
Subject: Memory de-allocation and "restore"

Posted by [rutledge](#) on Wed, 10 May 1995 07:00:00 GMT

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I apologize to those who are boring of this subject, but I have not received any answers at all, and I cannot believe that the difficulty I am having MUST exist -- there must be SOME way around it.

I save a variable "specdata" (a common variable) using a "save" command. "specdata" contains, at different times, different information, but all of the same structure, to various files.

I ran the following test:

```
for i=0L, n_ffiles-1 do begin  ; CYCLE THROUGH THE FILES
    specdata = 0
    restore, filename=ffiles(i), /verbose
endfor
```

which cycles through files and restores to the variable "specdata". On the first iteration, the loop takes about 10 seconds, and no time is spent at the "specdata=0" line. On the second iteration, approximately 2minutes are required by the "specdata=0" line, and >10 minutes are required on that "restore". The second "restore" is half the memory size of the first "restore", so it is not a problem of the memory requirements.

Is this REALLY the way IDL is? Is there REALLY no way to improve this (either for me to improve this, or RSI to improve this). If this cannot be improved, I cannot use IDL in the future, because it is simply not fast enough on silly 'ol I/O.

Bob

Subject: Re: Memory de-allocation and "restore"

Posted by [soc](#) on Fri, 12 May 1995 07:00:00 GMT

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Bob Rutledge (rutledge@zvezda.mit.edu) wrote:

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: Bob

Hi, well when I tried to do something very similar I find no delay at
all. I just tried saving the data 5 times in a row with a loop, then
read it back five times in row nd it was instantaneous. The structure
was quite large too.

I'd say the problem lies elsewhere. I run on a DEC Alpha running Open
VMS 1.5-1, and idl 3.6.

Rob

Subject: Re: Memory de-allocation and "restore"
Posted by [thompson](#) on Tue, 16 May 1995 07:00:00 GMT
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rutledge@zvezda.mit.edu (Bob Rutledge) writes:

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> Bob

I think that the reason why you didn't get any response is because such behavior is not normal. Please give more information about your configuration: What platform? What operating system? How much RAM memory do you have? How large are the files you're trying to restore? If applicable, what quotas are you allowed? How loaded down is your system with other processes and other users?

It sounds like you're having a problem with memory fragmentation. This can happen if the amount of data you're trying to read in is significant compared to your total available memory (e.g. 30%). It's just like disk fragmentation. The problem could be especially acute if your RAM memory is small and you're mainly using virtual memory on disk. If your operating system is Microsoft Windows, I've heard (but can't say for certain) that it is especially prone to memory fragmentation problems.

Bill Thompson
