Subject: Re: Matrix rank

Posted by Vince Hradil on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 14:35:11 GMT

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On Dec 14, 8:16 am, Wox <nom...@hotmail.com> wrote:

> Hi IDLers,

>

- > Is there a routine available which calculates the rank of an (integer)
- > matrix? Couldn't find it in the help and I would be surprised if it's
- > not there. It's for knowing whether sets of linear equations have no
- > solution. 1 solution or an infinite number of solutions.

>

> Thanks.

IDL can do SVD, can you get the rank from that? Look up SVDC in the docs.

Subject: Re: Matrix rank

Posted by Wox on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 15:25:31 GMT

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On Fri, 14 Dec 2007 06:35:11 -0800 (PST), Vince Hradil hradilv@yahoo.com wrote:

> IDL can do SVD, can you get the rank from that? Look up SVDC in the > docs.

It doesn't return the rank. It returns three arrays. Not sure what they represent, but I'll check whether I can derive some conclusions from them.

Subject: Re: Matrix rank

Posted by d.poreh on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 15:41:01 GMT

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On Dec 14, 3:35 pm, Vince Hradil <hrad...@yahoo.com> wrote:

- > On Dec 14, 8:16 am, Wox <nom...@hotmail.com> wrote:
- >
- >> Hi IDLers,

>

- >> Is there a routine available which calculates the rank of an (integer)
- >> matrix? Couldn't find it in the help and I would be surprised if it's
- >> not there. It's for knowing whether sets of linear equations have no
- >> solution, 1 solution or an infinite number of solutions.

>

>> Thanks.

>

- > IDL can do SVD, can you get the rank from that? Look up SVDC in the
- > docs.

Hi

I had seen SVDC. But i did not understand which parameter belong to rank of a matrix. Could you please specify with an example? Thanks for any help in advance Cheers

Subject: Re: Matrix rank

Posted by Wox on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 15:42:36 GMT

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On Fri, 14 Dec 2007 06:35:11 -0800 (PST), Vince Hradil hradilv@yahoo.com wrote:

- > IDL can do SVD, can you get the rank from that? Look up SVDC in the > docs.
- I could do this, but maybe there's a better way?

; A: integers

; B: floats

A = [[0,0,1], \$

[0,0,0]]

B = [0.25, 0.5, 1]

; Decompose A

SVDC, A, W, U, V

; Solve A.X=B

X=SVSOL(U, W, V, B)

: Check

B2=A##X

ind=where(total(abs(A),1,/pres) ne 0)

if array_equal(B[ind],B2[ind]) then print,X

Subject: Re: Matrix rank

Posted by Wox on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 15:44:32 GMT

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On Fri, 14 Dec 2007 07:41:01 -0800 (PST), d.poreh@gmail.com wrote:

- > Hi
- > I had seen SVDC. But i did not understand which parameter belong to
- > rank of a matrix. Could you please specify with an example?
- > Thanks for any help in advance
- > Cheers

Seems like I have a twin brother somewhere...:-p

Subject: Re: Matrix rank

Posted by David Fanning on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 15:57:28 GMT

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Wox writes:

> Seems like I have a twin brother somewhere... :-p

That's why, even when I feel like I am the only one in the world who is struggling to understand something, I still post. If my e-mail is correct, it's not just a twin brother, but a whole family of fertility treatments gone very, very wrong.

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Covote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: Matrix rank

Posted by Vince Hradil on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 16:28:11 GMT

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On Dec 14, 9:42 am, Wox <nom...@hotmail.com> wrote:

- > On Fri, 14 Dec 2007 06:35:11 -0800 (PST), Vince Hradil
- >
- > <hrad...@yahoo.com> wrote:
- >> IDL can do SVD, can you get the rank from that? Look up SVDC in the
- >> docs.

>

```
> I could do this, but maybe there's a better way?
>
> ; A: integers
> ; B: floats
> A = [[0,0,1], $]
     [0,1,0],$
     [0,0,0]
> B = [0.25, 0.5, 1]
> ; Decompose A
> SVDC, A, W, U, V
> : Solve A.X=B
> X=SVSOL(U, W, V, B)
>
> ; Check
> B2=A##X
> ind=where(total(abs(A),1,/pres) ne 0)
> if array_equal(B[ind],B2[ind]) then print,X
Well, w contains the singular values, the number of these that are non-
zero will be the rank:
idx = where(w ne 0, rank)
print, rank
 2
Does anyone else read the Help??????
Subject: Re: Matrix rank
Posted by David Fanning on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 16:35:54 GMT
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Vince Hradil writes:
> Does anyone else read the Help??????
Takes to long to boot up. :-(
Cheers,
David
David Fanning, Ph.D.
```

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: Matrix rank

Posted by Vince Hradil on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 17:17:21 GMT

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On Dec 14, 10:35 am, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote:

> Vince Hradil writes:

> Does anyone else read the Help??????

