Subject: Re: use of temporary in IDL

Posted by natha on Tue, 06 Nov 2012 21:11:16 GMT

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No it is not because vol[*, *, sorted_z] is not a variable it is an expression. Temporary only works when it is used with variables.

nata

Subject: Re: use of temporary in IDL Posted by Dick Jackson on Thu, 08 Nov 2012 02:37:10 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Rohit,

Indexing using the [*, *, sorted_z] creates a list of indices with a 4-byte value for each element, leading to that huge memory usage. In this case, making a second copy (perhaps unavoidable), then looping over one dimension ends up using far less memory and taking less time. (Sometimes a loop is OK, especially when one statement still operates on 4 million elements!):

PRO IndexingTest

```
nPlanes = 287
sorted z = Sort(RandomU(42L, nPlanes))
vol = IntArr( 512, 512, nPlanes )
vol[0, 0, *] = IndGen(nPlanes); Put [0,1,2...] in position [0,0] on each plane
mem0 = (Memory())[0]
                            ; Current memory usage
t0 = SysTime(/Seconds)
   Method 1:
vol = temporary( vol[ *, *, sorted_z] )
duration1 = SysTime(/Seconds)-t0
mem1 = (Memory())[3]
                            ; Peak memory usage since last Memory() call
memUsedMB1 = (mem1-mem0)/1024./1024
   Test that it actually worked:
Print, 'Test 1 '+(Array_Equal(sorted_z, vol[0, 0, *]) ? 'passed' : 'failed')
vol = IntArr( 512, 512, nPlanes )
vol[0, 0, *] = IndGen(nPlanes); Put [0,1,2...] in position [0,0] on each plane
mem0 = (Memory())[0]
                            ; Current memory usage
t0 = SysTime(/Seconds)
   Method 2:
vol2 = IntArr([512, 512, nPlanes], /NoZero)
```

```
FOR planel=0, nPlanes-1 DO vol2[0, 0, planel] = vol[*, *, sorted_z[planel]]
duration2 = SysTime(/Seconds)-t0
mem2 = (Memory())[3]
                           ; Peak memory usage since last Memory() call
memUsedMB2 = (mem2-mem0)/1024./1024
   Test that it actually worked:
Print, 'Test 2 '+(Array_Equal(sorted_z, vol2[0, 0, *]) ? 'passed' : 'failed')
Help, duration1, duration2, memUsedMB1, memUsedMB2
END :: IndexingTest
Output:
IDL> indexingtest
% Compiled module: INDEXINGTEST.
Test 1 passed
Test 2 passed
DURATION1
                DOUBLE =
                                 0.89100003
DURATION2
                DOUBLE =
                                 0.67199993
MEMUSEDMB1
                   FLOAT
                                  430.500
                            =
MEMUSEDMB2
                   FLOAT
                                  144.000
Perhaps you could avoid making the copy of the array if you knew what sequence of swapping
planes of your array would lead to the desired sorted z... left as an exercise for the reader :-)
Cheers,
-Dick
On Tuesday, November 6, 2012 8:05:13 AM UTC-8, rohit bhat wrote:
> Hi,
>
> I had a guestion regarding the use of temporary in IDL.
> I wanted to re-order a 3D array.
  Suppose the array is vol = IntArr(512, 512, 287)
>
>
 I sorted the Z dimension and got the indices. The command I then used was
>
> vol = temporary( vol[ *, *, sorted_z] )
> Despite this, the memory used is still the same if I don't use temporary (almost 5 times the
size of the array)
>
```

- > Is this the correct way to use temporary? If I am using it correctly, is it just the IDL way of reading columns and rows?
- > Thanks,
- >
- > Rohit