Subject: scopes

Posted by spluque on Fri, 20 Sep 2013 21:28:04 GMT

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Hi,

Using the following script to convert calendar date to day of year (test.pro):

```
FUNCTION calendar2doy, year, month, day jd=julday(month, day, year) caldat, jd, Null, Null, year doy=string(jd - julday(12, 31, year - 1), format='(i03)') RETURN, doy END

PRO TEST year=2011 mon=10 day=15 DOY=calendar2doy(year, mon, day) RETURN END
```

I expected the variable year in the TEST procedure to remain as defined (the long integer 2011), but this is what I see after calling the call to calendar2doy with a breakpoint at the RETURN line:

```
IDL> .run "test.pro"
% Compiled module: CALENDAR2DOY.
% Compiled module: TEST.
IDL> breakpoint, 'test.pro', 14
IDL> test
% Compiled module: JULDAY.
% Compiled module: CALDAT.
% Breakpoint at: TEST 14 test.pro
IDL> print, year
2012
What am I missing?
```

Subject: Re: scopes

Cheers, Seb

Posted by David Fanning on Fri, 20 Sep 2013 21:44:22 GMT

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spluque@gmail.com writes:

```
> Hi,
>
> Using the following script to convert calendar date to day of year (test.pro):
>
> FUNCTION calendar2doy, year, month, day
   jd=julday(month, day, year)
   caldat, jd, Null, Null, year
>
   doy=string(jd - julday(12, 31, year - 1), format='(i03)')
   RETURN, doy
> END
>
> PRO TEST
   year=2011
   mon=10
  day=15
  DOY=calendar2doy(year, mon, day)
   RETURN
> END
>
> I expected the variable year in the TEST procedure to remain as defined (the long integer
2011), but this is what I see after calling the call to calendar2doy with a breakpoint at the
RETURN line:
> IDL> .run "test.pro"
> % Compiled module: CALENDAR2DOY.
> % Compiled module: TEST.
> IDL> breakpoint, 'test.pro', 14
> IDL> test
> % Compiled module: JULDAY.
> % Compiled module: CALDAT.
> % Breakpoint at: TEST
                                  14 test.pro
> IDL> print, year
       2012
>
> What am I missing?
Ah, yes, I've seen this before. It's weird. :-)
The problem comes about in the way you are calling CalDat:
 caldat, jd, Null, Null, year
You are using the same variable for the day and month. This causes
```

CalDat great confusion! If you use different variables, you will get

what you expect.

caldat, jd, Null1, Null2, year

It must be something about variables getting updated in a particular sequence or something. I don't understand exactly what is happening, but I remember struggling for hours with exactly this thing one time. ;-)

Cheers.

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.idlcoyote.com/

Sepore ma de ni thue. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: scopes

Posted by spluque on Fri, 20 Sep 2013 21:52:19 GMT

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It looks like those NULL arguments for caldat are causing problems. If I supply some variable (which I don't need at all), then year keeps its value. This is very weird, nonetheless, and it would be good to know what is going on.

Seb

Subject: Re: scopes

Posted by splugue on Fri, 20 Sep 2013 22:00:27 GMT

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Thanks, David, I followed up at about the same time, just after I played supplying some variable names for month and day. It's mildly annoying to have to do this since one may have no use for them, cluttering the environment.

Seb

Subject: Re: scopes

Posted by Sonickenking on Mon, 14 Oct 2013 03:20:53 GMT

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On Saturday, September 21, 2013 8:00:27 AM UTC+10, spl...@gmail.com wrote:

> Thanks, David, I followed up at about the same time, just after I played supplying some variable names for month and day. It's mildly annoying to have to do this since one may have no use for them, cluttering the environment.

>

> Seb

You can do it with the new !NULL variable if you have IDL 8.0+, like this caldat, jd, !null, !null, year

Correct result. No dummy variables.

Subject: Re: scopes

Posted by Matthew Argall on Tue, 15 Oct 2013 15:23:38 GMT

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Variables are passed by reference in IDL. If two output positional parameters reference the same variable name, you are going to have a bad time.

```
Try this
```

```
pro test_input_params, a, b
  a = 5
  b = 4
```

help, a, b end

test_input_params, null, null

It shows that a = a = 4 and that b = a = 4 inside the test program. If I were to later do something with a and b independently, the results would not be independent. I assume that CalDat uses the "month" and "day" parameters when calculating "year", which is why your output is funky.

Subject: Re: scopes

Posted by Matthew Argall on Tue, 15 Oct 2013 15:41:09 GMT

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I guess a better example would be this:

```
function test_input_params, a, b
```

a = 5

```
b = 4
  return, a + b
end

IDL> print, test_input_params(null, null)
  8
```