## Subject: Re: fractional part of a number Posted by Andy Loughe on Thu, 23 Jan 1997 08:00:00 GMT

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```
Mirko Vukovic wrote:
```

>

- > How does one get the fractional part of a number? Could not find
- > anything in the manual.

```
number = 5.89
frac_number = number - fix(number)
```

Is one way to do it.

--

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"I do not feel obliged to believe that the same God who has endowed us with

sense, reason, and intellect has intended us to forego their use."

-Galileo

Subject: Re: fractional part of a number

Posted by Phil Williams on Thu, 23 Jan 1997 08:00:00 GMT

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## Mirko Vukovic wrote:

>

- > How does one get the fractional part of a number? Could not find
- > anything in the manual.

>

Do you mean this:

IDL > n = 5.5

IDL> print, n mod floor(n)

0.500000

IDL>

Good luck,

Phil

--

Cincinnati, OH 45229

email: williams@irc.chmcc.org

URL: http://scuttle.chmcc.org/~williams/

Subject: Re: fractional part of a number Posted by davidf on Thu, 23 Jan 1997 08:00:00 GMT

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Mirko Vukovic writes:

- >> How does one get the fractional part of a number? Could not find
- >> anything in the manual.

Then Phil Williams answers:

- > Do you mean this:
- > IDL > n = 5.5
- > IDL> print, n mod floor(n)
- > 0.500000

And Andy Loughe follows this with:

- > number = 5.89
- > frac\_number = number fix(number)

BUT, and here is the important question: which is FASTER!

No, no, I was just kidding. I do love these kinds of questions, though. :-)

David

-----

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## Subject: Re: fractional part of a number Posted by thompson on Fri, 24 Jan 1997 08:00:00 GMT

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davidf@dfanning.com (David Fanning) writes:

```
> Mirko Vukovic writes:
```

- >>> How does one get the fractional part of a number? Could not find
- >>> anything in the manual.
- > Then Phil Williams answers:

>

- >> Do you mean this:
- >> IDL> n = 5.5
- >> IDL> print, n mod floor(n)
- >> 0.500000
- > And Andy Loughe follows this with:

```
>> number = 5.89
```

- >> frac\_number = number fix(number)
- > BUT, and here is the important question: which is FASTER!
- > No, no, I was just kidding. I do love these kinds of questions, though. :-)

Actually, neither of these approaches is completely robust, because of their different behaviors for negative numbers,

```
IDL> n = -5.5
IDL> print, n mod floor(n)
-5.50000
IDL> print, n - fix(n)
-0.500000
```

I think the correct way to do it is to combine the two approaches,

```
IDL> print, n - floor(n)
0.500000
```

That is, if you agree with me that the integer part of -5.5 is -6, and the fractional part is +0.5. :^)

Bill Thompson