Subject: MIP from BMP Images Posted by MR on Wed, 06 Jul 2011 16:10:27 GMT

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I am fairly new to IDI and trying to learn.

I have a series of 255 bitmap images in a folder. I have to create a rotating MIP from these images. Each image is of the size 2216 X 1254. I cannot use read_bmp (as mentioned in IDL Help 8.1 as each line should be evenly divisible by 4). I am trying to create a 3D array of the size (3000 X 3000 X 500) in case the image size and number of images change for each data set. How should I go about addressing this issue of loading images into IDL? I will be using FOR loop to build the MIP. I haven't yet thought about rotating the MIP. Any help, suggestions, advice is greatly appreciated. Thank you!

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by David Fanning on Fri, 08 Jul 2011 15:41:05 GMT
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M R writes:

```
> I hope I am making some kind of progress here. I have the following
> code and I (fortunately) do not get any errors and of course the
> output is in the form of a blank black pop out screen (I am being too
> optimistic) and think atleast the program works! Below is the code
>
> fil = file_search('filepath*.bmp',COUNT = count)
> imag=read_bmp(fil[0])
> s=size(imag)
>
 arm = bytarr (s[1],s[2],count,/nozero)
>
>
 for i=0, count-1 do begin
>
    image = read bmp(fil[i])
>
    arm[*,*,i]=image[*,*]
>
    end
>
>
    TV,MAX (arm, dimension = 3)
>
>
>
  end
>
  (i). imag, arm, image array sizes do not match. They are
> IDL> help, arm
> ARM
               BYTE
                         = Array[3, 2216, 256]
> IDL> help, imag
> IMAG
               BYTE
                         = Array[3, 2216, 1254]
```

```
> IDL> help, image
> IMAGE BYTE = Array[3, 2216, 1254]
```

> Does anyone feel that this mismatch between the array sizes is

> creating the blank black pop out screen instead of an image?

Well, yes, among any number of other things. :-)

I say this with all possible kindness, because I can see you are making an effort, and I want to help you, but if this code actually ran I would say it is because you have a special relationship with the programming gods. :-)

How do you know it "ran"? Did you see *any* images in the window?

Let's start at the beginning. Can you open and display just one of the images in your directory? Just without trying to do a loop or anything. At best, with the way you are using the TV command (a totally worthless command IMHO) you will see a tiny sliver of your image on the left-hand side of your display window. If you want to use the TV command (a bad idea, as I mentioned), you might want to try this:

```
imageFile = Dialog_Pickfile(FILTER='*.bmp')
image = Read_BMP(imageFile)
TV, image, TRUE=1
```

So, if you want to stuff this 24-bit image into a larger array (and I pointed out in a previous article why this is almost pointless, since your images don't contain any intensity information), then you will have to make your array a four-dimensional array:

```
dims = Size(image, /DIMENSIONS)
arms = Make_Array(dims[0], dims[1], dims[2], count, /BYTE)
```

Then,

```
arms[*,*,*,i] = image
```

This, of course, assumes all your images are the same size.

I suspect this program of yours ran, maybe, one time and with errors you aren't aware of. Do you have your IDL console window somewhere where you can see it easily? Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
Sepore ma de ni thue. ("Perhaps thos speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by David Fanning on Fri, 08 Jul 2011 15:52:00 GMT
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David Fanning writes:

- > Let's start at the beginning. Can you open and display
- > just one of the images in your directory? Just without
- > trying to do a loop or anything. At best, with the
- > way you are using the TV command (a totally worthless
- > command IMHO) you will see a tiny sliver of your image
- > on the left-hand side of your display window. If you
- > want to use the TV command (a bad idea, as I mentioned),
- > you might want to try this:

>

- > imageFile = Dialog_Pickfile(FILTER='*.bmp')
- > image = Read_BMP(imageFile)
- > TV, image, TRUE=1

By the way, you don't say how big your display window is, but I doubt it is 2216 by 1254 pixels in size. So, when you use this TV command, you are probably only going to see a small fraction of your image anyway.

You might be better off downloading the Coyote Library and using the cglmage command:

cgImage, image, /KEEP_ASPECT

That will at least show you the entire image in your graphics window.

