Subject: Ising Model

Posted by Jan[2] on Fri, 06 Jan 2012 19:17:08 GMT

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I was wondering if anyone had an implementation of the conventional 2D Ising Model implemented in IDL that they would share?

Jan

Subject: Re: Ising Model

Posted by Rob.Dimeo on Sun, 29 Jan 2012 23:30:20 GMT

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On Jan 6, 2:17 pm, Jan <jan....@gmail.com> wrote:

- > I was wondering if anyone had an implementation of the conventional 2D
- > Ising Model implemented in IDL that they would share?

>

> Jan

This is a fun model. Try the program below (sorry for the lengthy listing here, folks). You'll need Craig Markwardt's routine PLOTIMAGE.PRO to display the evolution of the spin lattice as the temperature is reduced. It's not a particularly pretty program but it does some basic things like plot the magnetization and energy as a function of temperature.

```
;+
; NAME:
; ISING2D
;
; PURPOSE:
; Simple implementation of the 2D Ising model with no applied magnetic field.
; As the temperature drops, the lattice of spins is plotted. After the simulation
; has ended, the magnetization and the energy as a function of temperature is
; plotted. Periodic boundary conditions are implemented.
;
; AUTHOR:
; Robert M. Dimeo, Ph.D.
; NIST Center for Neutron Research
; 100 Bureau Drive
```

