Subject: question about 'Unable to allocate memory: to make array error' message (and I think there is enough memory) Posted by JP on Fri. 03 Oct 2014 01:54:22 GMT

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Guys, I'm trying to run a process in which I fall into a 'unable to allocate memory' issue, but I think I have enough memory and for some reason IDL doesnt' know it.

I run my process and request 60GB of RAM.

I create first a fltarr(16000000,19,6) if my numbers are right that's ~6.8 GB of memory I then try to create another fltarr of (16000000,19,19) again, if my numbers are correct, that is ~21.5 GB, total of ~28GB. When I try to do that IDL sends a "% Unable to allocate memory: to make array." error. Below my code and the output from the process. Anv ideas? Thanks JP pro test_memory_raijin compile optidl2 nan=!Values.F_NAN ; first make an array like the one is causing trouble print, 'at the very beggining:' & help, /memory x = fltarr(4000l*4000, 19, 6)print, 'after creating x:' & help, /memory ; now create another large array sizeX = size(X)y= fltarr(sizeX[1], sizeX[2], sizeX[2]) & y[*]=NaN print, 'after creating y:' & help, /memory

end

OUTPUT:

; get rid of y

undefine, y & help, /memory

print, 'at the end:' & help, /memory

; now call medoid 2d v = medoid 2d(x)

IDL Version 8.2.1 (linux x86 64 m64). (c) 2012, Exelis Visual Information Solutions, Inc.

Installation number: 237570.

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% Compiled module: TEST_MEMORY_RAIJIN.

at the very beggining:

heap memory used: 1181784, max: 9585806, gets: 734, frees: 292

after creating x:

heap memory used: 7297181928, max: 7297181928, gets: 735, frees: 292

% Unable to allocate memory: to make array.

Cannot allocate memory

% Execution halted at: TEST_MEMORY_RAIJIN 13

/home/599/jpg599/IDL_Scripts/raijin/test_memory_raijin.pro

% \$MAIN\$

Resource Usage on 2014-10-03 11:40:53.507223:

Jobld: 7068191.r-man2

Project: k88

Exit Status: 0 (Linux Signal 0)

Service Units: 0.08

NCPUs Requested: 16 NCPUs Used: 16

CPU Time Used: 00:00:18

Memory Requested: 60gb Memory Used: 16gb

Vmem Used: 30ab

Walltime requested: 00:10:00 Walltime Used: 00:00:19

jobfs request: 100mb jobfs used: 1mb

Subject: Re: question about 'Unable to allocate memory: to make array error' message (and I think there is enough memory)
Posted by JP on Fri, 03 Oct 2014 03:51:10 GMT

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I solved my own problem.

The issue was in the way I was defining my array which I wanted full of NaNs.

Instead of

y= fltarr(sizeX[1], sizeX[2], sizeX[2]) & y[*]=NaN

I did

y= fltarr(sizeX[1], sizeX[2], sizeX[2]) * NaN

and saved memory (and time)

```
same, more elegant:
 y= MAKE_ARRAY(sizeX[1], sizeX[2], sizeX[2], /FLOAT, VALUE=NaN)
I learned a lesson today.
JP
On Friday, 3 October 2014 11:54:24 UTC+10, JP wrote:
> Guys, I'm trying to run a process in which I fall into a 'unable to allocate memory' issue, but I
think I have enough memory and for some reason IDL doesnt' know it.
>
>
>
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>
>
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  if my numbers are right that's ~6.8 GB of memory
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>
  I then try to create another fltarr of (16000000,19,19)
> again, if my numbers are correct, that is ~21.5 GB, total of ~28GB. When I try to do that IDL
sends a "% Unable to allocate memory: to make array." error.
  Below my code and the output from the process.
>
  Any ideas?
>
>
  Thanks
>
 JP
>
>
>
  pro test_memory_raijin
>
   compile_opt idl2
>
```

