

---

Subject: Re: Memory Cleanup-- Messy structure  
Posted by [rogass](#) on Wed, 16 Jun 2010 21:16:31 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

On 16 Jun., 19:50, Ed Hyer <[ejh...@gmail.com](mailto:ejh...@gmail.com)> wrote:

```
> OK, here's the sequence:  
>  
> IDL> STRUCT1=CREATE_STRUCT("PTR1",PTR_NEW());  
> IDL> STRUCTALL=REPLICATE(STRUCT1,N)  
> IDL> FOR I=0,N-1 DO STRUCTALL.PTR1=PTR_NEW(ALLDATA[*],I)  
>  
> Then I do what I need to do, and I'm done with it, so:  
>  
> IDL> UNDEFINE, STRUCTALL  
>  
> Except this doesn't free the memory, according to HELP,/HEAP.  
>  
> Since I'm not a real programmer, I still consider pointers to be kinda  
> voodoo. Can someone patiently explain how I manually clean up the  
> memory in this case?  
>  
> Thanks,  
>  
> --Edward H.
```

Hm, what's going on here. If I would do this on my PC the following happens:

```
IDL> help,/heap  
Heap Variables:  
  # Pointer: 0  
  # Object : 0  
IDL> n=10  
IDL> s={ptr1:ptr_new()}  
IDL> help,/heap  
Heap Variables:  
  # Pointer: 0  
  # Object : 0  
IDL> sall=REPLICATE(S,N)  
IDL> help,/heap  
Heap Variables:  
  # Pointer: 0  
  # Object : 0  
IDL> FOR I=0,N-1 DO SALL[I].PTR1=PTR_NEW(dist(i+1))  
% Compiled module: DIST.  
IDL> help,/heap  
Heap Variables:  
  # Pointer: 10
```

# Object : 0

```
<PtrHeapVar1>  FLOAT  = Array[1]
<PtrHeapVar2>  FLOAT  = Array[2, 2]
<PtrHeapVar3>  FLOAT  = Array[3, 3]
<PtrHeapVar4>  FLOAT  = Array[4, 4]
<PtrHeapVar5>  FLOAT  = Array[5, 5]
<PtrHeapVar6>  FLOAT  = Array[6, 6]
<PtrHeapVar7>  FLOAT  = Array[7, 7]
<PtrHeapVar8>  FLOAT  = Array[8, 8]
<PtrHeapVar9>  FLOAT  = Array[9, 9]
<PtrHeapVar10> FLOAT  = Array[10, 10]
```

```
IDL> undefine,sall
```

```
IDL> help,/heap
```

```
Heap Variables:
```

```
# Pointer: 0
```

```
# Object : 0
```

That's why I very like David's routines - they do always their jobs :)

Your problem might be that you don't correctly reference your pointer array. You forgot:

```
STRUCTALL--->[I]<-----
```

So, maybe you allocate some memory each time in the loop, but then you always overwrite the pointer(s).

Regards

CR

---

Subject: Re: Memory Cleanup-- Messy structure  
Posted by [Mariolncandenza](#) on Wed, 16 Jun 2010 21:53:27 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

CR,

Thanks much. This turned out, of course, to be PEBKAC. UNDEFINE does in fact do its job, if you know how to use it. However, I did find out this one nugget: You can see that from the way the array is created and populated, it looks like it will have nested pointers. However, if you do it the other way:

```
IDL> STRUCT1=CREATE_STRUCTURE("PTR1",PTR_NEW(/ALLOC));
IDL> STRUCTALL=REPLICATE(STRUCT1,N)
IDL> FOR I=0,N-1 DO *(STRUCTALL[I].PTR1)=ALLDATA[*,I]
```

You will find that there is only one pointer, which after that operation points to the last data tested = ALLDATA[\* ,N-1].

Later on I will post the fancy new routine that led me to have to solve this problem!

Thanks,

--Edward H.

---

Subject: Re: Memory Cleanup-- Messy structure  
Posted by [rogass](#) on Thu, 17 Jun 2010 08:46:06 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

I am eager to know what is your way. And, I'm also only an ordinary scientist and not a programmer. That's why I like this newsgroup ;)

Regards  
CR

---

Subject: Re: Memory Cleanup-- Messy structure  
Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Thu, 17 Jun 2010 15:45:33 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

On Jun 16, 1:50 pm, Ed Hyer <[ejh...@gmail.com](mailto:ejh...@gmail.com)> wrote:

> Since I'm not a real programmer, I still consider pointers to be kinda  
> voodoo. Can someone patiently explain how I manually clean up the  
> memory in this case?

I still think RSI/Kodak/ITT dropped the ball on the design of this. IDL is a high level language, not a low level language - "4th generation" right? IDL should be cleaning up messes like this, not us.

Craig

---

Subject: Re: Memory Cleanup-- Messy structure  
Posted by [penteado](#) on Thu, 17 Jun 2010 16:43:39 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

On Jun 17, 12:45 pm, Craig Markwardt <[craig.markwa...@gmail.com](mailto:craig.markwa...@gmail.com)> wrote:

> On Jun 16, 1:50 pm, Ed Hyer <[ejh...@gmail.com](mailto:ejh...@gmail.com)> wrote:

>  
>> Since I'm not a real programmer, I still consider pointers to be kinda  
>> voodoo. Can someone patiently explain how I manually clean up the  
>> memory in this case?  
>  
> I still think RSI/Kodak/ITT dropped the ball on the design of this.  
> IDL is a high level language, not a low level language - "4th  
> generation" right? IDL should be cleaning up messes like this, not  
> us.

I think it is proper for the times when IDL originated, when it was too expensive to do automatic garbage collection. IDL 8 has it (it can be switched off), though one could argue that it should not have taken so long.

---

Subject: Re: Memory Cleanup-- Messy structure  
Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Fri, 18 Jun 2010 00:10:37 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

On Jun 17, 12:43 pm, pp <pp.pente...@gmail.com> wrote:  
> On Jun 17, 12:45 pm, Craig Markwardt <craig.markwa...@gmail.com>  
> wrote:  
>  
>> On Jun 16, 1:50 pm, Ed Hyer <ejh...@gmail.com> wrote:  
>  
>>> Since I'm not a real programmer, I still consider pointers to be kinda  
>>> voodoo. Can someone patiently explain how I manually clean up the  
>>> memory in this case?  
>  
>> I still think RSI/Kodak/ITT dropped the ball on the design of this.  
>> IDL is a high level language, not a low level language - "4th  
>> generation" right? IDL should be cleaning up messes like this, not  
>> us.  
>  
> I think it is proper for the times when IDL originated, when it was  
> too expensive to do automatic garbage collection. IDL 8 has it (it can  
> be switched off), though one could argue that it should not have taken  
> so long.

Uh, IDL "pointers" originated in IDL 5.0, ten years ago when all the other scripting languages did automatic garbage collection.

I don't understand how it could be too expensive. The IDL interpreter has precise knowledge and control of when variables go out of scope. Dealing with cycles is its own problem, but basic garbage collection should have been implemented from the start.

Now we are stuck with many years of maintaining meticulous pointer allocation/deallocation discipline until IDL 5-6-7 are completely obsolete.

Craig

---

---

Subject: Re: Memory Cleanup-- Messy structure  
Posted by [rogass](#) on Fri, 18 Jun 2010 06:47:39 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

> I think it is proper for the times when IDL originated, when it was  
> too expensive to do automatic garbage collection. IDL 8 has it (it can  
> be switched off), though one could argue that it should not have taken  
> so long.

When will IDL 8 be released? At the moment, Python comes closer and closer...

Regards  
CR

---