Subject: How to fasten formatted printf?

Posted by enod on Tue, 05 Jan 2016 02:01:07 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Hi all.

I usually have over a thousand text files to write. Each file contains 9 columns and several thousand lines. The below is a test.

PRO TEST PRINTF FORMATTED LARGE ofile='c:\test.txt' data=DBLARR(9.7000) t0=SYSTIME(/seconds) OPENW,fid,ofile,/get_lun PRINTF, fid, data, format=((3(1x, f10.5), 1x, 3(1x, f8.2), 1x, 3(1X, f4.1)))FREE LUN, fid DELTA T=SYSTIME(1)-T0*1d0 PRINT, 'Total time: '+STRING(DELTA T, FORMAT='(f)')+' seconds'

END

On my notebook, it takes about 0.14 seconds to finish the above task, e.g.

% Compiled module: TEST_PRINTF_FORMATTED_LARGE.

Total time: 0.1449999809265137 seconds

% Compiled module: TEST PRINTF FORMATTED LARGE.

Total time: 0.1349999904632568 seconds

% Compiled module: TEST PRINTF FORMATTED LARGE.

Total time: 0.1500000953674316 seconds

For 1000 files, it will take over 2 minutes. I wonder whether there is a way to do it very quickly.

Thank you very much!

Yunfeng Tian

Subject: Re: How to fasten formatted printf?

Posted by Craig Markwardt on Tue, 05 Jan 2016 02:53:10 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Monday, January 4, 2016 at 9:01:10 PM UTC-5, Yunfeng Tian wrote:

> Hi all.

> I usually have over a thousand text files to write. Each file contains 9 columns and several thousand lines. The below is a test.

> For 1000 files, it will take over 2 minutes. I wonder whether there is a way to do it very quickly.

You are probably limited by I/O. You can investigate:

- 1. SSD or hybrid SSD drive
- 2. Some kind of "RAM disk"
- 3. Whether you can satisfy your requirements by writing unformatted binary files with WRITEU instead of formatted binary files with PRINTF.
- 3. Computer with better CPU and I/O throughput performance.

Other than using binary files, there's really nothing you can do to your IDL code to make it faster.

Craig

Subject: Re: How to fasten formatted printf?
Posted by Jeremy Bailin on Tue, 05 Jan 2016 16:34:30 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Monday, January 4, 2016 at 9:53:14 PM UTC-5, Craig Markwardt wrote:

- > On Monday, January 4, 2016 at 9:01:10 PM UTC-5, Yunfeng Tian wrote:
- >> Hi all,

>>

>> I usually have over a thousand text files to write. Each file contains 9 columns and several thousand lines. The below is a test.

> ..

>> For 1000 files, it will take over 2 minutes. I wonder whether there is a way to do it very quickly.

>

- > You are probably limited by I/O. You can investigate:
- > 1. SSD or hybrid SSD drive
- > 2. Some kind of "RAM disk"
- > 3. Whether you can satisfy your requirements by writing unformatted binary files with WRITEU instead of formatted binary files with PRINTF.
- > 3. Computer with better CPU and I/O throughput performance.
- > Other than using binary files, there's really nothing you can do to your IDL code to make it faster.

>

> Craig

If you need it ultimately in ascii, one option is to have IDL write it in binary and then post-process it with a simple C program, which should be able to do the I/O much faster.

-Jeremy.

Subject: Re: How to fasten formatted printf?

Posted by markb77 on Tue, 05 Jan 2016 17:57:09 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Would it improve the speed if you use the STRING procedure (with the /PRINT keyword?) to write your data to a single string variable, and then use printf to simply write that variable to disk? Or, before saving, convert it to byte type and then use WRITEU to save to disk as previously suggested?