - both have the standard_name
> air_temperature. How do I manage to include both temperatures in the
> netcdf file? Until now, it only shows the last temperature as the
> variable name is the same?

From your original post, I assumed "standard_name" was an attribute. Do you mean that it is actually the variable name? If so, then, no, you can't have two variables with the same name.

As you have already figured out, names of air_temperature_below_canopy and air_temperature_above_canopy will work (assuming you don't other field-accepted names for those quantities.)

> PS: Sorry for the "ugly" programming and stupid questions...

We all write wet[1] code at some point, and there are no stupid questions[2] :o)

cheers,

paulv

[1] http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/DRY_code

[2] some could be considered asinine I guess; but your questions do not fall into that category. :o)

--

Paul van Delst Ride lots.
CIMSS @ NOAA/NCEP/EMC Eddy Merckx
Ph: (301)763-8000 x7748
Fax:(301)763-8545

Subject: Re: netCDF/CF conventions
Posted by [jutta.holst](#) on Fri, 02 Feb 2007 17:44:17 GMT
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> From your original post, I assumed "standard_name" was an attribute. Do you mean that it
> is actually the variable name? If so, then, no, you can't have two variables with the same
> name.

The way, I have it now is, that the standard_name is the variable name
and the long_name has some more information. Before it was somewhat
different...

> As you have already figured out, names of air_temperature_below_canopy and
> air_temperature_above_canopy will work (assuming you don't other field-accepted names for
> those quantities.)
OK

> [1]http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/DRY_code
I'll try to keep that in mind ;-)

Have a nice weekend,
Jutta
