Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by Foldy Lajos on Tue, 11 Sep 2007 19:23:33 GMT

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On Tue, 11 Sep 2007, Jonathan Greenberg wrote:

- > So I have NEVER seen this error before, and now I've seen it twice in one
- > day, with two completely different programs (one I wrote, one I didn't):
- > Ambiguous keyword abbreviation: [name of function/program]

>

- > I've been poring through the user group here and I *sort-of* see what is
- > going on, but what ARE the rules for naming keywords? I was under the
- > mistaken notion that these were like named variables, so as long as I had
- > unique names for each one I was good to go. Does this behavior differ from
- > system to system (the 2nd of the two failures was from a program that I have
- > to assume has been run at least ONCE before I got a hold of it, so it should
- > have shown the error before I received it -- this may be an incorrect
- > assumption...)? Is there an easy way to disable this, or do I have to go
- > back through and rename keywords all over the place...

>

> Thoughts? Thanks!

>

> --j

>

Keywords must be unique and they can not be abbreviations of other keywords. Have you ever wondered why IDL uses LONG for 32 bit integers and L64 (instead of LONG64) for 64 bit ones?

regards, lajos

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by jkj on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 06:15:45 GMT

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- > I was under the
- > mistaken notion that these were like named variables, so as long as I had
- > unique names for each one I was good to go.

pro my_procedures, col=col, color=color

I'm thinking "column" when I use col=col and in parts of the code where "color" is not also a keyword "col" works just fine, but as soon as I have "col" as the beginning of another keyword IDL cannot tell the two apart (because IDL does not require you to use the entire

keyword, only enough of it that it can be uniquely determined)... so I have to at least append 1 letter (other than 'o') to "col" and use something like:

pro my_procedures, coln=coln, color=color

-Kevin

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by Paul Van Delst[1] on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 14:08:17 GMT

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iki wrote:

- >> I was under the
- >> mistaken notion that these were like named variables, so as long as I had
- >> unique names for each one I was good to go.

>

> pro my_procedures, col=col, color=color

>

- > I'm thinking "column" when I use col=col and in parts of the code
- > where "color" is not also a keyword "col" works just fine, but as soon
- > as I have "col" as the beginning of another keyword IDL cannot tell
- > the two apart (because IDL does not require you to use the entire
- > keyword, only enough of it that it can be uniquely determined)... so I
- > have to at least append 1 letter (other than 'o') to "col" and use
- > something like:

>

> pro my_procedures, coln=coln, color=color

This is diverging OT into more of a style thing, but why not bite the bullet and punch out the extra two characters for the sake of clarity:

pro my procedures, column=column, color=color

?

cheers,

paulv

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by Conor on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 15:07:36 GMT

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This bug always annoys me (well, I guess it's a feature, not a bug,

but that's how I see it). For instance, in a lot of my programs I like to use the keyword /s for silent. Unfortunately, since it is a one-letter keyword, once I've declared it I can't use anyother keywords that start with the letter 's'. I find this to be highly irritating. You would think that since the keyword I'm using exactly matches an actual keyword, IDL could figure out that I'm referencing that keyword, rather than using an abbreviation. Oh well. At least when you get this error, you know exactly what the problem is.

```
On Sep 12, 10:08 am, Paul van Delst <Paul.vanDe...@noaa.gov> wrote:
> jkj wrote:
>>> I was under the
>>> mistaken notion that these were like named variables, so as long as I had
>>> unique names for each one I was good to go.
>> pro my_procedures, col=col, color=color
>> I'm thinking "column" when I use col=col and in parts of the code
>> where "color" is not also a keyword "col" works just fine, but as soon
>> as I have "col" as the beginning of another keyword IDL cannot tell
>> the two apart (because IDL does not require you to use the entire
>> keyword, only enough of it that it can be uniquely determined)... so I
>> have to at least append 1 letter (other than 'o') to "col" and use
>> something like:
>
>> pro my_procedures, coln=coln, color=color
>
> This is diverging OT into more of a style thing, but why not bite the bullet and punch out
> the extra two characters for the sake of clarity:
>
    pro my procedures, column=column, color=color
>
> ?
> cheers,
> paulv
```

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by David Fanning on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 15:25:17 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Conor writes:

- > You would think that since the keyword I'm using exactly
- > matches an actual keyword, IDL could figure out that I'm referencing
- > that keyword, rather than using an abbreviation.

What algorithm would you use to do that? How could you do it unambiguously?
Cheers,
David
David Fanning, Ph.D. Fanning Software Consulting, Inc. Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by Foldy Lajos on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 15:43:20 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message
On Wed, 12 Sep 2007, David Fanning wrote:
 Conor writes: You would think that since the keyword I'm using exactly matches an actual keyword, IDL could figure out that I'm referencing that keyword, rather than using an abbreviation. What algorithm would you use to do that? How could you do it unambiguously? Cheers, David
FL does exactly this. The interpreter searches for an exact match first, and looks for abbreviations only if an exact match can not be found.
Eg. let's have a simple procedure:
pro INT, long=l32, long64=l64 end
Now INT can be called succesfully with keywords LONG, LONG6 or LONG64, only L, LO and LON will fail.

regards, lajos

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by Paul Van Delst[1] on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 16:20:44 GMT

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Conor wrote:

- > This bug always annoys me (well, I guess it's a feature, not a bug,
- > but that's how I see it). For instance, in a lot of my programs I
- > like to use the keyword /s for silent. Unfortunately, since it is a
- > one-letter keyword, once I've declared it I can't use anyother
- > keywords that start with the letter 's'. I find this to be highly
- > irritating. You would think that since the keyword I'm using exactly
- > matches an actual keyword, IDL could figure out that I'm referencing
- > that keyword, rather than using an abbreviation. Oh well. At least
- > when you get this error, you know exactly what the problem is.

