Subject: Reading part of a netcdf file?

Posted by rjp23 on Tue, 24 Sep 2013 15:26:51 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

I have a very large (22GB) netcdf file and I was hoping there was some way to read part of it at a time into IDL but I can't figure out how.

For example, I have this variable:

Var FLOAT = Array[144, 72, 17, 32161]

The 4th dimension is time, i.e. the are 32161 timesteps.

Is it possible to read only the first X in one go, then read the next X, etc meaning that less is stored in memory at once?

Cheers

Rob

>

>

Subject: Re: Reading part of a netcdf file?
Posted by David Fanning on Tue, 24 Sep 2013 16:06:53 GMT
View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

rjp23@le.ac.uk writes:

- > I have a very large (22GB) netcdf file and I was hoping there was some way to read part of it at a time into IDL but I can't figure out how.
- > For example, I have this variable:
- > Var FLOAT = Array[144, 72, 17, 32161]
- > The 4th dimension is time, i.e. the are 32161 timesteps.
- > Is it possible to read only the first X in one go, then read the next X, etc meaning that less is stored in memory at once?

You might find the tools I have developed to browse, read, and write netCDF files helpful:

http://www.idlcoyote.com/fileio_tips/ncdf_browser.html

Cheers,

David

--

Posted by rip23 on Tue, 24 Sep 2013 16:11:39 GMT

Subject: Re: Reading part of a netcdf file?

```
View Forum Message <> Reply to Message
On Tuesday, September 24, 2013 5:06:53 PM UTC+1, David Fanning wrote:
> rjp23@le.ac.uk writes:
>
>
>
>> I have a very large (22GB) netcdf file and I was hoping there was some way to read part of it
at a time into IDL but I can't figure out how.
>
>>
>
>> For example, I have this variable:
>
>>
>
               FLOAT
                         = Array[144, 72, 17, 32161]
>> Var
>
>>
>> The 4th dimension is time, i.e. the are 32161 timesteps.
>>
>> Is it possible to read only the first X in one go, then read the next X, etc meaning that less is
stored in memory at once?
>
>
  You might find the tools I have developed to browse, read, and write
>
  netCDF files helpful:
>
>
>
>
    http://www.idlcoyote.com/fileio_tips/ncdf_browser.html
>
>
>
> Cheers,
```

> David
> -> David Fanning, Ph.D.
> Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
> Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.idlcoyote.com/
> Sepore ma de ni thue. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Hi David,

Do you mean in reference to copying part of the file into another file or for just reading part of the file?

It looks like both might be possible once I get my head around your code...?

Cheers

Rob

Subject: Re: Reading part of a netcdf file?
Posted by David Fanning on Tue, 24 Sep 2013 16:31:28 GMT
View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

rjp23@le.ac.uk writes:

- > Do you mean in reference to copying part of the file into another file or for just reading part of the file?
- > It looks like both might be possible once I get my head around your code ...?

Well, I have to confess, I've never looked at a 22.5 GByte netCDF file before, but I suspect both are possible.

It *is* possible to read just a portion of a large data set from a netCDF file. See the GetVarData method in the NDCF_File object. See the COUNT, OFFSET, and STRIDE keywords. I can't advise sensibly without knowing more about the data, but I think it is possible to do what you want to do. You certainly don't want to read that data file all at once into the variable "a". ;-)

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.idlcoyote.com/

Sepore ma de ni thue. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: Reading part of a netcdf file?

Posted by David Fanning on Tue, 24 Sep 2013 16:40:22 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

David Fanning writes:

- > It *is* possible to read just a portion of a large data set from a
- > netCDF file. See the GetVarData method in the NDCF_File object. See the
- > COUNT, OFFSET, and STRIDE keywords. I can't advise sensibly without
- > knowing more about the data, but I think it is possible to do what you
- > want to do. You certainly don't want to read that data file all at once
- > into the variable "a". ;-)

This article might be of interest to you, too:

http://www.idlcoyote.com/fileio_tips/readslab.html

Cheers.

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.idlcoyote.com/

Sepore ma de ni thue. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Subject: Re: Reading part of a netcdf file?

Posted by Paul Van Delst[1] on Tue, 24 Sep 2013 16:46:58 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

See:

http://www.exelisvis.com/docs/NCDF VARGET.html

Similar to what David said, the COUNT and OFFSET keywords are the ones

that should do the job for you (don't think you need STRIDE).

```
Just of the top of my head you'd need something like
 COUNT=[144, 72, 17, X]
and for the first read
 OFFSET=[0,0,0,0]
For the second read of X timesteps,
 OFFSET=[0,0,0,X]
third,
 OFFSET=[0,0,0,X*2]
etc..
```

I think I got the general idea right (anyone?). The X-related numbers may be off by one since count is 1-based and offset is 0-based and I always get 'em mixed up.

cheers.

pauly

```
On 09/24/13 11:26, rjp23@le.ac.uk wrote:
```

- > I have a very large (22GB) netcdf file and I was hoping there was
- > some way to read part of it at a time into IDL but I can't figure out
- > how.

>

> For example, I have this variable:

```
> Var
             FLOAT
                       = Array[144, 72, 17, 32161]
```

The 4th dimension is time, i.e. the are 32161 timesteps. >

> Is it possible to read only the first X in one go, then read the next

X, etc meaning that less is stored in memory at once?

> Cheers

> Rob

Subject: Re: Reading part of a netcdf file? Posted by Michael Galloy on Tue, 24 Sep 2013 20:01:42 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On 9/24/13 9:26 AM, rjp23@le.ac.uk wrote:

- > I have a very large (22GB) netcdf file and I was hoping there was
- > some way to read part of it at a time into IDL but I can't figure out

```
> how.
>
> For example, I have this variable:
>
> Var
             FLOAT
                        = Array[144, 72, 17, 32161]
 The 4th dimension is time, i.e. the are 32161 timesteps.
> Is it possible to read only the first X in one go, then read the next
> X, etc meaning that less is stored in memory at once?
>
> Cheers
>
> Rob
You might want to try MG_NC_GETDATA. You can do stuff like:
 IDL> data = mg_nc_getdata(filename, 'var[*, *, *, 0:9]')
Get it from the mglib GitHub repo:
  https://github.com/mgalloy/mglib/blob/master/src/netcdf/mg_n c_getdata.pro
Mike
Michael Galloy
www.michaelgalloy.com
Modern IDL: A Guide to IDL Programming (http://modernidl.idldev.com)
Research Mathematician
Tech-X Corporation
```