You can find the Coyote Library here:

http://www.idlcoyote.com/code tips/installcoyote.php

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D. Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/

Sepore ma de ni thue. ("Perhaps thos speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by M R on Fri, 08 Jul 2011 17:35:42 GMT
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```
On Jul 8, 10:41 am, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote:
> M R writes:
>> I hope I am making some kind of progress here. I have the following
>> code and I (fortunately) do not get any errors and of course the
>> output is in the form of a blank black pop out screen (I am being too
>> optimistic) and think atleast the program works! Below is the code
>
>> fil = file search('filepath*.bmp',COUNT = count)
>> imag=read_bmp(fil[0])
>> s=size(imag)
>> arm = bytarr (s[1],s[2],count,/nozero)
>> for i=0, count-1 do begin
      image = read bmp(fil[i])
>>
      arm[*,*,i]=image[*,*]
>>
      end
>>
>
     TV,MAX (arm, dimension = 3)
>>
>
    end
>>
>
>> (i). imag, arm, image array sizes do not match. They are
>> IDL> help, arm
>> ARM
                BYTE
                         = Array[3, 2216, 256]
>> IDL> help, imag
>> IMAG
                BYTE
                          = Array[3, 2216, 1254]
>> IDL> help, image
>> IMAGE
                 BYTE
                           = Array[3, 2216, 1254]
>
```

```
>> Does anyone feel that this mismatch between the array sizes is
>> creating the blank black pop out screen instead of an image?
> Well, yes, among any number of other things. :-)
>
> I say this with all possible kindness, because I can
> see you are making an effort, and I want to help you.
> but if this code actually ran I would say it is because
> you have a special relationship with the programming gods. :-)
>
> How do you know it "ran"? Did you see *any* images
> in the window?
>
> Let's start at the beginning. Can you open and display
> just one of the images in your directory? Just without
> trying to do a loop or anything. At best, with the
> way you are using the TV command (a totally worthless
> command IMHO) you will see a tiny sliver of your image
> on the left-hand side of your display window. If you
> want to use the TV command (a bad idea, as I mentioned),
> you might want to try this:
>
    imageFile = Dialog_Pickfile(FILTER='*.bmp')
    image = Read_BMP(imageFile)
>
    TV, image, TRUE=1
X-----
I have tried the above. The screen does not contain a sliver of the
image but the upper left quadrant of the screen is white while the
reaming 3 quadrants are black. I see a partial axis in the white
quadrant.
X-----
> So, if you want to stuff this 24-bit image into a larger
> array (and I pointed out in a previous article why
> this is almost pointless, since your images don't contain
> any intensity information), then you will have to make
> your array a four-dimensional array:
>
    dims = Size(image, /DIMENSIONS)
    arms = Make_Array(dims[0], dims[1], dims[2], count, /BYTE)
>
>
> Then,
>
 arms[*,*,*,j] = image
```

Χ	
The images contain intensity information. First because different kinds of tissues are seen clearly. Secondly (My feeling), each image of the size 24 bit in its color.	
X	
 This, of course, assumes all your images are the same size. I suspect this program of yours ran, maybe, one time and with errors you aren't aware of. Do you have your IDL console window somewhere where you can see it easily? 	
Yes, I do have an IDL console window where I cross check each variable XX	
 Cheers, David 	
As you have suggested,I think I will try to display just one image without the loop and see if it is being displayed entirely or not. Thank you! XXX	

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images Posted by M R on Fri, 08 Jul 2011 18:25:55 GMT

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On Jul 8, 10:41 am, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote:

- > M R writes:
- >> I hope I am making some kind of progress here. I have the following
- >> code and I (fortunately) do not get any errors and of course the

```
>> output is in the form of a blank black pop out screen (I am being too
>> optimistic) and think atleast the program works! Below is the code
>> fil = file_search('filepath*.bmp',COUNT = count)
>> imag=read_bmp(fil[0])
>> s=size(imag)
>
>> arm = bytarr (s[1],s[2],count,/nozero)
>> for i=0, count-1 do begin
      image = read_bmp(fil[i])
>>
      arm[*,*,i]=image[*,*]
>>
      end
>>
>
     TV,MAX (arm, dimension = 3)
>>
>
>>
    end
>> (i). imag, arm, image array sizes do not match. They are
>> IDL> help, arm
                BYTE
>> ARM
                          = Array[3, 2216, 256]
>> IDL> help, imag
>> IMAG
                BYTE
                          = Array[3, 2216, 1254]
>> IDL> help, image
>> IMAGE
                           = Array[3, 2216, 1254]
                 BYTE
>
>> Does anyone feel that this mismatch between the array sizes is
>> creating the blank black pop out screen instead of an image?
>
  Well, yes, among any number of other things. :-)
>
> I say this with all possible kindness, because I can
> see you are making an effort, and I want to help you,
> but if this code actually ran I would say it is because
  you have a special relationship with the programming gods. :-)
> How do you know it "ran"? Did you see *any* images
 in the window?
> Let's start at the beginning. Can you open and display
> just one of the images in your directory? Just without
> trying to do a loop or anything. At best, with the
> way you are using the TV command (a totally worthless
> command IMHO) you will see a tiny sliver of your image
> on the left-hand side of your display window. If you
> want to use the TV command (a bad idea, as I mentioned),
> you might want to try this:
```

