Subject: Re: How to read data with format codes? Posted by Adam Solomon on Sun, 14 Mar 2010 00:39:41 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Ah, I've found another problem with this: it doesn't read the first character (at least sometimes) in the third column, so if that column has a value of 1.0234, it'll return 0.0234.

On Mar 13, 7:38 pm, Adam Solomon <rampa...@gmail.com> wrote: > Hi all, I've been pulling my hair out over using readf with a format > code. So I have a data file with three columns of floats, all > separated by a |. Here's an example: > | 355.9559189095| -79.4625574877| 0.279817 > | 355.5057979042| -79.4067330132| 0.189663 > > | 359.5215546187| -79.7976864503| 0.161308 | 357.7890741750| -79.6427829568| 0.026100 | 354.7163524970| -79.3099884939| 0.026578 > | 354.6329916471| -79.3061286761| 0.025486 | 0.0561720211 | -79.8234642170 | 0.025670 | 357.3786228505| -79.5728335169| 0.000030 > | 356.7569554568| -79.5138546776| 0.199416 | 355.0388858964| -79.3264538270| 0.190393 | 354.8099356150| -79.2912157538| 0.026006 > | 352.5968356937| -79.0184276231| 0.207497 | 352.4362834602| -79.0094360366| 0.217226 > | 0.1800716026 | -79.8081762850 | 0.091767 > | 359.0525340400| -79.7227001135| 0.205676 | 354.7045386126| -79.2652363648| 0.119250 > > > So every format code I've used which has even come close to working > runs into issues at one point or another, probably because of the > variable spacing. I want to read this file into three arrays, or a 3xlots array, or whatever - just any way to read in this data!! It's > unbelievable that such a simple task is proving to be so difficult. > I won't bore you with all the format codes I've tried (none of which > > have worked) but here's the most recent example: > data=fltarr(3,rows-100);the 100 is so i don't run into EOF issues yet, > > just for testing readf,lun,data,format='(3(2x,F0.0))' > > The problems with this particular one are that when the first column > is longer (as in most of these examples), the minus sign doesn't get > read in the second column, and there may be issues reading the third > column (not sure; will look into it some more). >

Subject: Re: How to read data with format codes?
Posted by David Fanning on Sun, 14 Mar 2010 01:04:26 GMT
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## Adam Solomon writes:

```
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> separated by a |. Here's an example:
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>
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> is longer (as in most of these examples), the minus sign doesn't get
> read in the second column, and there may be issues reading the third
> column (not sure; will look into it some more).
```

> What's the appropriate way to read these data in? If you really want a format code, I'm not your man. They always totally confuse me. :-) I would read this "irregular" file like this. rows = File\_Lines('example.dat') data = DblArr(3,rows)oneLine = "" OpenR, lun, 'example.dat', /GET\_LUN FOR j=0,rows-1 DO BEGIN ReadF, lun, oneLine parts = StrSplit(oneLine, '|', /EXTRACT) data[\*,i] = Double(parts[1:3])**ENDFOR** Free Lun, lun Cheers. David David Fanning, Ph.D.

Subject: Re: How to read data with format codes? Posted by penteado on Sun, 14 Mar 2010 01:19:50 GMT

Covote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

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Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

The easiest way I see is not with format codes, but with read\_ascii with a template:

templ=ascii\_template(file)
a=read\_ascii(file,template=templ)

If you want it to be non-interactive, you can either use ascii\_template once, then save the resulting template, or generate one yourself, as in:

template={version:1.0,datastart:0L,delimiter:byte('|'),missi ngvalue:! values.d\_nan,\$ commentsymbol:",fieldcount:[4L],fieldtypes:[0L,5L,5L,5L],\$ fieldnames:['FIELD1','FIELD2','FIELD3','FIELD4'],\$ fieldlocations:[0L,0L,0L,0L],fieldgroups:[0L,1L,2L,3L]}

The most relevant here being delimiter, fieldcount and fieldtype.

If you had commas instead of "|" separating the columns, none of that would be needed, you would be able to just use read\_csv.

Another way would be to read the file into a string array, then use strsplit to separate each line at the "|":

nlines=file\_lines(file)
a=strarr(nlines)
openr,unit,file,/get\_lun
readf,unit,a
free\_lun,unit
a=strtrim(a,2)
b=dblarr(3,nlines)
for i=0,nlines-1 do b[\*,i]=strsplit(a[i],'|',/extract)

Subject: Re: How to read data with format codes?
Posted by Adam Solomon on Sun, 14 Mar 2010 01:20:44 GMT
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On Mar 13, 8:04 pm, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote:

- > Adam Solomon writes:
- >> Hi all, I've been pulling my hair out over using readf with a format
- >> code. So I have a data file with three columns of floats, all
- >> separated by a |. Here's an example:

