Subject: Re: print to a variable

Posted by thompson on Mon, 20 Nov 1995 08:00:00 GMT

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gfu@shark.gsfc.nasa.gov (Gary Fu) writes:

- > Hi,
- > Is there a simple way to write outputs to a string variable that has
- > the same result as by using the 'print' statement?
- > I'm asking something like 'sprintf' as to 'printf' in C.

Yes, you can use the STRING function with the /PRINT qualifier. For example,

```
IDL> print,indgen(10)
               2
                     3
                           4
                                5
                                      6
                                            7
    0
         1
                                                 8
IDL> s = string(indgen(10),/print)
IDL> help,s
S
           STRING = Array(2)
IDL> print,s(0)
               2
                     3
                           4
                                5
                                      6
                                            7
                                                 8
    0
          1
IDL> print,s(1)
    9
```

Bill Thompson

Subject: Re: print to a variable

Posted by dwu on Mon, 20 Nov 1995 08:00:00 GMT

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The question is how to print all the stuff into a string stead of screen.

such as when you type help, you will see

IDL> help

% At \$MAIN\$

Code area used: 0% (0/32768), Symbol area used: 0% (4/8192)

local variables: 0, # parameters: 0

Compiled Procedures:

\$MAIN\$

Compiled Functions:

What I want is a string or array of string to store these information.

I have a method:

shell> idl > idl.log

```
IDL> (do the job, print, help,...)
all of these will not be seen on the screen, it will be in the file idl.log
IDL> (test how many lines in the file use NOT EOF(unit) )
IDL> (replicate a string to an array of string)
IDL> (readf the file to the string array)
```

This method will print all the results, and not show them on the screen. Now my question is how to print only one command result, and also print everything to the screen simultaneously.

```
Mark Rivers (rivers@cars3.uchicago.edu) wrote:
: In article <48qip6$i99@post.gsfc.nasa.gov>, gfu@shark.gsfc.nasa.gov (Gary Fu) writes:
: >Is there a simple way to write outputs to a string variable that has
: >the same result as by using the 'print' statement?
: >I'm asking something like 'sprintf' as to 'printf' in C.
: >
: Use the string() function:
: IDL> a = !pi
: IDL> b = 'This is PI: ' + string(a)
: IDL> print, b
: This is PI:
               3.14159
: Note that the string function takes a "format" keyword, just like print:
: IDL> print, string(!pi, format='(f10.2)')
     3.14
: Mark Rivers
                                (312) 702-2279 (office)
                               (312) 702-9951 (secretary)
: CARS
: Univ. of Chicago
                                  (312) 702-5454 (FAX)
: 5640 S. Ellis Ave.
                                 (708) 922-0499 (home)
: Chicago, IL 60637
                                   rivers@cars3.uchicago.edu (Internet)
Ding Wu
```

Subject: Re: print to a variable

Posted by dwu on Wed, 22 Nov 1995 08:00:00 GMT

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C R Shaw (C.Shaw@qub.ac.uk) wrote: : Have you tried the JOURNAL command?? JOURNAL can record all the commands and the print results, but cannot save everything on the screen, such as help results. Thank you anyway. Ding Wu Subject: Re: print to a variable Posted by C.Shaw on Wed, 22 Nov 1995 08:00:00 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message In article <48qs6j\$32f@curly.cc.emory.edu>, dwu@curly.cc.emory.edu (Ding Wu) writes: > The question is how to print all the stuff into a string stead of screen. > such as when you type help, you will see > IDL> help > % At \$MAIN\$ > Code area used: 0% (0/32768), Symbol area used: 0% (4/8192) > # local variables: 0, # parameters: 0 > Compiled Procedures: \$MAIN\$ > Compiled Functions: > What I want is a string or array of string to store these information. > I have a method: > shell> idl > idl.log > IDL> (do the job, print, help,...) all of these will not be seen on the screen, it will be in the file idl.log > IDL> (test how many lines in the file use NOT EOF(unit)) > IDL> (replicate a string to an array of string) > IDL> (readf the file to the string array) > > This method will print all the results, and not show them on the screen. > Now my question is how to print only one command result, and also

Have you tried the JOURNAL command??

> print everything to the screen simultaneously.

>

--

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Fax: (01232) 438918

Subject: Re: print to a variable

Posted by on Fri, 24 Nov 1995 08:00:00 GMT

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dwu@larry.cc.emory.edu (Ding Wu) wrote:

> C R Shaw (C.Shaw@qub.ac.uk) wrote:

>

> : Have you tried the JOURNAL command??

>:--

>

> JOURNAL can record all the commands and the print results,

- > but cannot save everything on the screen, such as help
- > results.

>

> Thank you anyway.

> -

> Ding Wu

If I understand you correctly, you want to log everything, i.e. both stderr and stdout, to a file during your idl session.

If you start idl via an xterm, the simplest is probably to enable logging. Something like xterm -I -If logfile -e idl &

will start idl in an xterm, and everything will be logged to the file logfile.

This is for "my" xterm. The flags -I and -If may not be the same on your xterm.

To run it in your current window, you could redirect stderr to stdin and then use tee to log to a file: idl 2>&1 | tee logfile (this is valid for sh, bash,)

But beware, I'm not sure if the terminal window output will keep its nice default formatting. You need to try it yourself.

```
/* Frank J. �ynes | frank@spacetec.no /*
/* Spacetec a.s | Phone: +47 77684500 Fax: +47 77655859 /*
/* Prestvannv. 38, | /*
/* N-9005 Troms�, Norway | (...with the bravery of being out of range!) /*
```