Subject: Re: "Expression Must be a Scalar in this context:" error in nlinlsq function Posted by David Fanning on Tue, 28 Aug 2012 16:23:51 GMT

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elambrid writes:

> So within the function I am using in nlinlsq, I have a common block that contains some global variables that are found within my main routine and used in my function (for simplicities sake it's called ddr). Since nlinlsq works on a "number of functions" basis you pretty much have to recast everything as 1D. I would like to check within my function if a value of one of my arrays is 0, yet the if statement keeps giving me an error of "Expression must be a scalar in this context: <BYTE Array(5)>." Below is a sketch of the code. Thanks in advance!

```
>
> pro auto_target_offset
> common offset_vals3,blah1,blah2,blah3,...,blah13,aoffxc,aoffyc
 solution=nlinlsq("ddr",5,3)
 end
> function ddr,m,r
>
  common offset_vals3 (same as above)
 if a offxc eq 0 then w=0
> ...
> end
> Thanks again!
I would say that the variable affxc is a five-element byte array,
when it should be a one-element scalar to use it in a boolean
expression like this. :-)
Cheers.
David
David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.idlcoyote.com/
```

Subject: Re: "Expression Must be a Scalar in this context:" error in nlinlsq function Posted by Erini Lambrides on Tue, 28 Aug 2012 16:27:51 GMT

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> I would say that the variable and a five-element byte array,

>

> when it should be a one-element scalar to use it in a boolean

>

- > expression like this. :-)
- > David

Yes I agree, so I guess what I'm confused about is nlinlsq works like a for loop where the iterations are determined by the amounts of "functions", better word would be the size of you data set. So I have all these variables that look like this e.g a=[b(0)...b(n)] How would I check if one of those values are zero, and perform a statement on them? And thank you for your speedy reply!

-Erini

Subject: Re: "Expression Must be a Scalar in this context:" error in nlinlsq function Posted by David Fanning on Tue, 28 Aug 2012 16:37:05 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

elambrid writes:

> Yes I agree, so I guess what I'm confused about is nlinlsq works like a for loop where the iterations are determined by the amounts of "functions", better word would be the size of you data set. So I have all these variables that look like this e.g a=[b(0)...b(n)] How would I check if one of those values are zero, and perform a statement on them? And thank you for your speedy reply!

If you want to check an individual element, you have to check an individual element!

```
variable = [0, 1, 1, 0, 4]
FOR j=0,N_Elements(variable)-1 DO BEGIN
    IF variable[j] EQ 0 THEN Print, 'variable ' + StrTrim(j,2) + $
        ' is equal to zero' ELSE Print, 'Good value'
ENDFOR
```

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D. Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.idlcoyote.com/

Subject: Re: "Expression Must be a Scalar in this context:" error in nlinlsq function Posted by Yngvar Larsen on Wed, 29 Aug 2012 06:23:25 GMT

```
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```

```
On Tuesday, 28 August 2012 18:27:51 UTC+2, elambrid wrote:
>> I would say that the variable and a five-element byte array.
>
>>
>
>> when it should be a one-element scalar to use it in a boolean
>>
>
>> expression like this. :-)
>
>
>> David
>
>
> Yes I agree, so I guess what I'm confused about is nlinlsg works like a for loop where the
iterations are determined by the amounts of "functions", better word would be the size of you data
set. So I have all these variables that look like this e.g a=[b(0)...b(n)] How would I check if one of
those values are zero, and perform a statement on them? And thank you for your speedy reply!
B = Ionarr(42)
w = dblarr(42)
·
zero_ind = where(B eq 0, count)
if count gt 0 then w[zero ind] = 0
Or simply this if you are going to do something if at least one element in B is zero:
if total(B eq 0) gt 0 then dostuff, B
Yngvar
```