nan=!Values.F NAN

```
>
>
   ; first make an array like the one is causing trouble
>
   print, 'at the very beggining:' & help, /memory
>
>
>
   x = fltarr(4000l*4000, 19, 6)
>
>
   print, 'after creating x:' & help, /memory
>
>
   ; now create another large array
>
   sizeX = size(X)
>
   y= fltarr(sizeX[1], sizeX[2], sizeX[2]) & y[*]=NaN
   print, 'after creating y:' & help, /memory
>
>
   ; get rid of y
>
   undefine, y & help, /memory
>
>
   ; now call medoid_2d
>
   y = medoid_2d(x)
   print, 'at the end:' & help, /memory
>
> end
> OUTPUT:
>
```

```
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                                                                         292
  % Unable to allocate memory: to make array.
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>
  % Execution halted at: TEST_MEMORY_RAIJIN 13
   /home/599/jpg599/IDL_Scripts/raijin/test_memory_raijin.pro
>
> %
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    Resource Usage on 2014-10-03 11:40:53.507223:
>
  Jobld: 7068191.r-man2
  Project: k88
>
  Exit Status: 0 (Linux Signal 0)
  Service Units: 0.08
  NCPUs Requested: 16 NCPUs Used: 16
>
      CPU Time Used: 00:00:18
>
  Memory Requested: 60gb Memory Used: 16gb
>
```

Subject: Re: question about 'Unable to allocate memory: to make array error' message (and I think there is enough memory)
Posted by chris_torrence@NOSPAM on Fri, 03 Oct 2014 04:09:20 GMT
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```
On Thursday, October 2, 2014 9:51:15 PM UTC-6, JP wrote:
> I solved my own problem.
>
>
  The issue was in the way I was defining my array which I wanted full of NaNs.
>
  Instead of
   y= fltarr(sizeX[1], sizeX[2], sizeX[2]) & y[*]=NaN
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>
  I did
   y= fltarr(sizeX[1], sizeX[2], sizeX[2]) * NaN
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    print, 'at the very beggining:' & help, /memory
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```

```
>>
>
>>
>
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     x= fltarr(4000l*4000, 19, 6)
>>
>
>>
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     print, 'after creating x:' & help, /memory
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>>
>
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    ; now create another large array
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     sizeX = size(X)
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>
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>
     y= fltarr(sizeX[1], sizeX[2], sizeX[2]) & y[*]=NaN
>>
>>
>
     print, 'after creating y:' & help, /memory
>
>>
>>
>>
>
     ; get rid of y
>
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     undefine, y & help, /memory
>>
>>
>
>>
>
```

```
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    ; now call medoid_2d
>>
>
>>
    y = medoid_2d(x)
>>
>
>>
>
    print, 'at the end:' & help, /memory
>>
>>
>
>>
>
>>
>> end
>>
>>
>
>>
>
>> OUTPUT:
>>
>
>>
>
>>
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>>
>> IDL Version 8.2.1 (linux x86_64 m64). (c) 2012, Exelis Visual Information Solutions, Inc.
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>> % Execution halted at: TEST_MEMORY_RAIJIN 13
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     /home/599/jpg599/IDL_Scripts/raijin/test_memory_raijin.pro
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                 $MAIN$
>> %
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     Resource Usage on 2014-10-03 11:40:53.507223:
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>> Exit Status: 0 (Linux Signal 0)
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>>
   Memory Requested: 60gb Memory Used: 16gb
>>
       Vmem Used: 30gb
>>
   Walltime requested: 00:10:00 Walltime Used: 00:00:19
>>
>> jobfs request: 100mb jobfs used: 1mb
>
>>
```

Good catch JP. Using array indices like "*" can eat up a lot of memory because IDL needs to create an entire index array of 64-bit integers, which in your case ends up bigger than your original data!

One other point - sometimes (especially on Windows) your memory can become fragmented. So even though you might think you have lots of memory, if you allocate lots of tiny little arrays, the OS can allocate those all over the place, which makes it impossible to allocate a single huge chunk later on. So sometimes it is better to allocate your giant arrays first, before any smaller arrays.

-Chris