Subject: Re: animated gif's with IDL Posted by Roger A. Moncrief on Tue, 24 Mar 1998 08:00:00 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

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Hi,
I am trying to create a little gif animation using IDL (for those who
don't know it: a powerful data analysis package). IDL has a WRITE_GIF
routine and it allows storage of multiple gif images in one file. So far
so good. Only, if I want to watch my animation with a web browser
(Netscape), it runs through exactly once, then stops. Can anyone tell me
how to change a gif file so that it loops ad infinitum (or even better:
does anyone have an IDL routine that does this)?
Thanks,
Martin.
Dr. Martin Schultz
Department for Earth&Planetary Sciences, Harvard University
```

> phone: (617)-496-8318 > fax: (617)-495-4551

Martin Schultz wrote:

>

>

> e-mail: mgs@io.harvard.edu

> IDL-homepage: http://www-as.harvard.edu/people/staff/mgs/idl/

186 Pierce Hall, 29 Oxford St., Cambridge, MA-02138, USA

> -----

## Martin.

I don't know anything about your IDL software but there are over 60 .gif animation applications available. I would be very surprised any of them lacked a check box for looping the animation. Many people thing Ulead has one of the better if not the best .gif animation application around. You can download a fully functional demo at http://www.ulead.com. I seem to recall it works for either a certain number of uses or a certain time period. Its called Ulead GIF Animator 2.0. Load the gif animations from your IDL software into it, check the looping infinite check box, run the optimization wizard and save it. It will loop then. You can also control the animation speed by setting the image delay for each image. Hope this helps. Good luck.

Roger A. Moncrief http://www.indrev.com

## Indepth Reviews

Indepth reviews of trueSpace 3.1, Imagine for Windows, Ray Dream Studio 4.1, Bryce 2, World Construction Set 2, Detailer, Goo, Click & Create, CourseWorks 3.2 CBT, Desktop Support Factory, 3D Deck, Kitchen & Bath, etc. on line now. 3D Choreographer and Black Belt's WinImages in work. All pages enhanced with music by the Keyboard Wizard.

Subject: Re: animated gif's with IDL Posted by bowman on Tue, 24 Mar 1998 08:00:00 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

In article <351830D2.41C6@io.harvard.edu>, Martin Schultz <mgs@io.harvard.edu> wrote:

- > I am trying to create a little gif animation using IDL (for those who
- > don't know it: a powerful data analysis package). IDL has a WRITE\_GIF
- > routine and it allows storage of multiple gif images in one file. So far
- > so good. Only, if I want to watch my animation with a web browser
- > (Netscape), it runs through exactly once, then stops. Can anyone tell me
- > how to change a gif file so that it loops ad infinitum (or even better:
- > does anyone have an IDL routine that does this)?

For those with a Mac available, I offer the following solution. There must be similar products (to GraphicConverter) for the PC and Unix.

The following creates a set of raw image files called frame.0000, frame.0001, etc.

