Subject: Re: Plot multiple axes with log and linear scales Posted by David Fanning on Wed, 29 Jul 2009 15:59:32 GMT

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Conor writes:

- > I need to make a plot with multiple x-axes. I've done this before
- > without any trouble when both axes had a linear scale, and so I would
- > use the axis command to create the second plot, and just set the
- > xrange keyword to be whatever I needed it to be. Now however things
- > are more complicated, because one axis is a linear scale, and the
- > other axis is sorta kinda logarithmic scale.

Here is how you add a second, logarithmic axis:

http://www.dfanning.com/tips/another_yaxis.html

- > There is a one-to-one
- > relationship between the axes, but the relationship is not in the
- > least bit simple. Basically, I need a way to tell IDL, for these
- > values on the first x-axis, plot these values for the second x-axis.
- > Anyone know how to do this?

I don't have the foggiest idea of what this means. Sorry. :-(

Cheers.

David

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David Fanning, Ph.D.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming (www.dfanning.com)

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: Plot multiple axes with log and linear scales Posted by JDS on Thu, 30 Jul 2009 16:21:14 GMT

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On Jul 29, 11:59 am, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote:

- > Conor writes:
- >> I need to make a plot with multiple x-axes. I've done this before
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>

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- >> Anyone know how to do this?

>

> I don't have the foggiest idea of what this means. Sorry. :-(

I think this means there is a nonlinear relationship between the first axis values, and the second axis. Classic example: redshift, and lookback time: related, but not (at all!) linearly. The way you do this is to create another axis with the same range as the first, but give it an [XYZ]TICKFORMAT function which does the nonlinear conversion for you, ala:

```
IDL> plot,indgen(10),YRANGE=[1,12],YTITLE='first linear axis',YSTYLE=9,POSITION=[.1,.1,.9,.9],CHARSIZE=2 IDL> axis,YSTYLE=1,YAXIS=1,YTICKFORMAT='conv_axis',CHARSIZE=2,YTI TLE='second non-linear axis'
```

where 'conv_axis' is the name of the function which does the conversion (e.g.):

```
function conv_axis,axis,index,value return,string(FORMAT='(F0.1)',value^1.5*exp(-value^2/100)) end
```

You'll notice (as in this case), you don't even need to maintain bijection (this is just a made up conversion function). If instead of matching the first axis' tick locations and ending up with random non-round values, you can use YTICKV and YTICKS to pass those value which *before non-linear conversion* work out to the correct converted (usually round) numbers. This of course requires you to invert the conversion equation, which sometimes you can do by hand, but sometimes you'll have to do numerically (FX_ROOT is your friend here).

JD

Subject: Re: Plot multiple axes with log and linear scales Posted by Conor on Mon, 10 Aug 2009 13:29:11 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Jul 30, 12:21 pm, JDS <jdtsmith.nos...@yahoo.com> wrote:

```
On Jul 29, 11:59 am, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote:
>
>
>> Conor writes:
>>> I need to make a plot with multiple x-axes. I've done this before
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> axis',YSTYLE=9,POSITION=[.1,.1,.9,.9],CHARSIZE=2
> IDL>
> axis,YSTYLE=1,YAXIS=1,YTICKFORMAT='conv_axis',CHARSIZE=2,YTI TLE='second
> non-linear axis'
> where 'conv axis' is the name of the function which does the
 conversion (e.g.):
> function conv axis,axis,index,value
   return, string(FORMAT='(F0.1)', value^1.5*exp(-value^2/100))
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```

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- > (usually round) numbers. This of course requires you to invert the
- > conversion equation, which sometimes you can do by hand, but sometimes
- > you'll have to do numerically (FX_ROOT is your friend here).

>

> JD

Perfect, thanks! In fact redshift-age was exactly what I was doing:)