Gaithersburg, MD 20899

; Phone: (301) 975-8135 E-mail: robert.dimeo@nist.gov http://www.ncnr.nist.gov/staff/dimeo CATEGORY: Physics, cellular automata CALLING SEQUENCE: IDL> ising2d **PARAMETERS** The physical parameters of the model can be set in the procedure named ISING2D below. These parameters include the number of temperature steps, **COMMON BLOCKS:** None **REQUIREMENTS:** Uses PLOTIMAGE.PRO from Craig Marwardt (http://www.physics.wisc.edu/ ~craigm/idl/) **DISCLAIMER** This software is provided as is without any warranty whatsoever. Permission to use, copy, modify, and distribute modified or unmodified copies is granted, provided this disclaimer is included unchanged. MODIFICATION HISTORY: Written January 29, 2012 function ising2d_linspace,xlo,xhi,nx compile opt idl2,hidden dx = (xhi-xlo)/(nx-1.0)return,xlo+dx*findgen(nx) *************************** function ising2d_lattice,n,random = random compile_opt idl2,hidden ; Generates a random Ising lattice of size n x n if the keyword RANDOM is set. Otherwise

```
; the lattice is a checkerboard of alternating spin-up and spin-down
if keyword_set(random) then lattice = byte(round(randomu(s,n,n)))
if ~keyword_set(random) then begin
 lattice = bytarr(n,n)
 for j = 0,n-1 do begin
  for i = 0, n-1 do begin
    if ((i mod 2) eq 1) xor ((j mod 2) eq 1) then lattice[i,j] = 1B
  endfor
 endfor
endif
return, lattice
end
 ****************************
function ising2d_energy,jcouple,lattice
compile_opt idl2,hidden
; Calculates the energy of the 2D Ising lattice
; inflate the lattice by two elements in each direction
nx = (size(lattice,/dim))[0] \& nnx = nx + 2
II = bytarr(nnx,nnx)
II[1:nx,1:nx] = Iattice
II[0,1:nx] = Iattice[nx-1,0:nx-1]
II[nnx-1,1:nx] = Iattice[0,0:nx-1]
II[1:nx,0] = Iattice[0:nx-1,nx-1]
II[1:nx,nnx-1] = Iattice[0:nx-1,0]
; Muster array mojo to calculate the energy of the lattice in one line
rather
; than a double loop
return,-jcouple*total(((shift(II,0,1) + shift(II,0,-1) + shift(II,1,0)
+ shift(II,-1,0))*II)[1:nx,1:nx])
end
 ***********
function ising2d_magnetism,lattice
compile_opt idl2,hidden
nx = (size(lattice,/dim))[0]
return,total(lattice)/(nx*nx)
end
function ising2d_plot_lattice,lattice
compile_opt idl2,hidden
nx = (size(lattice,/dim))[0]
xr = [0, nx-1]
plotimage,bytscl(lattice),xrange = xr,yrange = xr,imgxrange = xr, $
      imgyrange = xr,xstyle = 5,ystyle = 5,xmargin = [0,0],ymargin
= [0,0]
return,1B
end
. ***********
pro ising2d
```

```
; Main program driver and loop through decreasing temperatures
device.decomposed = 0
loadct,1,/silent
nx = 35; side of the ising lattice
icouple = 1.0; spin coupling
nt = 100; number of temperature steps
tlo = 1.5 \& thi = 5.0; lower and upper temperature
nmc = 2; number of monte-carlo sweeps/site/temperature
random = 1B; set to 1B for a random initial array
       ; set to 0B for alternating spin-up and spin-down
: ****** SIMULATION PARAMETERS *********
lattice = ising2d_lattice(nx,random = random); creates the spin array
winvis = 0
xsize = (vsize = 400)
window, winvis, xsize = xsize, ysize = ysize, title = '2D Ising Model'
window,/free,xsize = xsize,ysize = ysize,/pixmap
winpix = !d.window
temperature = ising2d linspace(tlo,thi,nt)
mag = fltarr(nt)
e = fltarr(nt)
for k = 0, nt-1 do begin
 t = temperature[nt-1-k]; decrement the temperature
 for ss = 0, nmc-1 do begin
  energy = ising2d energy(jcouple, lattice); we need the energy for
comparison in the Metropolis algorithm
  : Sweep over the lattice nmc times and flip a spin
  testlattice = lattice; this is the lattice which we'll calculate
the energy with the flipped spins
  sto_lattice = lattice; this is the lattice in which we'll store
the final spin array at each temperature
  for i = 0,nx-1 do begin
   for i = 0,nx-1 do begin
    testlattice = lattice
    if lattice[i,j] eq 0B then testlattice[i,j] = 1B else
testlattice[i,j] = 0B
    newenergy = ising2d_energy(jcouple,testlattice)
    de = newenergy - energy
    if (de le 0) then sto_lattice[i,j] = testlattice[i,j]
    if ((de gt 0) and (randomu(seed,1) It exp(-de/t))) then
sto lattice[i,i] = testlattice[i,i]
```

```
endfor
  endfor
  lattice = sto_lattice
 endfor
 e[nt-1-k] = ising2d_energy(jcouple,sto_lattice)
 mag[nt-1-k] = ising2d_magnetism(sto_lattice)
 lattice = sto lattice
 wset, winpix
 ret = ising2d plot lattice(lattice)
 wset, winvis
 device, copy = [0,0,!d.x size,!d.y size,0,0,winpix]
endfor
window,/free,xsize = 500,ysize = 500
plot,temperature,e,psym = -4,ytitle = 'energy',xtitle = 'T'
window,/free,xsize = 500, ysize = 500
plot,temperature,mag,psym = -4,ytitle = 'magnetization',xtitle = 'T'
wdelete, winpix
end
```

Subject: Re: Ising Model

Posted by David Fanning on Mon, 30 Jan 2012 14:59:08 GMT

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Rob writes:

- > This is a fun model. Try the program below (sorry for the lengthy
- > listing here, folks). You'll need Craig Markwardt's routine
- > PLOTIMAGE.PRO to display the evolution of the spin lattice as the
- > temperature is reduced. It's not a particularly pretty program but it
- > does some basic things like plot the magnetization and energy as a
- > function of temperature.

This will require one or two other programs from Craig's library to run. Better get them all while you are at it. :-)

Cheers,

David

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.idlcoyote.com/

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

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