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>>
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>>
    | 354.8099356150| -79.2912157538| 0.026006
>>
    | 352.5968356937| -79.0184276231| 0.207497
>>
    | 352.4362834602| -79.0094360366| 0.217226
>>
    | 0.1800716026 | -79.8081762850 | 0.091767
>>
    | 359.0525340400| -79.7227001135| 0.205676
>>
    | 354.7045386126| -79.2652363648| 0.119250
>>
```

- >> So every format code I've used which has even come close to working
- >> runs into issues at one point or another, probably because of the

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>> 3xlots array, or whatever - just any way to read in this data!! It's
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>> column (not sure; will look into it some more).
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>> What's the appropriate way to read these data in?
> If you really want a format code, I'm not your man.
  They always totally confuse me. :-)
>
> I would read this "irregular" file like this.
>
    rows = File_Lines('example.dat')
>
    data = DblArr(3,rows)
>
    oneLine = ""
>
    OpenR, lun, 'example.dat', /GET_LUN
>
    FOR j=0,rows-1 DO BEGIN
>
       ReadF, lun, oneLine
>
      parts = StrSplit(oneLine, '|', /EXTRACT)
>
      data[*,i] = Double(parts[1:3])
>
    ENDFOR
>
    Free_Lun, lun
>
>
> Cheers,
 David
>
>
> David Fanning, Ph.D.
> Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
> Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming:http://www.dfanning.com/
> Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")
```

Thanks! I was going to do that but I read on this website - dfanning something or other - to avoid for loops in IDL:) Figured a format code would save time since there's on the order of 10<sup>6</sup> data points here, but I guess that's nothing compared to all the time I'm spending

## Adam

Subject: Re: How to read data with format codes? Posted by penteado on Sun, 14 Mar 2010 01:45:52 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Mar 13, 10:20 pm, Adam Solomon <rampa...@gmail.com> wrote:

- > Thanks! I was going to do that but I read on this website dfanning
- > something or other to avoid for loops in IDL :) Figured a format
- > code would save time since there's on the order of 10<sup>6</sup> data points
- > here, but I guess that's nothing compared to all the time I'm spending
- > writing the damn code!

In this case, it is too awkward to avoid a loop. It would be easy if strpos accepted an array as its pos argument (which it really should, to work nicely with strmid):

nlines=file\_lines(file) a=strarr(nlines) openr,unit,file,/get lun readf,unit,a free lun.unit ;Get rid of the initial | pos=transpose(strpos(a,'|')) a=strmid(a,pos+1) Extract the first column pos=transpose(strpos(a,'|')) col1=double(strmid(a,0,pos)) a=strmid(a,pos+1) Extract the second column pos=transpose(strpos(a,'|')) col2=double(strmid(a,0,pos)) a=strmid(a,pos+1) :Extract the third column pos=transpose(strpos(a,'|')) col3=double(strmid(a,0,pos))

Subject: Re: How to read data with format codes?
Posted by R.G.Stockwell on Sun, 14 Mar 2010 02:03:02 GMT
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"Adam Solomon" <ramparts@gmail.com> wrote in message news:e5bdbfda-121a-41fb-8204-57764e0cc70d@g10g2000yqh.google groups.com...

On Mar 13, 8:04 pm, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote: > Adam Solomon writes:

- >> Hi all, I've been pulling my hair out over using readf with a format
- >> code. So I have a data file with three columns of floats, all
- >> separated by a |. Here's an example:

>

>> | 355.9559189095| -79.4625574877| 0.279817 |

. . .

- > rows = File\_Lines('example.dat')
- > data = DblArr(3,rows)
- > oneLine = ""
- > OpenR, lun, 'example.dat', /GET\_LUN
- > FOR j=0,rows-1 DO BEGIN
- > ReadF, lun, oneLine
- > parts = StrSplit(oneLine, '|', /EXTRACT)
- > data[\*,j] = Double(parts[1:3])
- > ENDFOR
- > Free Lun, lun

Yep. Always use the same rules to read, as you do to write. If they wrote it with a format, you read it with the same format. If they wrote "stuff" and then "|", then that is how you read it (as David has shown).

btw, one suggestion. perhaps you can write a Convert program to read this huge ascii data set once, and write it in a quick binary format (perhaps as a structure with all pertinent information).

cheers, bob

Subject: Re: How to read data with format codes?
Posted by David Fanning on Sun, 14 Mar 2010 02:10:49 GMT
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## Adam Solomon writes:

- > Thanks! I was going to do that but I read on this website dfanning
- > something or other to avoid for loops in IDL :) Figured a format
- > code would save time since there's on the order of 10<sup>6</sup> data points
- > here, but I guess that's nothing compared to all the time I'm spending
- > writing the damn code!

Well, 30 seconds to write the code I sent you, 10 minutes to read the damn file the first time,

and write it out the way it should have been written the first time, then \*all\* of your format code versions should have worked. :-)

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: How to read data with format codes?
Posted by Kenneth P. Bowman on Sun, 14 Mar 2010 17:23:59 GMT
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## In article

<e5bdbfda-121a-41fb-8204-57764e0cc70d@g10g2000yqh.googlegroups.com>, Adam Solomon <ramparts@gmail.com> wrote:

- > Thanks! I was going to do that but I read on this website dfanning
- > something or other to avoid for loops in IDL :) Figured a format
- > code would save time since there's on the order of 10<sup>6</sup> data points
- > here, but I guess that's nothing compared to all the time I'm spending
- > writing the damn code!

When you are doing I/O, the slow parts of the operation are most likely to be getting the data from the disk and converting ASCII numerals to their internal binary representation. Using a loop should have little impact on the time required.

Ken Bowman