
Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names
Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Mon, 25 May 2009 15:01:58 GMT
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sophie.hoss@gmail.com writes:

> probably a simple syntax question:
>
> i need to read multiple ascii files (all in one folder), with
> different names.
> e.g.
> ci0201.004
> ci0202.004
> ...
> do0201.004
>
> i want to read all of them that start with "ci", store them in one
> file, then read all of them that start with "do", store them and so
> on. (in order to extract data from them later on)
>
> I used to read in files with readf in older programmes, like
>
> openr, lun, 'filepath/*.dat', /GET_LUN
> header = strarr(3)
> READF, lun, header
>
> but there it wasnt necessary to "group" them, means to read only the
> ones starting with some specific letters...
>
>
>
> the other idea I had is simply to include an IF statement somewhere to
> exclude all files that DON'T start with the specific letter.
> But I'm SURE there's a more elegant solution to this.. I just don't
> know it :)

You are looking for FILE_SEARCH.

```
CD, mydatadir
ci_files = FILE_SEARCH('ci*', COUNT=num_ci_files_found)
do_files = FILE_SEARCH('do*', COUNT=num_do_files_found)
```

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names
Posted by [Jean H.](#) on Mon, 25 May 2009 15:04:32 GMT
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sophie.hoss@gmail.com wrote:

> hey guys
>
> probably a simple syntax question:
>
> i need to read multiple ascii files (all in one folder), with
> different names.
> e.g.
> ci0201.004
> ci0202.004
> ...
> do0201.004
>
> i want to read all of them that start with "ci", store them in one
> file, then read all of them that start with "do", store them and so
> on. (in order to extract data from them later on)

one way is to use file_search

```
print, file_search('ci*.004')
```

you can save the result to a new file.

Jean

>
> I used to read in files with readf in older programmes, like
>
> openr, lun, 'filepath/*.dat', /GET_LUN
> header = strarr(3)
> READF, lun, header
>
> but there it wasnt necessary to "group" them, means to read only the
> ones starting with some specific letters...
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>
> the other idea I had is simply to include an IF statement somewhere to
> exclude all files that DON'T start with the specific letter.

> But I'm SURE there's a more elegant solution to this.. I just don't
> know it :)
>
> thanks for your help
> sophie

Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names
Posted by [sophie.hoss](#) on Thu, 28 May 2009 14:44:05 GMT
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yup, thanks.. i deleted the post like 10min after i wrote it, cause i found the solution myself. you guys were obviously quicker.

however, the next problem came right along..

i'm trying to read in a fair big amount of radiation ascii-files (12 columns, roughly 5000 rows each file), which have as i wrote in my last, deleted post, all different names. I guess the name problem is solved.

below you find the code i'm using. and i cannot find out why it gives me the error "READF: End of file encountered" (comes up in the line marked with ****). i'm very aware that this is a common error and i went over and over it again. with moderate success...

here's part of the code:

```
CD, 'filepath'
ci_files = FILE_SEARCH('ci*', COUNT=num_ci_files_found)

for i = 0,(num_ci_files_found-1) do begin

  file = ci_files(i)

  ; Get number of rows in file
  rows = File_Lines(file)

  ; Open file, read header
  OpenR, lun, file, /Get_Lun
  header = StrArr(34)
  ReadF, lun, header
  Point_Lun, -lun, currentLocation

  ; Read the first line and get number of columns
  line = ""
  ReadF, lun, line
  cols = N_Elements(StrSplit(line, /RegEx, /Extract))
```

```

; variable to hold the data
data = strarr(cols, (rows(i)-N_Elements(header)))

rows_data = rows - n_elements(header)
stop
s=strarr(cols)
n=0
while (~ eof(file) and (n lt rows_data -1 )) do begin
; Read a line of data
readf,lun,s
; Store it in data
data[*,n]=s
n=n+1      (*****)
end
data=data[*,0:n-1]

```

I did the while-loop because I learned that IDL might not read every line separately. Don't know if it's the most elegant version but at least it is one.

for the sake of my sanity, any help is appreciated!

cheers,
sophie

Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names
 Posted by [Jean H.](#) on Thu, 28 May 2009 15:25:56 GMT
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sophie.hoss@gmail.com wrote:

```

> s=strarr(cols)
> n=0
> while (~ eof(file) and (n lt rows_data -1 )) do begin
> ; Read a line of data
> readf,lun,s
> ; Store it in data
> data[*,n]=s
> n=n+1      (*****)
> end
> data=data[*,0:n-1]
>
>
> I did the while-loop because I learned that IDL might not read every
> line separately. Don't know if it's the most elegant version but at
> least it is one.

```

>
> for the sake of my sanity, any help is appreciated!
> cheers,
> sophie

Sophie,
when reading strings, the whole line is read. So when you read in S, you
are reading nb_cols LINES.. s[0] = line0, s[1] = line1 etc. You would
have to read the whole line then separate the columns.