```
>
   imageFile = Dialog_Pickfile(FILTER='*.bmp')
>
   image = Read_BMP(imageFile)
>
   TV, image, TRUE=1
-----
Using the above mentioned imagefile......steps, I can see a pop up
window which does not contain a sliver of the image but the upper left
hand corner is white with the remaining three quadrants black.
-----
X-----
> So, if you want to stuff this 24-bit image into a larger
> array (and I pointed out in a previous article why
> this is almost pointless, since your images don't contain
> any intensity information), then you will have to make
> your array a four-dimensional array:
>
   dims = Size(image, /DIMENSIONS)
>
   arms = Make Array(dims[0], dims[1], dims[2], count, /BYTE)
>
> Then,
>
   arms[*,*,*,j] = image
> This, of course, assumes all your images are the same size.
>
> I suspect this program of yours ran, maybe, one time
 and with errors you aren't aware of. Do you have
> your IDL console window somewhere where you can see
> it easily?
-----X-------
I do an IDL console window where I am cross checking the variables and
the values being loaded.
The images do contain intensity information. First, I can
differentiate between the different tissues. Second, each image is 24
-----X------X
> Cheers,
>
> David
> David Fanning, Ph.D.
> Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
> Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming:http://www.dfanning.com/
> Sepore ma de ni thue. ("Perhaps thos speakest truth.")
```

XX	
I will try with one image first and then see if I can output the same.	
Thank you!	
XX	
^	

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by David Fanning on Fri, 08 Jul 2011 19:13:40 GMT
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M R writes:

- > The images do contain intensity information. First, I can
- > differentiate between the different tissues.

I don't deny you can differentiate different tissues visually. But, the "intensity" you are looking at is being brought to you via color information in the true-color image. There is no physical "intensity" information in your image to perform a "sum" on. Therefore, I believe it will be impossible to create a MIP image with this data. There is just nothing physical there to do a "maximum" on!

Cheers.

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
Sepore ma de ni thue. ("Perhaps thos speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by Konstantinos on Fri, 08 Jul 2011 21:23:05 GMT
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Dear MR.

I will suggest you the following

READ a book about image processing.

Image processing the fundamentals (petrou) An also very nice book is The Image Processing Handbook, Sixth Edition

Probably you think where can i find theese books?? Try ebookee.com

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images Posted by M R on Wed, 13 Jul 2011 15:34:37 GMT

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On Jul 8, 4:23 pm, Konstantinos <moonlightsha...@hotmail.gr> wrote:

> Dear M.R.

> I will suggest you the following

> READ a book about image processing.

>

- > Image processing the fundamentals (petrou)
- > An also very nice book is
- > The Image Processing Handbook, Sixth Edition

> Probably you think where can i find theese books?? Try ebookee.com

Thank you for suggesting the books Konstantinos. I will go through them.

David, I have the following

As you have mentioned, I do see a tiny sliver of the images in the upper left quadrant of the display window. Surprisingly, the program is running multiple times and gives the same output without any compilation errors.

When I load a single image (.png, 2216 X 1254 resolution) using the following procedure. imageFlle = dialog_Pickfile(filter='*.png') image = read_image(imagefile) tv.image,TRUE=1 end

I see an output in the display window containing the bottom 70 % of the image.

Any suggestions? Thank you.

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images

Posted by M R on Wed, 13 Jul 2011 15:57:31 GMT

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```
On Jul 13, 10:34 am, M R <manisha....@gmail.com> wrote:
> On Jul 8, 4:23 pm, Konstantinos <moonlightsha...@hotmail.gr> wrote:
>> Dear M R.
>> I will suggest you the following
>> READ a book about image processing.
>
>> Image processing the fundamentals (petrou)
>> An also very nice book is
>> The Image Processing Handbook, Sixth Edition
>> Probably you think where can i find theese books?? Try ebookee.com
>
> Thank you for suggesting the books Konstantinos. I will go through
> them.
 David, I have the following
> As you have mentioned, I do see a tiny sliver of the images in the
> upper left quadrant of the display window. Surprisingly, the program
> is running multiple times and gives the same output without any
> compilation errors.
>
> When I load a single image (.png, 2216 X 1254 resolution) using the
> following procedure.
> imageFlle = dialog_Pickfile(filter='*.png')
   image = read image(imagefile)
   tv,image,TRUE=1
> end
>
> I see an output in the display window containing the bottom 70 % of
> the image.
> Any suggestions? Thank you.
I apologize for the multiple postings.
Regarding the image intensity, will the problem be solved if I use
colored images?
```

