
Subject: Re: Maximum intensity projection (MIP)
Posted by [Jo Klein](#) on Thu, 12 Apr 2007 12:44:07 GMT
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Hi,
Take a look at project_vol.pro available at
<http://www.astro.washington.edu/deutsch>
Also, there's an example in IDL's documentation using object graphics.
Cheers,
Jo

Subject: Re: Maximum intensity projection (MIP)
Posted by [Anne Martel](#) on Thu, 12 Apr 2007 13:10:03 GMT
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Steve,

For a mip in the x-y plane you just need to do

```
mipIm=data[*,* ,0]  
for i = 1,79 do mipIm = mipIm > data[*,* ,i]
```

I've pasted my mip routine below - it gives you more control over the orientation and slices to use. I posted an interactive GUI version on the IDL website a few years ago - I think it was called xmip and it should still be there,

Anne

```
$Id: mip.pro $  
;  
;  
;+  
; NAME:  
; MIP  
;  
;  
; PURPOSE:  
; Function to return the max (or min) intensity projection of  
; an array of images.  
  
; CATEGORY:  
;  
;  
;  
; CALLING SEQUENCE:  
; myMipImage=MIP(image)  
;  
;  
; INPUTS:  
; image - raw image image - must be a 3D array
```

; KEYWORD PARAMETERS:

; ORIENTATION: This gives the orientation of the mip image.

; default = 2 -ie mip generated using images (*,*,i)

;

can also have 0 or 1

; MAXIMUM: Generates max intensity projection image (the default)

; MINIMUM: Generates min intensity projection image

; X_LOWER, X_UPPER: extent of array in X direction with which to generate the mip.

; Only has an effect if orientation=0

; Y_LOWER, Y_UPPER: extent of array in Y direction with which to generate the mip.

; Only has an effect if orientation=1;

; Z_LOWER, Z_UPPER: extent of array in Z direction with which to generate the mip.

; Only has an effect if orientation=2

; Default is to use complete array

; MODIFICATION HISTORY:

; 7/3/01 anne: orientation keyword and lower and upper bounds keywords added

; 7/10/02 anne: minimum keyword added

;-

FUNCTION Mip, image, orientation=orientation, \$

maximum=maximum, minimum=minimum, \$

x_Lower=xLower, x_Upper=xUpper, \$

y_Lower=yLower, y_Upper=yUpper, \$

z_Lower=zLower, z_Upper=zUpper

if n_elements(orientation) eq 0 then orientation = 2

if keyword_set(minimum) then mode=1 else mode=0

s=size(image)

xsize = s[1]

ysize = s[2]

zsize = s[3]

case orientation of

2: begin

if keyword_set(zLower) then zLower=zLower>0 else zLower=0

if keyword_set(zUpper) then zUpper=zUpper<zsize-1 else

```

zUpper=zsize-1
miplImage=image[*,*,zLower]
if mode eq 0 then begin ; max intensity
  for i = zLower+1, zUpper do begin
    miplImage=miplImage>image[*,*,i]
  endfor
endif else begin ; min_intensity
  for i = zLower+1, zUpper do begin
    miplImage=miplImage<image[*,*,i]
  endfor
endelse
  end
  1: begin
    if keyword_set(yLower) then yLower=yLower>0 else yLower=0
    if keyword_set(yUpper) then yUpper=yUpper<ySize -1 else
yUpper=ySize-1
miplImage=image[*,yLower,*]
if mode eq 0 then begin ; max intensity
  for i = yLower+1, yUpper do begin
    miplImage=miplImage>image[*,i,*]
  endfor
endif else begin ; min_intensity
  for i = zLower+1, zUpper do begin
    miplImage=miplImage<image[*,i,*]
  endfor
endelse
miplImage=reform(miplImage)
  end

  0: begin
    if keyword_set(xLower) then xLower=xLower>0 else xLower=0
    if keyword_set(xUpper) then xUpper=xUpper<xSize-1 else
xUpper=xSize-1
miplImage=image[xLower,*,*]
if mode eq 0 then begin ; max intensity
  for i = xLower+1, xUpper do begin
    miplImage=miplImage>image[i,*,*]
  endfor
endif else begin ; min_intensity
  for i = zLower+1, zUpper do begin
    miplImage=miplImage<image[i,*,*]
  endfor
endelse
miplImage=transpose(reform(miplImage))
;using transpose maintains orientation so that y remains along
vertical axis
  end

```

else:

endcase

RETURN, miplImage

END

On Apr 12, 8:34 am, "StevenM" <s.maclel...@strath.ac.uk> wrote:

