
Subject: Solving a non-linear equation

Posted by [Reetsspacey](#) on Wed, 02 Apr 2014 14:33:43 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

Hi,

My problem is this: I have a non-linear equation, of the form $y = \exp(x) + x$. I have a large matrix of Y values, and for each cell (Y-value) I would like to calculate a best-fit X. How can I do this???

I have tried defining a function ($\exp(x) + x$), which I could then get the root of by a number of methods. However I would need to first subtract my Y, before I found the root. The problem then becomes, how can I tell IDL to find the root of $\exp(x) + x - Y$, for a range of Y values?

Eek my brain!

Subject: Re: Solving a non-linear equation

Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Wed, 02 Apr 2014 15:36:15 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

On Wednesday, April 2, 2014 10:33:43 AM UTC-4, Reetsspacey wrote:

> Hi,

>

>

>

> My problem is this: I have a non-linear equation, of the form $y = \exp(x) + x$. I have a large matrix of Y values, and for each cell (Y-value) I would like to calculate a best-fit X. How can I do this???

The easiest way is to use Newton's method.

If you're trying to find the root of $f(x)$, given a trial solution of x_0 , the next best solution is,

$$x = x_0 - f(x_0) / f'(x_0)$$

where $f'(x_0)$ is the derivative of the function. Now you have a new x_0 and can try again for multiple iterations.

For you, this would be, in IDL language,

for i = 0, n_iter-1 do begin

$x = x_0 - (x + \exp(x) - y) / (1 + \exp(x))$

$x_0 = x$

endfor

Your function is very well behaved (no extrema) so you should be able to pick $x_0=0$ as your starting point and then keep iterating until you achieve the desired precision.

Craig

Subject: Re: Solving a non-linear equation
Posted by [Reetsspacey](#) on Wed, 02 Apr 2014 17:45:05 GMT
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

On Wednesday, 2 April 2014 11:36:15 UTC-4, Craig Markwardt wrote:

> On Wednesday, April 2, 2014 10:33:43 AM UTC-4, Reetsspacey wrote:

>

>> Hi,

>

>>

>

>>

>

>>

>

>> My problem is this: I have a non-linear equation, of the form $y = \exp(x) + x$. I have a large matrix of Y values, and for each cell (Y-value) I would like to calculate a best-fit X. How can I do this???

>

>

>

> The easiest way is to use Newton's method.

>

>

>

> If you're trying to find the root of $f(x)$, given a trial solution of x_0 , the next best solution is,

>

> $x = x_0 - f(x_0) / f'(x_0)$

>

> where $f'(x_0)$ is the derivative of the function. Now you have a new x_0 and can try again for multiple iterations.

>

>

>

> For you, this would be, in IDL language,

>

> for i = 0, n_iter-1 do begin

>

> $x = x_0 - (x + \exp(x) - y) / (1 + \exp(x))$

>

> $x_0 = x$

>

> endfor

>

>

>

> Your function is very well behaved (no extrema) so you should be able to pick $x_0=0$ as your starting point and then keep iterating until you achieve the desired precision.

>

>
>
> Craig

Brilliant, that makes sense! Thank you!