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images Posted by M on Wed, 13 Jul 2011 17:03:35 GMT

```
On Jul 13, 10:57 am, M R <manisha....@gmail.com> wrote:
> On Jul 13, 10:34 am, M R <manisha....@gmail.com> wrote:
>
>
>
>
>
>
>
>
   On Jul 8, 4:23 pm, Konstantinos <moonlightsha...@hotmail.gr> wrote:
>>> Dear M R.
>>> I will suggest you the following
>>> READ a book about image processing.
>>> Image processing the fundamentals (petrou)
>>> An also very nice book is
>>> The Image Processing Handbook, Sixth Edition
>>> Probably you think where can i find theese books?? Try ebookee.com
>> Thank you for suggesting the books Konstantinos. I will go through
>> them.
>> David, I have the following
>> As you have mentioned, I do see a tiny sliver of the images in the
>> upper left quadrant of the display window. Surprisingly, the program
>> is running multiple times and gives the same output without any
>> compilation errors.
>> When I load a single image (.png, 2216 X 1254 resolution) using the
>> following procedure,
>> imageFIIe = dialog_Pickfile(filter='*.png')
    image = read_image(imagefile)
    tv,image,TRUE=1
>> end
>> I see an output in the display window containing the bottom 70 % of
>> the image.
>> Any suggestions? Thank you.
```

- > I apologize for the multiple postings.
- > Regarding the image intensity, will the problem be solved if I use
- > colored images?

end

And thirdly, when I have tried the following,

```
fil = file_search('filepath\*.bmp',COUNT = count)
imag=read_bmp(fil[0])
dims=size(imag, /DIMENSIONS)
arms = make_array(dims[0],dims[1],dims[2],count,/byte)

for i=0, count-1 do begin
  image = read_bmp(fil[i])
  arm[*,*,*,i]=image
  end

TV,MAX (arm, dimension = 3)
```

The output is
Unable to allocate memory: to make array.
Not enough space

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by penteado on Wed, 13 Jul 2011 17:47:10 GMT
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On Jul 13, 2:03 pm, M <manishared...@gmail.com> wrote: >> Regarding the image intensity, will the problem be solved if I use >> colored images?

I do not know what you mean there. David was saying that a problem is that these images seem to be RGB, thus probably their values are not intensities, but colors derived from a single channel image (the intensities) mapped through a colortable.

```
> And thirdly, when I have tried the following,
> fil = file_search('filepath\*.bmp',COUNT = count)
> imag=read_bmp(fil[0])
> dims=size(imag, /DIMENSIONS)
> arms = make_array(dims[0],dims[1],dims[2],count,/byte)
> for i=0, count-1 do begin
> image = read_bmp(fil[i])
```

```
arm[*,*,*,*,i]=image
end
TV,MAX (arm, dimension = 3)
end
the output is
Unable to allocate memory: to make array.
Not enough space
```

That is simple. The array arm would be too big to fit in memory. If you have RGB images with 2216x1254x3 bytes, each is just short of 8MB, so probably a few hundred of those would be enough to fill your available memory.

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by Dick Jackson on Wed, 13 Jul 2011 19:14:40 GMT
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On Jul 13, 10:03 am, M < manishared...@gmail.com> wrote:

 $\,>\,$ On Jul 13, 10:57 am, M R <manisha....@gmail.com> wrote:

>

- >> I apologize for the multiple postings.
- >> Regarding the image intensity, will the problem be solved if I use
- >> colored images?

