Subject: julday() and fractional days
Posted by MarioIncandenza on Wed, 31 Oct 2007 00:02:31 GMT
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OK, if you search c.l.i-p for this you'll find a post from Craig Markwardt wherein he laments that JULDAY "doesn't handle fractional days". Someone replies to say yes it does, but I think that person misunderstood.

IDL> print,julday(12,31,2005,0,0,0) 2453735.5 IDL> print,julday(12,31.2,2005,0,0,0) 2453735.5

I'm really unhappy with IDL right now.

Subject: Re: julday() and fractional days Posted by Conor on Thu, 01 Nov 2007 15:25:51 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Nov 1, 10:39 am, Craig Markwardt <craigm...@REMOVEcow.physics.wisc.edu> wrote: > Bob Crawford <Snowma...@gmail.com> writes: >> Perhaps I'm missing something but why would one expect a JULDAY >> function that is passing hour, minute and second data to also accept >> fractional days? >> I can understand that if you did: print,julday(12,31.2,2005) one might >> expect the fractional days to be handled, but not when the smaller >> time units are explicitedly present. >> What would the correct output of, say, >> print,julday(12,31.2,2005,6,0,0) be? > > I don't know, but because of IDL JULDAY()'s insane behavior, I can tell you that it would be different than. > > print, julday(12,31.2,2005) + 0.25> Craig > > Craig B. Markwardt, Ph.D. EMAIL: craigm...@REMOVEcow.physics.wisc.edu > Astrophysics, IDL, Finance, Derivatives | Remove "net" for better response

I suppose for the very flexible solution you would hope for julday to start with something like:

function julday,mon,day,year,hr,min,sec

```
min += (sec - floor(sec))/60.0
hr += (min - floor(min))/60.0
day += (hr - floor(hr))/24.0
year += (mon - floor(mon))/12.0
day += (year - floor(year))*365
```

then you can have the best of both worlds.

Subject: Re: julday() and fractional days
Posted by David Fanning on Thu, 01 Nov 2007 16:04:55 GMT
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Conor writes:

```
> I suppose for the very flexible solution you would hope for julday to
> start with something like:
> function julday,mon,day,year,hr,min,sec
> min += (sec - floor(sec))/60.0
> hr += (min - floor(min))/60.0
> day += (hr - floor(hr))/24.0
> year += (mon - floor(mon))/12.0
> day += (year - floor(year))*365
>
```

> then you can have the best of both worlds.

Geez, you could write a wrapper that even put the day and the month in the right place! :-)

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

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Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/