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Subject: How to increase the speed

Posted by [sivan](#) on Mon, 09 Sep 2013 10:11:55 GMT

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Hello everyone,

I'll directly tell you the problem.

I have three arrays, one of them contains hundreds of elements, the others have the same number of elements and contain much more.

Let say (a is the first, b is the 2nd, and c is the 3rd array)

```
a=findgen(250)+1
```

```
b=randomn(seed, 2e5)
```

```
c=randomn(seed, 2e5)
```

What I want to do is to calculate the following equation for each element of a and every element of b and c without using the for loop.

$$\exp(a(i) - b) * \exp(c)$$

The result should be a two dimensional array (array[250, 2e5]).

Problem is also shown via this picture (<http://oi42.tinypic.com/10zcx7p.jpg>).

I use the following code but it is very slow.

```
result=dblarr(250, 2e5)
```

```
for i=0, 249 do result(i,*)=exp(a(i) - b)*exp(c)
```

Thanks in advice,

Sivan.

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Subject: Re: How to increase the speed

Posted by [Moritz Fischer](#) on Mon, 09 Sep 2013 10:44:59 GMT

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Hi!

Try the '#' operator (and some algebra to remove the multiplication):

```
result = exp( a#replicate(1d,2e5) - replicate(1d,250)#(b-c) )
```

You could use reform/rebin with the SAMPLE keyword to do something similar.

Am 09.09.2013 12:11, schrieb sivan:

> Hello everyone,

>  
> I'll directly tell you the problem. I have three arrays, one of them  
> contains hundreds of elements, the others have the same number of  
> elements and contain much more.  
>  
> Let say (a is the first, b is the 2nd, and c is the 3rd array)  
> a=findgen(250)+1 b=randomn(seed, 2e5) c=randomn(seed, 2e5)  
>  
> What I want to do is to calculate the following equation for each  
> element of a and every element of b and c without using the for  
> loop.  
>  
>  $\exp(a(i) - b) \cdot \exp(c)$   
>  
> The result should be a two dimensional array (array[250, 2e5]).  
>  
> Problem is also shown via this picture  
> (<http://oi42.tinypic.com/10zcx7p.jpg>).  
>  
> I use the following code but it is very slow.  
>  
> result=dblarr(250, 2e5) for i=0, 249 do result(i,\*)=exp(a(i) -  
> b)\*exp(c)  
>  
> Thanks in advice, Sivan.  
>

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Subject: Re: How to increase the speed  
Posted by [sivan](#) on Mon, 09 Sep 2013 14:06:48 GMT  
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Hi Moritz,

Thanks a lot. I really appreciated. Your advise gave me a perfect idea and I solved the problem.

Best wishes,  
Sivan.

On Monday, September 9, 2013 1:44:59 PM UTC+3, Moritz Fischer wrote:

> Hi!  
>  
>  
>  
> Try the '#' operator (and some algebra to remove the multiplication):  
>  
>  
>

```

> result = exp( a#replicate(1d,2e5) - replicate(1d,250)#(b-c) )
>
>
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>
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>
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>
>> exp(a(i) - b)*exp(c)
>
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>

```

```
>> (http://oi42.tinypic.com/10zcx7p.jpg).  
>  
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>  
>> b)*exp(c)  
>  
>>  
>  
>> Thanks in advice, Sivan.  
>  
>>
```

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