
Subject: Re: Help, no improvement in FFT speed on a multiprocessor system
Posted by [Kenneth P. Bowman](#) on Mon, 07 Sep 2009 13:40:36 GMT
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In article <4aa34391\$1@darkstar>, "Marco" <null@null.net> wrote:

> I'm running IDL 7.1 on a Linux 2.6. This is an HP quad processor with each
> processors having 6 cores for 24 cores total.
>
> Doing large 2-D FFTs (>8Kx8K) I get no benefit from the extra processors.
> I can vary the number used in IDL from 24 down to 1, and see that the
> number actually of processors actually showing a load is the correct number,
> but from 4 to 24 threads, the speed is the same and no faster than Matlab,
> which uses only a single processor out of the 24.
>
> I've tried varied IDL_CPU_TPOOL_NTHREADS and IDL_CPU_TPOOL_MIN_ELTS, but
> have not been able to improve the results.
>
> Any suggestions?
>
> Thanks in advance,

Do your array dimensions have small prime factors (2, 3, 4, or 5)?

Ken Bowman

Subject: Re: Help, no improvement in FFT speed on a multiprocessor system
Posted by [Marco](#) on Mon, 07 Sep 2009 19:58:27 GMT
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The arrays are Nx8192 on a side with N a power of 2.

I increased N until the speed dropped of a cliff. Presumably cache/memory thrashing.

"Kenneth P. Bowman" <k-bowman@null.edu> wrote in message
news:k-bowman-5D1FE7.08403607092009@news.tamu.edu...

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Subject: Re: Help, no improvement in FFT speed on a multiprocessor system
Posted by [Kenneth P. Bowman](#) on Mon, 07 Sep 2009 21:30:36 GMT
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In article <4aa56605\$1@darkstar>, "Marco" <null@null.net> wrote:

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>>> processors.

I don't know how the Intel cache architecture works, but on some processors (e.g., IBM Power), a cache miss causes a whole cache line to be loaded from memory. If you are working on large arrays and taking large strides through memory, every memory access can cause a cache miss. This has the effect of completely destroying the advantages of having a cache. Arrays dimensioned by powers of two can be the worst cases.

I don't know an easy solution. You could do N 1-D FFTs of size 8192, transpose the output, and then do 8192 1-D FFTs of size N . That is, "manually" make a 2-D FFT by looping over the second dimension. It might possibly be faster than doing a 2-D FFT with miserable cache performance.

Ken Bowman
