
Subject: Re: Shortcut needed

Posted by [davidf](#) on Sun, 16 Nov 1997 08:00:00 GMT

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E. Scott Claflin (sclaflin@netcom.com) writes in response to a Daniel Williams conundrum:

```
> for i=0,n_max do begin
>   if (r[i+1] gt r[i]) then begin
>     y[i] = total(a[r[i]:r[i+1]-1]).x)
>   endif
> endfor
```

There are days when I feel really old. :-(

I'm sticking with object graphics. They may be incomprehensible, but at least I can read my code. :-)

Cheers,

David

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Subject: Re: Shortcut needed

Posted by [sclaflin](#) on Sun, 16 Nov 1997 08:00:00 GMT

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Daniel Williams (williams@idunn.srl.caltech.edu) wrote:

: Hi fellow IDL-users,

: I have a program which runs slower than I like, and wonder if someone
: could help me speed it up a bit.

: My data is an array of structures, call it 'a'. One element of the
: structure, call it 'n' is an integer, another is a quantity which I
: want to add up, call it 'x'.

: There are about 100000 elements in this array. The integer n, marks
: data as being of a certain type. I want to make a new array, call it
: 'y', which has as its nth element the sum of all the x's which have a

: n-value of n. I currently do this as follows,

```
: for n=0, n_max do begin
:   y[n] = total( a[where(a.n eq n)].x )
: endfor
```

: The trouble is that the loop is slow, as for loops always are. Does
: anyone out there know a better way to do this kind of sorting?

Some weeks ago the virtues of the histogram function for sorting problems were discussed in this news group. I haven't tested the following solution, but if you have a really slow process, it might be worth a try. There is still a "for" loop, but the "where" function does not have to be called each time through the loop.

```
h = histogram(a.n, Min=0, Max=n_max, Reverse_Indices=r)
h = 0b
y = intarr(n_max + 1)
```

```
for i=0,n_max do begin
  if (r[i+1] gt r[i]) then begin
    y[i] = total(a[r[r[i]:r[i+1]-1]].x)
  endif
endfor
```

Subject: Re: Shortcut needed

Posted by [Martin Schultz](#) on Mon, 17 Nov 1997 08:00:00 GMT

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Daniel Williams wrote:

```
>
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>
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> My data is an array of structures, call it 'a'. One element of the
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```

```

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> endfor
>
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> anyone out there know a better way to do this kind of sorting?
>
> Thanks,
> Daniel Williams
> --
> +-----+
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> +-----+

```

another option may be to sort the data and use the uniq function:

```

a=a(sort(a.n))
ua=uniq(a.n)

```

This would give you an array of indices of the first occurrence of all n values and you could then loop like

```

for i=0,n_elements(ua)-2 do tot(i)=total(a.value(ua(i):ua(i+1)))

```

Haven't tried it, but should work - don't know how fast though.

Martin.

--

```

-----
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