You can do it in one step

```
data = strarr(nbLines)
readf,lun,data
```

Jean

Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names
Posted by [sophie.hoss](#) on Fri, 29 May 2009 12:51:50 GMT
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On 28 Mai, 17:25, "Jean H." <jghas...@DELTHIS.ucalgary.ANDTHIS.ca>
wrote:

> sophie.h...@gmail.com wrote:

```
>> s=strarr(cols)
>> n=0
>> while (~ eof(file) and (n lt rows_data -1 )) do begin
>>     ; Read a line of data
>>     readf,lun,s
>>     ; Store it in data
>>     data[*,n]=s
>>     n=n+1      (*****)
>> end
>> data=data[*,0:n-1]
```

>
>> I did the while-loop because I learned that IDL might not read every
>> line separately. Don't know if it's the most elegant version but at
>> least it is one.

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> Sophie,
> when reading strings, the whole line is read. So when you read in S, you
> are reading nb_cols LINES.. s[0] = line0, s[1] = line1 etc. You would
> have to read the whole line then separate the columns.

```
>
> You can do it in one step
>
> data = strarr(nbLines)
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>
> Jean- Zitierten Text ausblenden -
>
> - Zitierten Text anzeigen -
```

Jean, thanks for that, but I'm still stuck with the same problem no matter how I do it. I cut the code short to

```
CD, 'filepath'
ci_files = FILE_SEARCH('ci*', COUNT=num_ci_files_found)

for i = 0,(num_ci_files_found-1) do begin

    file = ci_files(i)
    rows = File_Lines(file)
    OpenR, lun, file, /Get_Lun
    header = StrArr(34)
    ReadF, lun, header
    Point_Lun, -lun, currentLocation
    data = strarr(12, rows-(n_elements(header))) ; i know there's 12
columns
    readF, lun, data
```

; from here on I want to extract one column only and save this column (radiation data from one station for one month) in a file where I later add values from all other stations for this specific month, then take the average from all stations over the whole month)

--> READF: End of file encountered.

Do I need to include a format statement? I read some posts saying it is sometimes (in easy cases) better to forget about any format statements...

thanks for your input...
sophie, going crazy

Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names
Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Fri, 29 May 2009 13:15:30 GMT
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sophie.hoss@gmail.com writes:

```
> Jean, thanks for that, but I'm still stuck with the same problem no
> matter how I do it. I cut the code short to
>
> CD, 'filepath'
> ci_files = FILE_SEARCH('ci*', COUNT=3Dnum_ci_files_found)
>
> for i = 0,(num_ci_files_found-1) do begin
>
>   file = ci_files(i)
>   rows = File_Lines(file)
>   OpenR, lun, file, /Get_Lun
>   header = StrArr(34)
>   ReadF, lun, header
>   Point_Lun, -lun, currentLocation
>   data = strarr(12, rows-(n_elements(header))); i know there's 12 cols
>   readF, lun, data
>
>           ; from here on I want to extract one column only and
> save this column (radiation data from one station for one month) in a
> file where I later add values from all other stations for this
> specific month, then take the average from all stations over the whole
> month)
>
> --> READF: End of file encountered.
```

What this means is that you are trying to read data past the end of the file. In other words, you are trying to read more data than is actually in the file. In practical terms, it is likely the number of rows is wrong, as you seem sure about the number of columns.

Programs that count the number of rows in a file, such as `FILE_LINES`, actually just counts the number of "end of line" characters found in the file. This is an inexact science. Your data file may not have an end-of-line character on the last line of the file. In which case, `FILE_LINES` will report one less line than you actually have in the file (not your problem here). Or, there may be extra, blank lines, in the file (usually at the end of the file). Then, `FILE_LINES` would report *more* lines than there are lines with actual data on them. In which case you would try to read more data that exists and you would get this error. This seems the most likely explanation to me. :-)

It may be you have to do some "conditioning" of your data files before you try to read them.

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names

Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Fri, 29 May 2009 13:22:18 GMT

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David Fanning writes:

> It may be you have to do some "conditioning" of your data files before
> you try to read them.

A simple test would be to read all the lines in your file
as a string array, and then see if any of the strings were
blank:

```
file = 'datafile.dat'  
rows = File_Lines(file)  
data = StrArr(rows)  
OpenR, lun, file, /Get_Lun  
ReadF, lun, data  
Free_lun, lun  
I = Where( data EQ "", count)  
IF count GT 0 THEN Print, "I got trouble!!"
```

