
Subject: bimodal distribution

Posted by [Giuseppe Papa](#) on Fri, 19 Nov 2010 18:22:55 GMT

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I'm trying to simulate a bimodal "randomn" distribution with the 2 peaks having the sigmas of 0.3 each for example and mean around -1.2 and -0.7...

Do you have any tips?

I've tried adding these below, but it doesn't work..., I get a unimodal distribution...

```
met_1a = randomn(seed,100000)*0.3-1.2
```

```
met_1b = randomn(seed,100000)*0.3-0.7
```

I hope you can help me...

Cheers

Subject: Re: bimodal distribution

Posted by [Dick Jackson](#) on Tue, 23 Nov 2010 21:09:29 GMT

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Hi, ...

I think these do give a bimodal distribution, but they overlap a lot.

This might help, separating them by an extra two units:

```
met_1a = randomn(seed,100000)*0.3-1.2 -1
```

```
met_1b = randomn(seed,100000)*0.3-0.7 +1
```

```
plot,histogram([met_1a,met_1b],binsize=0.1),psym=10
```

Note: the X axis is off here, as you need to wrestle with Histogram() and Plot() to get them right, but I think this makes the point.

Cheers,

-Dick

Dick Jackson Software Consulting

<http://www.d-jackson.com>

chiessantos wrote:

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>

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>
>
>

Subject: Re: bimodal distribution

Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Tue, 23 Nov 2010 21:25:57 GMT

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Dick Jackson writes:

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> This might help, separating them by an extra two units:
>
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> plot,histogram([met_1a,met_1b],binsize=0.1),psym=10
>
> Note: the X axis is off here, as you need to wrestle with Histogram()
> and Plot() to get them right, but I think this makes the point.

No wrestling needed with Histoplot. :-)

```
IDL> Histoplot,[met_1a,met_1b], Binsize=0.1
```

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")
