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Subject: MPFIT .TIED

Posted by [wouter.schellekens](#) on Tue, 10 Nov 2015 15:08:11 GMT

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Dear All,

I'm using MPFITFUN to find Gaussian shapes among some datasets. Mostly I'm interested in 2D Gaussian shapes (i.e. having a sigma-x and sigma-y). Additionally, I would like to tie both Gaussian sigma parameters to each other in the sense that sigma-x cannot be bigger than e.g. 5\*sigma-y, and vice versa as well (e.g. sigma-y cannot be bigger than 5\*sigma-x).

As I understand I can tie one parameter to another by specifying the parinfo[X].tied. The examples show how I can set one parameter equal to another. However, I have not been successful in specifying a tied relation that covers a certain range ( $.2*S_x < S_y \leq S_x < 5*S_y$ ). Is this even possible?

Thanks in advance!

Cheers,

Wouter

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Subject: Re: MPFIT .TIED

Posted by [Dick Jackson](#) on Tue, 10 Nov 2015 15:49:15 GMT

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On Tuesday, 10 November 2015 07:08:15 UTC-8, wouter.sc...@gmail.com wrote:

> Dear All,

>

> I'm using MPFITFUN to find Gaussian shapes among some datasets. Mostly I'm interested in 2D Gaussian shapes (i.e. having a sigma-x and sigma-y). Additionally, I would like to tie both Gaussian sigma parameters to each other in the sense that sigma-x cannot be bigger than e.g. 5\*sigma-y, and vice versa as well (e.g. sigma-y cannot be bigger than 5\*sigma-x).

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>

> Thanks in advance!

> Cheers,

>

> Wouter

Hi Wouter,

I think what will work is to have one of the two (say,  $S_x$ ) be a regular parameter, and have a "ratio" parameter (say,  $S_y/S_x$ ) that might start at 1.0 and be limited (using parinfo.limits and

parinfo.limited) to [0.2, 5.0]. Then in your function, compute Sy as  $(Sx * SyOverSx)$  and use that. Sy and Sx will always stay within the relative range you're looking for.

I know this was brief, but does it give you enough to go on?

Cheers,  
-Dick

Dick Jackson Software Consulting Inc.  
Victoria, BC, Canada --- <http://www.d-jackson.com>

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Subject: Re: MPFIT .TIED

Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Thu, 12 Nov 2015 19:08:53 GMT

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On Tuesday, November 10, 2015 at 10:49:18 AM UTC-5, Dick Jackson wrote:

> On Tuesday, 10 November 2015 07:08:15 UTC-8, wouter.sc...@gmail.com wrote:

>> Dear All,

>>

>> I'm using MPFITFUN to find Gaussian shapes among some datasets. Mostly I'm interested in 2D Gaussian shapes (i.e. having a sigma-x and sigma-y). Additionally, I would like to tie both Gaussian sigma parameters to eachother in the sense that sigma-x cannot be bigger than e.g. 5\*sigma-y, and vice versa as well (e.g. sigma-y cannot be bigger than 5\*sigma-x).

>>

>> As I understand I can tie one parameter to another by specifying the parinfo[X].tied. The examples show how I can set one parameter equal to another. However, I have not been successfull in specifying a tied relation that covers a certain range ( $.2 * Sx < Sy \leq Sx < 5 * Sy$ ). Is this even possible?

>>

>> Thanks in advance!

>> Cheers,

>>

>> Wouter

>

> Hi Wouter,

>

> I think what will work is to have one of the two (say, Sx) be a regular parameter, and have a "ratio" parameter (say, SyOverSx) that might start at 1.0 and be limited (using parinfo.limits and parinfo.limited) to [0.2, 5.0]. Then in your function, compute Sy as  $(Sx * SyOverSx)$  and use that. Sy and Sx will always stay within the relative range you're looking for.

>

> I know this was brief, but does it give you enough to go on?

Yes, this is the right approach!

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Subject: Re: MPFIT .TIED

Posted by [wouter.schellekens](#) on Sat, 14 Nov 2015 19:20:53 GMT

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On Tuesday, November 10, 2015 at 4:49:18 PM UTC+1, Dick Jackson wrote:

> On Tuesday, 10 November 2015 07:08:15 UTC-8, wouter.sc...@gmail.com wrote:

>> Dear All,

>>

>> I'm using MPFITFUN to find Gaussian shapes among some datasets. Mostly I'm interested in 2D Gaussian shapes (i.e. having a sigma-x and sigma-y). Additionally, I would like to tie both Gaussian sigma parameters to eachother in the sense that sigma-x cannot be bigger than e.g. 5\*sigma-y, and vice versa as well (e.g. sigma-y cannot be bigger than 5\*sigma-x).

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>> As I understand I can tie one parameter to another by specifying the parinfo[X].tied. The examples show how I can set one parameter equal to another. However, I have not been successfull in specifying a tied relation that covers a certain range ( $.2*S_x < S_y \leq S_x < 5*S_y$ ). Is this even possible?

>>

>> Thanks in advance!

>> Cheers,

>>

>> Wouter

>

> Hi Wouter,

>

> I think what will work is to have one of the two (say,  $S_x$ ) be a regular parameter, and have a "ratio" parameter (say,  $S_yOverS_x$ ) that might start at 1.0 and be limited (using parinfo.limits and parinfo.limited) to [0.2, 5.0]. Then in your function, compute  $S_y$  as  $(S_x * S_yOverS_x)$  and use that.  $S_y$  and  $S_x$  will always stay within the relative range you're looking for.

>

> I know this was brief, but does it give you enough to go on?

>

> Cheers,

> -Dick

>

> Dick Jackson Software Consulting Inc.

> Victoria, BC, Canada --- <http://www.d-jackson.com>

Yes indeed, that worked like a charm!

Thanks!

Wouter

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