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names

Posted by [Jean H.](#) on Fri, 29 May 2009 14:01:19 GMT

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sophie.hoss@gmail.com wrote:

```

> On 28 Mai, 17:25, "Jean H." <jghas...@DELTHIS.ucalgary.ANDTHIS.ca>
> wrote:
>> sophie.h...@gmail.com wrote:
>>>         s=strarr(cols)
>>>         n=0
>>>         while (~ eof(file) and (n lt rows_data -1 )) do begin
>>>             ; Read a line of data
>>>             readf,lun,s
>>>             ; Store it in data
>>>             data[* ,n]=s
>>>             n=n+1      (*****)
>>>         end
>>>         data=data[* ,0:n-1]
>>> I did the while-loop because I learned that IDL might not read every
>>> line separately. Don't know if it's the most elegant version but at
>>> least it is one.
>>> for the sake of my sanity, any help is appreciated!
>>> cheers,
>>> sophie
>> Sophie,
>> when reading strings, the whole line is read. So when you read in S, you
>> are reading nb_cols LINES.. s[0] = line0, s[1] = line1 etc. You would
>> have to read the whole line then separate the columns.
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> Jean, thanks for that, but I'm still stuck with the same problem no
> matter how I do it. I cut the code short to
>
> CD, 'filepath'
> ci_files = FILE_SEARCH('ci*', COUNT=num_ci_files_found)
>
> for i = 0,(num_ci_files_found-1) do begin
>
>     file = ci_files(i)
>     rows = File_Lines(file)
>     OpenR, lun, file, /Get_Lun
>     header = StrArr(34)
>     ReadF, lun, header
>     Point_Lun, -lun, currentLocation
>     data = strarr(12, rows-(n_elements(header))) ; i know there's 12

```

> columns
> readF, lun, data
>
> ; from here on I want to extract one column only and
> save this column (radiation data from one station for one month) in a
> file where I later add values from all other stations for this
> specific month, then take the average from all stations over the whole
> month)
>
> --> READF: End of file encountered.
>
> Do I need to include a format statement? I read some posts saying it
> is sometimes (in easy cases) better to forget about any format
> statements...
>
> thanks for your input...
> sophie, going crazy

Sophie,

you are still reading a text line, so without the format, the whole line
is stored where you believe one column value would be stored. In other
words, you are reading 12 * nb_lines LINES, which is obviously too much.

So, if possible, you would have to play with the formats...

For example, reading a simple file that contains:

a b c
d e f

can be read as:

```
data = strarr(3,2)
readf,lun,data, format = '(3A2)' ;3 times a text (A) of length 2 (the space)
```

but if you do

```
readf,lun,data
```

then you get the same error as you are know. And if you print data[0,0],
you get "a b c"

Jean

Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names
Posted by [sophie.hoss](#) on Fri, 29 May 2009 15:54:50 GMT
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On 29 Mai, 15:22, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote:
> David Fanning writes:

>> It may be you have to do some "conditioning" of your data files before
>> you try to read them.

>

> A simple test would be to read all the lines in your file
> as a string array, and then see if any of the strings were
> blank:

>

```
> file = 'datafile.dat'
> rows = File_Lines(file)
> data = StrArr(rows)
> OpenR, lun, file, /Get_Lun
> ReadF, lun, data
> Free_lun, lun
> I = Where( data EQ "", count)
> IF count GT 0 THEN Print, "I got trouble!!"
```

>

> Cheers,

>

> David

>

> --

> David Fanning, Ph.D.
> Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
> Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming:<http://www.dfanning.com/>
> Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

David, that was also my first guess, so i took a look at the .dat-file
(opened it in an editor) and it seems to me as if the last line was
indeed empty (cursor can be placed into the last line which is empty).
then I did the conditioning, but it says there is no "empty" lines
(count = 0).

however, i think i made it work now - at least that's what my tired
brain thinks.

I'll take a closer look into this after the weekend.

bye everybody

Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names
Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Fri, 29 May 2009 16:39:38 GMT
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sophie.hoss@gmail.com writes:

> David, that was also my first guess, so i took a look at the .dat-file
> (opened it in an editor) and it seems to me as if the last line was
> indeed empty (cursor can be placed into the last line which is empty).
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> (count = 3D 0).

> however, i think i made it work now - at least that's what my tired
> brain thinks.
> I'll take a closer look into this after the weekend.
> bye everybody

Even more pernicious, sometimes those empty lines will have space characters on them. Aaauuuggghhh! Try doing a string compress on the string array before checking for empty strings.

```
file = 'datafile.dat'  
rows = File_Lines(file)  
data = StrArr(rows  OpenR, lun, file, /Get_Lun  
ReadF, lun, data  
Free_lun, lun  
data = StrCompress(data, /REMOVE_ALL)  
I = Where( data EQ "", count)  
IF count GT 0 THEN Print, "I got trouble!!"
```

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: read multiple files with varying names
Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Fri, 29 May 2009 16:45:58 GMT
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David Fanning writes:

> Even more pernicious, sometimes those empty lines will have
> space characters on them. Aaauuuggghhh!

By the way, it is **extremely** important that you not work with these kinds of data files if you have firearms nearby. Homicidal rage directed at the creator of such data files is the rule, rather than the exception. :-(

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>
Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")
