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Subject: Minimum/Maximum over a certain dimension

Posted by [smd](#) on Thu, 20 Apr 1995 07:00:00 GMT

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Hi,

I use IDL v3.6.1a on a PC. I would like to find out if there is a vectorized (fast) way of computing the minimum/maximum of an array along a given dimension.

To explain, if A is a bytarr of size (2,30,40) and I wish to compute the minimum along the first dimension, the result should be a bytarr of size (30,40) in which each element is the pointwise minimum of A(0,\*,\*) and A(1,\*,\*).

Such a feature is available for the TOTAL() function, but is not available for MIN() or MAX(). Does anyone know how to do this operation without using a FOR loop that goes over all the elements. In the above example, the FOR loop would have to extend over  $30 \times 40 = 1200$  elements. I have to deal with images that are of size 720 x 480 and this takes enough computation time.

Thanks

Sandeep Dalal

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Philips Laboratories  
345, Scarborough Road,  
Briarcliff Manor, NY 10510

Email: [smd@philabs.philips.com](mailto:smd@philabs.philips.com)  
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Subject: Re:Minimum/Maximum over a certain dimension

Posted by [dudley](#) on Tue, 25 Apr 1995 07:00:00 GMT

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[smd@philabs.philips.com](mailto:smd@philabs.philips.com) writes:

> To explain, if A is a bytarr of size (2,30,40) and I wish  
> to compute the minimum along the first dimension, the result  
> should be a bytarr of size (30,40) in which each element is  
> the pointwise minimum of A(0,\*,\*) and A(1,\*,\*).

The above can be done by:

$c=A(0,*,*)<A(1,*,*)$

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John Wesley Dudley II, Ph.D.     dudley@shell.com

Sr. Research Physicist     !{uupsi}!shell!dudley

Shell Exploration & Production Co. (713)245-7927

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