Interesting. I use /q for quiet. Not many words in my field start with "q" (although I thought of about 5 whilst typing that sentence.... :o)

```
cheers.
paulv
> On Sep 12, 10:08 am, Paul van Delst <Paul.vanDe...@noaa.gov> wrote:
>> jkj wrote:
>>>> I was under the
>>> mistaken notion that these were like named variables, so as long as I had
>>>> unique names for each one I was good to go.
>>> pro my_procedures, col=col, color=color
>>> I'm thinking "column" when I use col=col and in parts of the code
>>> where "color" is not also a keyword "col" works just fine, but as soon
>>> as I have "col" as the beginning of another keyword IDL cannot tell
>>> the two apart (because IDL does not require you to use the entire
>>> keyword, only enough of it that it can be uniquely determined)... so I
>>> have to at least append 1 letter (other than 'o') to "col" and use
>>> something like:
>>> pro my_procedures, coln=coln, color=color
>> This is diverging OT into more of a style thing, but why not bite the bullet and punch out
>> the extra two characters for the sake of clarity:
>>
     pro my_procedures, column=column, color=color
>>
>>
>> ?
>>
>> cheers,
>>
>> paulv
```

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by Rick Towler on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 16:27:09 GMT

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Lajos, why aren't you working for ITT? Boulder is very nice.

```
Who am I kidding. Boulder is nice but it can't compete with Budapest.
:) Maybe you can telecommute?
-r
F�LDY Lajos wrote:
> On Wed, 12 Sep 2007, David Fanning wrote:
>
>> Conor writes:
>>> You would think that since the keyword I'm using exactly
>>> matches an actual keyword, IDL could figure out that I'm referencing
>>> that keyword, rather than using an abbreviation.
>>
>> What algorithm would you use to do that? How could
>> you do it unambiguously?
>>
>> Cheers,
>>
>> David
>>
> FL does exactly this. The interpreter searches for an exact match first,
  and looks for abbreviations only if an exact match can not be found.
>
  Eg. let's have a simple procedure:
>
> pro INT, long=132, long64=164
 end
>
  Now INT can be called successfully with keywords LONG, LONG6 or LONG64,
  only L, LO and LON will fail.
> regards,
> lajos
```

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by Foldy Lajos on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 17:15:38 GMT

On Wed, 12 Sep 2007, Rick Towler wrote:

```
    Lajos, why aren't you working for ITT? Boulder is very nice.
    Who am I kidding. Boulder is nice but it can't compete with Budapest. :)
    Maybe you can telecommute?
    -r
```

They have not approached me :-) And working on a hobby project is much more fun.

regards, lajos

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by jkj on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 18:20:25 GMT

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```
> This is diverging OT into more of a style thing, but why not bite the bullet and punch out > the extra two characters for the sake of clarity:
> pro my_procedures, column=column, color=color
> ?
> cheers,
> pauly
```

Actually, I do and did:-) but in the post it seemed clearer to stress that only one unique letter was required in order to satisfy IDL.

Also, I personally never abbreviate keywords and think it's poor practice to do so (what if an additional keyword gets added to a later version that matches some abbreviation I have grown accustomed to... uuugh!).

-Kevin

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error

Posted by R.G.Stockwell on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 21:24:43 GMT

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keyword abbreviations seem like a remnant of the old days of command line processing.

Does anyone still do that?

And using single letter keywords sounds like a sin against programming styles. It is in the same boat as calling your funtions f1, f2 and f3.

A unique descriptive name is always nice. :)

Cheers, bob

PS if i sound a little gruff, it is because I am going through some code with 8 character obsfucated funtion names, which redefines variables all over the place (m = n_elements then m = matrix size then m = counter in a loop argh!) and explicitly declares the size of arrays at the main level, AND deep within subroutines. Basically, it is unmodifiable.

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by David Fanning on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 21:35:22 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

R.G. Stockwell writes:

- > PS if i sound a little gruff, it is because I am going through
- > some code with 8 character obsfucated funtion names, which
- > redefines variables all over the place (m = n elements then
- > m = matrix size then m = counter in a loop argh!) and explicitly
- > declares the size of arrays at the main level, AND
- > deep within subroutines. Basically, it is unmodifiable.

We should have lunch. Are you still in Boulder? I could complain to you about how hard it is to get old and no longer be able to see a tennis ball clearly, and you could tell me all about this. :-)

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Subject: Re: Ambiguous keyword abbreviation error Posted by R.G.Stockwell on Wed, 12 Sep 2007 21:39:42 GMT

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"David Fanning" <david@dfanning.com> wrote in message news:MPG.215209833e83e7c2989cc9@news.frii.com...

> R.G. Stockwell writes:

>

- >> PS if i sound a little gruff, it is because I am going through
- >> some code with 8 character obsfucated funtion names, which
- >> redefines variables all over the place (m = n elements then
- >> m = matrix size then m = counter in a loop argh!) and explicitly
- >> declares the size of arrays at the main level, AND
- >> deep within subroutines. Basically, it is unmodifiable.

>

- > We should have lunch. Are you still in Boulder?
- > I could complain to you about how hard it is to get
- > old and no longer be able to see a tennis ball clearly,
- > and you could tell me all about this. :-)

Yes, I am still in Boulder. I am not sure if I want to risk catching this "getting old" disease you speak of :).

There is website that reports hilarious programming blunders at http://worsethanfailure.com/Default.aspx, it's pretty funny.

Cheers, bob

PS actually, I am afraid I already have "getting old" disease.