
Subject: Re: Locate pixels that fall within other pixel-geo search

Posted by [rogass](#) on Thu, 09 Sep 2010 20:41:11 GMT

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On 9 Sep., 22:07, Snow53 <jennifer_wa...@hotmail.com> wrote:

> Hi,
>
> I have two images with slightly different dimensions, but the same
> projection. Image 1 has coarse resolution. Image 2 has fine
> resolution.
>
> For each coarse pixel in Image 1, I need to find all fine resolution
> pixels that fall within that pixel (based on the condition that they
> fall within the same geographic extent of that coarse pixel).
>
> I'm reading in the file with `envi_open_file`, so the files should have
> all the geographic info needed.
>
> Has anyone done something similar? Could anyone suggest a good way to
> do this selection?
>
> Thanks!

Maybe you can use this routine or some ideas from it:

```
function cr_get_tiles,im, wx,wy
  s = size(im,/dimensions)
  ;l = make_array(s,/index,/ulong)
  run1 = 0l
  run2 = 0l
  tilex = round((s[0] - (s[0] mod wx))/wx)
  tilexpart = round(float(s[0] mod wx)/wx)
  tilex += tilexpart
  tiley = round((s[1] - (s[1] mod wy))/wy)
  tileypart = round(float(s[1] mod wy)/wy)
  tiley += tileypart
  ; tiley = round((s[1] - (s[1] mod wy))/wy + float(s[1]
  mod wy)/wy)
  newim = make_array([wx,wy,s[2],tilex*tiley],type=size(im,/
  type))
  for i=0l, tilex-1l do begin
    for j=0l, tiley-1l do begin
      if i eq (tilex-1l) && tilexpart gt 0 then $
        newim[0: s[0]-i*wx-1l , *, *,run1] = im[i*wx:*,j*wy:((j
+1l)*wy)-1l,*,*] else $
        if j eq (tiley-1l) && tileypart gt 0 then $
          newim[*,0:s[1]-j*wy-1l,*,run1] = im[i*wx:((i
+1l)*wx)-1l,j*wy:*,*] else $
```

```
newim[:,*,*,run1] = im[i*wx:((i+1)*wx)-1,j*wy:((j+1)*wy)-1,*,*]  
run1++  
endfor  
endfor  
undefine, im  
return, newim  
end
```

wx and wy is the ratio between coarse and fine image.

Hope it helps

CR

Subject: Re: Locate pixels that fall within other pixel-geo search

Posted by [Maxwell Peck](#) on Fri, 10 Sep 2010 08:28:50 GMT

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On Sep 10, 6:07 am, Snow53 <jennifer_wa...@hotmail.com> wrote:

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There's probably a few ways to do this depending on the exact dataset (especially the relative resolution differences). One way would be to obtain the corner coordinates of the pixel in your low resolution image then use `envi_convert_file_coordinates` to convert these to corner pixels in the high resolution image. Then use `envi_get_data` on the subsetted dimensions. Be careful with adding/taking 0.5 of a pixel when appropriate.

Max

Subject: Re: Locate pixels that fall within other pixel-geo search

Posted by [tegus](#) on Sat, 11 Sep 2010 13:07:10 GMT

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On Sep 9, 4:07 pm, Snow53 <jennifer_wa...@hotmail.com> wrote:

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> do this selection?
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> Thanks!

Hi!

In IDL you could do this using J.D. Smith's `Hist_nd` histogram routine which is available on David Fanning's website (dfanning.com). While on David's website you'll also want to check out JD Smith's HISTOGRAM: The Breathless Horror and Disgust.

The way I work this problem is to rebin the fine resolution image (i.e., 2D histogram) to match the resolution (binning) of the coarse image (coverage and projection of the two images need to coincide). The key is to create a reverse index array using the `REVERSE_INDICES` keyword of `Hist_nd`. The reverse index allows you to look up the contents of each bin in the new histogram, based on the finer resolution, at the coarser resolution.

Bill

Subject: Re: Locate pixels that fall within other pixel-geo search

Posted by [rogass](#) on Sat, 11 Sep 2010 16:16:49 GMT

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On 11 Sep., 15:07, tegus <tegusbillhar...@gmail.com> wrote:

> On Sep 9, 4:07 pm, Snow53 <jennifer_wa...@hotmail.com> wrote:
>
>

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>
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> resolution, at the coarser resolution.
>
> Bill

Cool Way! Really.

Regards

Chris