> Hi all,
>
> I have a 3d data set as a 320x80x80 array. Can anyone tell me if
> there is an easy way to do a maximum intensity projection using IDL.
>
> thanks
>
> Steven

Subject: Re: Maximum intensity projection (MIP)
Posted by [Paolo Grigis](#) on Thu, 12 Apr 2007 13:52:50 GMT
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Anne Martel wrote:

> Steve,
>
> For a mip in the x-y plane you just need to do
>
> mipIm=data[:,*,0]
> for i = 1,79 do mipIm = mipIm > data[:,*,i]

You can avoid the loop using the dimension keyword of max:
mipIm=max(data,dimension=3)

Ciao,
Paolo

>
> I've pasted my mip routine below - it gives you more control over the
> orientation and slices to use. I posted an interactive GUI version on
> the IDL website a few years ago - I think it was called xmip and it
> should still be there,
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> Anne

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> ; myMipImage=MIP(image)
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> ; image - raw image image - must be a 3D array
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> ;   default = 2 -ie mip generated using images (*,*,i)
> ;
>
>   can also have 0 or 1
> ; MAXIMUM: Generates max intensity projection image (the default)
> ; MINIMUM: Generates min intensity projection image
> ; X_LOWER, X_UPPER: extent of array in X direction with which to
> generate the mip.
> ;           Only has an effect if orientation=0
> ; Y_LOWER, Y_UPPER: extent of array in Y direction with which to
> generate the mip.
> ;           Only has an effect if orientation=1;
> ; Z_LOWER, Z_UPPER: extent of array in Z direction with which to
> generate the mip.
> ;           Only has an effect if orientation=2
> ;Default is to use complete array
>
> ; MODIFICATION HISTORY:
> ; 7/3/01 anne: orientation keyword and lower and upper bounds keywords
> added
> ; 7/10/02 anne: minimum keyword added
>
>
> ; -
>

```

```

> FUNCTION Mip, image,orientation=orientation , $
> maximum=maximum, minimum=minimum, $
> x_Lower=xLower,x_Upper=xUpper, $
> y_Lower=yLower,y_Upper=yUpper, $
> z_Lower=zLower,z_Upper=zUpper
>
> if n_elements(orientation) eq 0 then orientation = 2
> if keyword_set(minimum) then mode=1 else mode=0
>
> s=size(image)
>
> xsize = s[1]
> ysize = s[2]
> zsize = s[3]
>
> case orientation of
> 2: begin
>   if keyword_set(zLower) then zLower=zLower>0 else zLower=0
>   if keyword_set(zUpper) then zUpper=zUpper<zsize-1 else
>   zUpper=zsize-1
>   miplImage=image[*,* ,zLower]
>   if mode eq 0 then begin ; max intensity
>     for i = zLower+1, zUpper do begin
>       miplImage=miplImage>image[* ,*,i]
>     endfor
>   endif else begin ; min_intensity
>     for i = zLower+1, zUpper do begin
>       miplImage=miplImage<image[* ,*,i]
>     endfor
>   endelse
>   end
> 1: begin
>   if keyword_set(yLower) then yLower=yLower>0 else yLower=0
>   if keyword_set(yUpper) then yUpper=yUpper<ysize -1 else
>   yUpper=ysize-1
>   miplImage=image[* ,yLower ,*]
>   if mode eq 0 then begin ; max intensity
>     for i = yLower+1, yUpper do begin
>       miplImage=miplImage>image[* ,i ,*]
>     endfor
>   endif else begin ; min_intensity
>     for i = zLower+1, zUpper do begin
>       miplImage=miplImage<image[* ,i ,*]
>     endfor
>   endelse
>   miplImage=reform(miplImage)
>   end
>

```

```

> 0: begin
>   if keyword_set(xLower) then xLower=xLower>0  else xLower=0
>   if keyword_set(xUpper) then xUpper=xUpper<xsize-1  else
> xUpper=xsize-1
>   miplImage=image[xLower,*,*]
>   if mode eq 0 then begin ; max intensity
>     for i = xLower+1, xUpper do begin
>       miplImage=miplImage>image[i,*,*]
>     endfor
>   endif else begin ; min_intensity
>     for i = zLower+1, zUpper do begin
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>   endelse
>   miplImage=transpose(reform(miplImage))
>   ;using transpose maintains orientation so that y remains along
> vertical axis
>   end
>
>   else:
>
> endcase
>
> RETURN, miplImage
>
> END
>
>
>
> On Apr 12, 8:34 am, "StevenM" <s.maclel...@strath.ac.uk> wrote:
>> Hi all,
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