## Subject: Re: Multiple plots in one figure Posted by David Fanning on Mon, 12 Oct 2009 04:01:56 GMT

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## Nicki writes:

```
> I just recently started to use IDL. I'm now having the following
> problem... i need to get one figure with multiple plots in it. I
> already know how to do this, but just in a really complicated way...
>
  say, i have the following equation: y=mx+a
>
> and for m=1 my a is 1
>
> and for m=10 my a is 2
> and let's get a third plot, let's say for m=5 and and for that case
> the a is equal to 4
> or something like that... and now i want to have one figure with the 3
> plots in it...
  so far i have done it like this:
> m1=1
> a1=1
> m2=10
> a2=2
> blaaa and then y1=m1*x+a1 and so on and then plot, overplot etc..... I
> know this is faar too complicated and there should be something far
 simpler starting with
>
> m=[1,5,10]
 a=[1,4,2] or so...
>
> i tried to read it up but i don't get it... something with 'if... do
> begin... else...' isn't it?!:) You see i have no idea...
  Can somebody help me out??
You are doing it the right way. At least, I *think* you are. :-)
Cheers,
```

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: Multiple plots in one figure
Posted by Nicki on Mon, 12 Oct 2009 10:55:37 GMT
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Seriously, i am so lost, since i do not even know what keywords I have to look up in order find a solution for this problem... I mean the multiple plots in one figure are not the problem, the problem is to find the EASIEST way to solve this...(however i don't really know HOW to do the multiple plotting for this case, either) if i start saying (note that a[0] should belong to m[0] and a[1] to b [1] and so on, so that I end up with 3(!!) plots)

x=findgen(10) m=[1,5,10] a=[1,4,2] y=m[i]\*x+a[i]

if i eq 0 then plot,x,y else oplot,x,y

whaaaa, i don't know it... this does not work...

Please, if you cannot give me the answer, can you maybe at least give me some keywords that i can look up...

Subject: Re: Multiple plots in one figure Posted by Wout De Nolf on Mon, 12 Oct 2009 11:53:08 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Mon, 12 Oct 2009 03:55:37 -0700 (PDT), Nicki <nickireiter87@yahoo.de> wrote:

> x=findgen(10) > m=[1,5,10] > a=[1,4,2]

```
> y=m[i]*x+a[i]
> if i eq 0 then plot,x,y
> else oplot,x,y
> 
> whaaaa, i don't know it... this does not work...
```

You are looping over i right? So how is it not working? What do you see?

Subject: Re: Multiple plots in one figure
Posted by David Fanning on Mon, 12 Oct 2009 12:43:35 GMT
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## Nicki writes:

```
> Seriously, i am so lost, since i do not even know what keywords I have
> to look up in order find a solution for this problem... I mean the
> multiple plots in one figure are not the problem, the problem is to
> find the EASIEST way to solve this...(however i don't really know HOW
> to do the multiple plotting for this case, either)
> if i start saying (note that a[0] should belong to m[0] and a[1] to b
> [1] and so on, so that I end up with 3(!!) plots)
>
> x=findgen(10)
> m=[1,5,10]
> a=[1,4,2]
>
> y=m[i]*x+a[i]
> if i eq 0 then plot,x,y
> else oplot,x,y
>
> whaaaa, i don't know it... this does not work...
Well, it is hard to know if you are typing *actual*
code or pseudo code. But this works:
x=findgen(10)
m=[1,5,10]
a=[1,4,2]
for j=0,2 do begin
 if j eq 0$
```

```
then plot, x, m[j]*x+a[j]$
   else oplot, x, m[j]*x+a[j], linestyle=j
endfor
end
Cheers.
David
David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")
Subject: Re: Multiple plots in one figure
Posted by Nicki on Mon, 12 Oct 2009 22:39:42 GMT
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Oh, okay, that was pretty easy...
Thanks!
So what if i have another equation where i put the y in and that's the
one I want to plot.
so let's say
g=5*y
and i want to plot x versus g...
Or maybe I just print my code for my specific problem:
a = 70.
nrows=3.
dfov=60.
mu=438.689
r tot=1.5
r_i=[0.1,1.0]
wdet=[25,100]
f=findgen(90)+10.
r = dfov/2/(sin(a/2/180*!pi))
```

z=r+f

```
for i=0,1 do begin N=2.*!pi*(r+f)/(1.1*wdet[i])*Nrows
d=sqrt(R_tot^2-(r/f)^2*(R_i[i])^2)/((r/f)+1.)-alog(2)/mu*tan (a/2*!pi/2*)
180)
deffs=sqrt(d^2+2/mu*d*tan(a/2*!pi/180)+2/(mu^2)*(tan(a/2/180 *!pi))^2)
S=N*deffs^2/16/(r^2)*100
endfor
for i=0,1 do begin
  if i eq 0$
    then plot, N, S
    elso oplot, N, S, linestyle=i
endfor
Does not work... I tried to change the N and the d to N[i] and d[i]
and then also the following N and d and also the deffs to deffs[i]
and the S to S[i]
and then
for i=0,1 do begin
 if i eq 0$
    then plot, N[i], S[i] $
    else oplot, N[i], S[i], linestyle=i
endfor
but that does not work either...
```

Subject: Re: Multiple plots in one figure Posted by David Fanning on Mon, 12 Oct 2009 22:59:28 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

## Nicki writes:

```
Oh, okay, that was pretty easy...
Thanks!
So what if i have another equation where i put the y in and that's the
one I want to plot.
so let's say
g=5*y
```

> and i want to plot x versus g...

I've no idea what this means. But I can see you are pretty confused yourself. Why don't you take a few minutes to think very clearly about what you are trying to do. Maybe even write the steps down. And then look carefully at the example I sent you so you can see how it works. When you can describe it, in words, perhaps you can see your way clear to making this work.

Cheers.

David

\_-

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming (www.dfanning.com)
Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: Multiple plots in one figure Posted by Nicki on Mon, 12 Oct 2009 23:53:26 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Oct 13, 9:59 am, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote:

> Nicki writes:

>> Oh, okay, that was pretty easy...

>

>> Thanks!

>

>> So what if i have another equation where i put the y in and that's the

>> one I want to plot.

>> so let's say

>

>> g=5\*y

>

>> and i want to plot x versus g...

>

> I've no idea what this means. But I can see you are

- > pretty confused yourself. Why don't you take a few
- > minutes to think very clearly about what you are trying
- > to do. Maybe even write the steps down. And then look
- > carefully at the example I sent you so you can see
- > how it works. When you can describe it, in words,
- > perhaps you can see your way clear to making this work.

>

> Cheers,

```
>
> David
```

- > David Fanning, Ph.D.
- > Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming (www.dfanning.com)
- > Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Yes... I got it. Thanks a lot!!!