
Subject: CONTINUE from function within loop
Posted by [spluque](#) on Wed, 13 Nov 2013 05:19:43 GMT
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Hi,

I read the CATCH and ON_ERROR help pages, but I can't see how to handle the following situation. Say we have a FOR loop where a function is called for each iteration:

```
FOR i=0, 10 DO BEGIN
  print, myfun(i)
ENDFOR
```

I would like MYFUN to continue with the next iteration if it runs into an error. Naively, this should show what I'm looking for:

```
FUNCTION MYFUN, X

[BODY]

IF [condition] THEN BEGIN
  message, 'A problem with X', /informational
  CONTINUE
ENDIF

[REST IF OK]

RETURN, [something]

END
```

But, of course, CONTINUE only works within an FOR/ENDFOR block, not this way. How does one accomplish this?

Thanks,
Seb

Subject: Re: CONTINUE from function within loop
Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Wed, 13 Nov 2013 05:40:34 GMT
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On Wednesday, November 13, 2013 12:19:43 AM UTC-5, Sebastian Luque wrote:

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situation. Say we have a FOR loop where a function is called for each iteration:

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>   [REST IF OK]  
>   RETURN, [something]  
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```

> But, of course, CONTINUE only works within an FOR/ENDFOR block, not this way. How does one accomplish this?

You're right, because CONTINUE only works within the same lexical scope.

You could do this by putting a CATCH within your main loop, which will catch your MESSAGE within MYFUN. That's a little dangerous because it will catch *every* error though.

A better practice is to return a separate status variable MYFUN indicating success or failure, and have the main loop check the variable and decide what to do.

Something like this...

```
function myfun, x, status=status  
  status = -1  
  ;; Failure case  
  if [condition] then return, !values,d_nan  
  [ rest of MYFUN ]  
  ;; Success case  
  status = 1  
  return, [something]  
end
```

```
for i = 0, 10 do begin
  y = myfun(x, status=status)
  if status LT 0 then continue
  print, y
endfor
```

Craig

Subject: Re: CONTINUE from function within loop
Posted by [Moritz Fischer](#) on Wed, 13 Nov 2013 06:32:33 GMT
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Hi,
If this was possible, it would make your myfun routine very hard to reuse.
Why don't you add a keyword to MYFUN ?

Replace the loop by

```
%<-----
FOR i=0, 10 DO BEGIN
  tmp = myfun(i, FAILED=FAILED, MSG=MSG)
  IF FAILED THEN BEGIN
    message, MSG, /INFO
    CONTINUE
  ENDIF ELSE print, tmp
ENDFOR
%<-----
```

where

```
%<-----
FUNCTION MYFUN, X, FAILED = FAILED, MSG=MSG
```

```
[BODY]
```

```
FAILED = [condition]
```

```
IF FAILED THEN BEGIN
  MSG = 'A problem with X',
  RETURN, !NULL
ENDIF
```

```
[REST IF OK]
```

```
RETURN, [something]
```

END

%<-----

But this does not work if MYFUN actually runs into an error (but only if [condition] is true) .

What's wrong with putting thte following into the FOR loop?

%<-----

CATCH, err

IF err NE 0 THEN BEGIN

message, !error_state.message, /INFO

CATCH, /cancel

CONTINUE

ELSE print, myfun(i)

%<-----

I think (hope) this is the only way you can jump to another level.

cheers

Am 13.11.2013 06:19, schrieb Sebastian Luque:

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> handle the following situation. Say we have a FOR loop where a
> function is called for each iteration:

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> into an error. Naively, this should show what I'm looking for:

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> FUNCTION MYFUN, X

>

> [BODY]

>

> IF [condition] THEN BEGIN message, 'A problem with X',
> /informational CONTINUE ENDIF

>

> [REST IF OK]

>

> RETURN, [something]

>

> END

>

> But, of course, CONTINUE only works within an FOR/ENDFOR block, not
> this way. How does one accomplish this?

>

> Thanks, Seb
>

Subject: Re: CONTINUE from function within loop
Posted by [spluque](#) on Wed, 13 Nov 2013 15:21:37 GMT
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On Tuesday, November 12, 2013 11:40:34 PM UTC-6, Craig Markwardt wrote:

> On Wednesday, November 13, 2013 12:19:43 AM UTC-5, Sebastian Luque wrote:

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>> Hi,

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>> ENDFOR

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> status = 1
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> return, [something]
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> end
>
>
>
> for i = 0, 10 do begin
>
>   y = myfun(x, status=status)
>
>   if status LT 0 then continue
>
>   print, y
>
> endfor
>
```

This is a very clean solution!

Thanks,
Seb
