
Subject: Numbers from nowhere?

Posted by [Conor](#) on Fri, 15 Feb 2008 15:08:24 GMT

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I'm just curious:

```
print,3.3,format='(f30.28)'
3.2999999523162841796875000000
```

Obviously float is only good to ~6 decimal places, but IDL will still print out additional digits. It seems that it does reach a point where IDL will only print out zeroes. I'm just curious - where do these extra digits come from? Does it come from rounding errors converting binary to decimal? Or does it come from some other nefarious location?

Subject: Re: Numbers from nowhere?

Posted by [Norbert Hahn](#) on Thu, 21 Feb 2008 16:29:03 GMT

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Sven Utcke <utcke+news@informatik.uni-hamburg.de> wrote:

> David Fanning <news@dfanning.com> writes:

>

>> elwood writes:

>>

>>> But my question is more pointed: if you assign x=3.3 and you know

>>> apriori that the floating point data type will not have enough bits

>>> to store this number precisely, why does "print" show this number

>>> as 3.3?

>>

>> I presume it is because whatever number *is* stored, when rounded to

>> the 7-8 significant figures a float can accurately represent, comes

>> out to 3.300000.

>

> What number _is_ stored, actually? Assuming we are talking ieee, we

> have one bit for the sign, 8 for the exponent, and 23 for the

> mantissa. So what is 3.3?

>

> 3 = 11 = 1.1 * 2^1

> 0.3 = 0.01001100110011001100110011001100110011001100...

Note that the above pattern repeats forever and *must* be truncated in the real world (of computers) as much as 1/3 is not 0.3333 in decimal.

[snip]

>
> S | Exp + 127 | Mantissa without leading 1
> 0 | 1000000 | 1010011 00110011 00110011
>
> which, if we recombine it, turns out to be 3.2999999523162841796875

... because we only store 24 binary mantissa digits. The formatting routine in IDL most likely works with double precision and hence appends binary zeroes rather than continuing to repeat the pattern 0011. This results in a decimal number being slightly less than 3.30000000.

The problem arises from the conversion between binary to decimal numbers. It is not a problem of IDL but a problem of working with numbers of finite length.

Sven, thanks for you elaboration!

Norbert

Subject: Re: NUMBERS

Posted by [Ingo von Borstel](#) on Wed, 09 Jul 2008 12:33:48 GMT

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Hi,

> how i can fix it?(i used long-float and ULL but it is not work)
> Any HELP????

Either you use long, float or double. The first is an integer number, the latter floating point numbers. In IDL there's no such thing as long float, though you can convert one type into the other - which might then explain your results.

In order to help you, you should describe *exactly* what you have done (e.g. post the necessary code).

Regards,
Ingo

PS: it doesn't help either to post the same problem 3 times...

--

Ingo von Borstel <newsgroups@planetmaker.de>

Public Key: <http://www.planetmaker.de/ingo.asc>

If you need an urgent reply, replace newsgroups by vgap.

Subject: Re: NUMBERS

Posted by [d.poreh](#) on Thu, 10 Jul 2008 05:02:07 GMT

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On 9 Jul., 05:33, Ingo von Borstel <newsgro...@planetmaker.de> wrote:

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>

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>

> --

> Ingo von Borstel <newsgro...@planetmaker.de>

> Public Key:<http://www.planetmaker.de/ingo.asc>

>

> If you need an urgent reply, replace newsgroups by vgap.

i am so sorry. i don't know what happend yeasterday but i posted one time and didn't see that and thought i made a mistake and post again.

sooo sorry

Cheers
