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Subject: Mean = NaN if NaN present  
Posted by [laura.hike](#) on Mon, 24 Aug 2015 23:56:01 GMT  
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Hi,

I (obviously) using data with NaNs filling in for bad data. I would like to take the mean of a subset of the data and have it fail (return NaN) if any NaNs are included in the subarray. If I use

```
a = mean(subarray, /NaN)
```

this only eliminates the NaNs from the computation, meaning that a mean would be returned even if there was only one good value in the subarray. Is there any way to do this besides incorporating an IF statement before the computation, such as

```
if (total(finite(subarray)) eq n_elements(subarray)) then a = mean(subarray) else a =  
!Values.F_NAN
```

which is not only convoluted but may be a nuisance to implement when indices are used to define the subarray?

Thanks,

Larry

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Subject: Mean = NaN if NaN present  
Posted by [Helder Marchetto](#) on Tue, 25 Aug 2015 08:11:23 GMT  
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How about defining a function to do that?

```
function mn, subarray  
if (total(finite(subarray)) eq n_elements(subarray)) then return, mean(subarray) else return,  
!Values.F_NAN  
end
```

Cheers,  
Helder

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Subject: Re: Mean = NaN if NaN present  
Posted by [Jeremy Bailin](#) on Tue, 25 Aug 2015 14:08:40 GMT  
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On Monday, August 24, 2015 at 6:56:04 PM UTC-5, LMH wrote:  
> Hi,

>  
> I (obviously) using data with NaNs filling in for bad data. I would like to take the mean of a subset of the data and have it fail (return NaN) if any NaNs are included in the subarray. If I use  
>  
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>  
> which is not only convoluted but may be a nuisance to implement when indices are used to define the subarray?  
>  
> Thanks,  
>  
> Larry

Don't you just want MEAN without the /NAN flag?

-Jeremy.

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Subject: Re: Mean = NaN if NaN present  
Posted by [laura.hike](#) on Tue, 25 Aug 2015 21:45:17 GMT  
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On Tuesday, August 25, 2015 at 7:08:41 AM UTC-7, Jeremy Bailin wrote:

>  
> Don't you just want MEAN without the /NAN flag?  
>  
> -Jeremy.

Doh! I've been controlling for NaNs for too long! Thanks, Jeremy.

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