> Takes to long to boot up. :-(

> Cheers,

> David

> -
> David Fanning, Ph.D.

> Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

> Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming:http://www.dfanning.com/

> Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Ha. Ha. Actually I used the IDL6.4 Help;^)

Subject: Re: Matrix rank

Posted by d.poreh on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 17:19:05 GMT

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On Dec 14, 6:17 pm, Vince Hradil hrad...@yahoo.com wrote:

> On Dec 14, 10:35 am, David Fanning n...@dfanning.com wrote:

> Vince Hradil writes:

>> Does anyone else read the Help??????

> Takes to long to boot up. :-(

> Cheers,

> David

>> -
>> David Fanning, Ph.D.

>> Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

>> Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming:http://www.dfanning.com/

>> Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

> Ha. Ha. Actually I used the IDL6.4 Help;^)

yes i 100% agree with you!!!!

Subject: Re: Matrix rank

Posted by d.poreh on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 17:26:55 GMT

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```
On Dec 14, 5:28 pm, Vince Hradil <a href="mailto:rad...@yahoo.com">hradil <a href="mailto:rad...@yahoo.com">rad...@yahoo.com</a>> wrote:
> On Dec 14, 9:42 am, Wox <nom...@hotmail.com> wrote:
>
>
>
>
>> On Fri, 14 Dec 2007 06:35:11 -0800 (PST), Vince Hradil
>
>> <hrad...@yahoo.com> wrote:
>>> IDL can do SVD, can you get the rank from that? Look up SVDC in the
>>> docs.
>> I could do this, but maybe there's a better way?
>
>> ; A: integers
>> ; B: floats
>> A = [[0,0,1], $]
           [0,1,0],$
           [0,0,0]
>>
>> B = [0.25, 0.5, 1]
>> ; Decompose A
>> SVDC, A, W, U, V
>> ; Solve A.X=B
>> X=SVSOL(U, W, V, B)
>> ; Check
>> B2=A##X
>> ind=where(total(abs(A),1,/pres) ne 0)
>> if array_equal(B[ind],B2[ind]) then print,X
>
> Well, w contains the singular values, the number of these that are non-
> zero will be the rank:
> idx = where(w ne 0, rank)
> print, rank
      2
>
>
> Does anyone else read the Help?????- Hide quoted text -
> - Show quoted text -
```

Huuum!!! what about NORM?

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```
On Dec 14, 11:26 am, d.po...@gmail.com wrote:
> On Dec 14, 5:28 pm, Vince Hradil <hrad...@yahoo.com> wrote:
>
>
>> On Dec 14, 9:42 am, Wox <nom...@hotmail.com> wrote:
>>> On Fri, 14 Dec 2007 06:35:11 -0800 (PST), Vince Hradil
>
>>> <hrad...@yahoo.com> wrote:
>>>> IDL can do SVD, can you get the rank from that? Look up SVDC in the
>>>> docs.
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>> Well, w contains the singular values, the number of these that are non-
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>> idx = where(w ne 0, rank)
>> print, rank
     2
>>
>
>> Does anyone else read the Help?????- Hide quoted text -
>> - Show quoted text -
> Huuum!!! what about NORM?
```

Well...

2-norm would be the maximum Singular Value: max(w) trace norm would be the sum of the SVs: total(w) Frobenius norm would be the sqrt of the sum of the squares of the SVs: sqrt(total(w*w))

I think... see: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Singular_value_decomposition

Subject: Re: Matrix rank
Posted by Steve Eddins on Fri, 14 Dec 2007 18:06:28 GMT
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```
Vince Hradil wrote:
> On Dec 14, 9:42 am, Wox <nom...@hotmail.com> wrote:
>> On Fri, 14 Dec 2007 06:35:11 -0800 (PST), Vince Hradil
>>
>> <hrad...@yahoo.com> wrote:
>>> IDL can do SVD, can you get the rank from that? Look up SVDC in the
>>> docs.
>> I could do this, but maybe there's a better way?
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      [0,0,0]
>>
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>> ; Decompose A
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>> X=SVSOL(U, W, V, B)
>>
>> : Check
>> B2=A##X
>> ind=where(total(abs(A),1,/pres) ne 0)
>>
>> if array_equal(B[ind],B2[ind]) then print,X
>
> Well, w contains the singular values, the number of these that are non-
> zero will be the rank:
> idx = where(w ne 0, rank)
> print, rank
    2
```

Since this is all in floating-point, it's appropriate to use a tolerance instead of comparing exactly with 0. See, for example, the algorithm used in the MATLAB rank function, which uses a tolerance based on the

size of the matrix and the maximum singular value. It's described here:

http://www.mathworks.com/access/helpdesk/help/techdoc/ref/ra nk.html

I assume this is straightforward to express in IDL.

Steve Eddins http://blogs.mathworks.com/steve/