Hi,

I'm still confused about whether these are grayscale, indexed or truecolour RGB images, but here's a tip if all you need is to get the maximum value from each pixel of a large set of images, where you can't fit them all in memory. Building on your last example:

```
fil = file_search('filepath\*.bmp',COUNT = count)
result = read_bmp(fil[0]) ; Start with image from fil[0], don't
need to read it again
for i=1, count-1 do result = result > read_bmp(fil[i])
TV, result
```

end

Cheers,
-Dick

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images

Posted by M R on Thu, 14 Jul 2011 14:06:59 GMT

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```
On Jul 13, 2:14 pm, Dick Jackson <d...@d-jackson.com> wrote:
> On Jul 13, 10:03 am, M < manishared...@gmail.com > wrote:
>> On Jul 13, 10:57 am, M R <manisha....@gmail.com> wrote:
>>> I apologize for the multiple postings.
>>> Regarding the image intensity, will the problem be solved if I use
>>> colored images?
>
> Hi.
> I'm still confused about whether these are grayscale, indexed or true-
> colour RGB images, but here's a tip if all you need is to get the
> maximum value from each pixel of a large set of images, where you
> can't fit them all in memory. Building on your last example:
>
> fil = file_search('filepath\*.bmp',COUNT = count)
> result = read_bmp(fil[0]) ; Start with image from fil[0], don't
> need to read it again
> for i=1, count-1 do result = result > read bmp(fil[i])
> TV, result
> end
>
> Cheers,
> -Dick
```

Hello All

I thank you all for helping me out with this problem. Unfortunately since IDL supports only 1GB data at a time, we have decided not use the existing data set (which is at >2GB). But I will definitely come back here for more help. Thank you once again!

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by Kenneth P. Bowman on Thu, 14 Jul 2011 14:32:46 GMT
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In article

<71c311cd-ae28-42d8-a1ca-67254056a808@h12g2000vbx.googlegroups.com>,
M R <manisha.rkp@gmail.com> wrote:

> I thank you all for helping me out with this problem. Unfortunately

- > since IDL supports only 1GB data at a time, we have decided not use
- > the existing data set (which is at >2GB). But I will definitely come
- > back here for more help. Thank you once again!

The limitation is your computer (OS and possibly hardware), not IDL. If you have a 64-bit OS and 64-bit hardware, IDL will happily let you use much more than 1 GB.

Keep in mind that computers are cheap, and people's time is expensive.

Ken Bowman

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by Paul Van Delst[1] on Thu, 14 Jul 2011 20:54:48 GMT
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Kenneth P. Bowman wrote:

- > In article
- > <71c311cd-ae28-42d8-a1ca-67254056a808@h12g2000vbx.googlegroups.com>,
- > M R <manisha.rkp@gmail.com> wrote:

>

- >> I thank you all for helping me out with this problem. Unfortunately
- >> since IDL supports only 1GB data at a time, we have decided not use
- >> the existing data set (which is at >2GB). But I will definitely come
- >> back here for more help. Thank you once again!

>

- > The limitation is your computer (OS and possibly hardware), not
- > IDL. If you have a 64-bit OS and 64-bit hardware, IDL will
- > happily let you use much more than 1 GB.

_

> Keep in mind that computers are cheap, and people's time is expensive.

Yes, but pricing and purchasing of both are controlled by completely different entities in an organisation.

:0)

cheers,

pauly

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by Kenneth P. Bowman on Fri, 15 Jul 2011 17:28:59 GMT
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In article <ivnl2l\$59u\$1@speranza.aioe.org>,
Paul van Delst <paul.vandelst@noaa.gov> wrote:

- >> Keep in mind that computers are cheap, and people's time is expensive.
- > Yes, but pricing and purchasing of both are controlled by completely different entities in an organisation.
- > > :o)
- > cheers,
- >

>

> paulv

Ain't that the truth.

Ken

Subject: Re: MIP from BMP Images
Posted by David Fanning on Wed, 20 Jul 2011 19:15:22 GMT
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M R writes:

- > David, I have the following
- >
- > As you have mentioned, I do see a tiny sliver of the images in the
- > upper left quadrant of the display window. Surprisingly, the program
- > is running multiple times and gives the same output without any
- > compilation errors.
- >
- > When I load a single image (.png, 2216 X 1254 resolution) using the
- > following procedure,
- > imageFlle = dialog Pickfile(filter='*.png')
- > image = read_image(imagefile)
- > tv,image,TRUE=1
- > end
- >

>

- > I see an output in the display window containing the bottom 70 % of
- > the image.
- > Any suggestions?

Yes, cgImage, as I think I have mentioned on one or two occasions. :-)

Cheers.

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
Sepore ma de ni thue. ("Perhaps thos speakest truth.")