```
FOR frame = 0L, nframes-1L DO BEGIN ;Draw your graphic here
```

```
image =TVRD() ;Read image from window
OPENW, ounit, STRING(frame,FORMAT="(I4.4)"),$;Open new file for writing
/GET_LUN
image = ROTATE(image,7) ;Flip image right side up
WRITEU, ounit, image ;Write image to file
FREE LUN, ounit ;Release out unit and file
```

**ENDFOR** 

Move the files to a Macintosh. Use GraphicConverter (highly-rated shareware) to convert the images to a QuickTime movie. Import the figures as filetype RAW. QuickTime lets you set the frame rate, the compressor, the image quality, etc. You can display it with a web browser, and you get a slider, so you can go backwards, forwards, jump to any frame, etc.

Regards, Ken

Subject: Re: animated gif's with IDL Posted by thompson on Wed, 25 Mar 1998 08:00:00 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

In article <351830D2.41C6@io.harvard.edu>, Martin Schultz <mgs@io.harvard.edu> wrote:

- I am trying to create a little gif animation using IDL (for those who
- > don't know it: a powerful data analysis package). IDL has a WRITE\_GIF
- > routine and it allows storage of multiple gif images in one file. So far
- > so good. Only, if I want to watch my animation with a web browser
- > (Netscape), it runs through exactly once, then stops. Can anyone tell me
- > how to change a gif file so that it loops ad infinitum (or even better:
- > does anyone have an IDL routine that does this)?

Apparently, the /MULTIPLE keyword was added in IDL/v5. In UNIX, we've been using a program called whirlgif to combine a series of GIF stills written by the older version of WRITE\_GIF in IDL into a movie. This allows you to control how many times the GIF movie loops through, or you can let it loop indefinitely.

You should be able to find whirlgif on the Web. Here is the IDL code we use as a front-end to whirlgif.

Bill Thompson

\_\_\_\_\_\_

PRO WR\_MOVIE, FILENAME, IMAGE\_ARRAY, IFRAME, NFRAMES, MPEG=MPEG, \$ GIF=K\_GIF, PICT=PICT, DELETE=DELETE, FRAMEDELAY=FRAMEDELAY, \$ LOOPCNT=LOOPCNT, NOSCALE=NOSCALE, JAVASCRIPT=JAVASCRIPT, \$ INCREMENT=INCREMENT, URL=URL, TITLE=TITLE, TOP=TOP

**Project** : SOHO - CDS

Name : WR MOVIE

Purpose : Convert an array of frames to a MPEG or GIF movie.

Explanation: This procedure takes a three dimensional array of images in the form (X-dim, Y-dim, Frames) and converts it to a series of GIF files, where each GIF contains one image frame. The procedure then will convert the GIF files to a GIF movie (viewable with Netscape >2.0) and/or a MPEG movie. The procedure uses the program mpeg encode to create the MPEG movie and the program whirlgif to create the GIF movie.

This procedure creates a subdirectory /mpegframes to store the

individual GIF image frames. If the procedure is called with the /DELETE keyword, then this directory and its contents will be removed before the procedure exits. Otherwise it will be left intact.

An alternative way to use this routine is to pass it one frame at a time. This is useful when the total amount of data is too large to have in memory at the same time.

Use : IDL> WR\_MOVIE, FILENAME, MOVIE\_ARRAY, /MPEG, /GIF, /DELETE

IDL> WR\_MOVIE, FILENAME, MOVIE\_FRAME, IFRAME, NFRAME, ...

Inputs : FILENAME: Base filename to use when creating MPEG and GIF movies. If a GIF movie is created, then it will be named filename.gif. If a MPEG movie is created, then it will be called filename.mpg.

IMAGE\_ARRAY: Three dimensional array of images in the form (X-dim, Y-dim, Frames) to be converted to a movie. This is the same form of input that is used by XMOVIE.

Opt. Inputs: An alternative way of calling this routine is one frame at a time. When using this option, two additional parameters are required:

IFRAME: The frame number, from 0 to N-1. NFRAMES: The total number of frames.

Also, in this case IMAGE\_ARRAY would be a two-dimensional frame rather than a three-dimensional array of frames.

When using this approach, the following restrictions apply:

- \* All the frames must be exactly the same size.
- \* All the calls to WR\_MOVIE must be with the same value of NFRAMES.
- \* The frames must be passed in order, from 0 to NFRAMES-1. No frames can be omitted.
- \* If the /PICT option is desired, then it must be passed in each call to WR MOVIE.

\* If the /GIF or /MPEG option is desired, then the appropriate keywords must be present in the last call to WR\_MOVIE. (In the preceding calls, these keywords are ignored--the safest thing to do is to use the same format for all the calls.)

Outputs: None.

Opt. Outputs: None.

Keywords : The following keywords are used to determine what kind of movie is produced. If neither are passed, then the default format is a GIF movie. If both are passed, then both a GIF and an MPEG movie is created.

MPEG: If set, then a MPEG movie is created.

GIF: If set, then a GIF movie is created.

Additional keywords are:

PICT: If set, then a series of PICT frames are written out. This is suitable for converting to a VHS tape. The filenames will be written such that the extensions are the frame number, e.g. "filename.00", "filename.01", etc.

JAVASCRIPT: If set, then an Java Script HTML file is written out.

DELETE: If set, then the temporary directory /mpegframes will be deleted before this procedure exits.

FRAMEDELAY: The delay time between frames, in 1/100 of a second. The default value of 10 gives a movie rate of approximately 10 frames/second. The bigger the number, the slower the movie will run. Not applicable to MPEG movies.

LOOPCNT: The number of times to loop through the GIF movie. The default value is 0, which represents an infinite number of loops.

NOSCALE: If set, then the routine BYTSCL will not be called. Use this keyword when the movie frames have already been scaled into the color table.

INCREMENT: Percent increment for speed control for Java

Script movies. [def= 10]

URL: Optional URL path to GIF images for Java Script movies. The default is that the GIF frames will be in the subdirectory FILENAME.

TITLE: Optional HTML title for Java Script movies.

TOP The maximum value of the scaled image array, as used by BYTSCL. The default value is !D.TABLE\_SIZE-1.

Calls: None.

Common : The internal common block WR\_MOVIE is used to keep information between calls.

Restrictions: This process that is running IDL when this procedure executes must have write priveleges to the working directory or this procedure will fail.

If a MPEG movie is being created, then the following programs must be in the current path:

mpeg\_encode giftoppm

If a GIF movie is being created, then the following program must be in the current path:

whirlaif

Side effects: Files and subdirectory are created in the working directory.

When called with the single frame option, the temporary file giflist is left open between calls, and is only closed on the final call.

Category : Display

Prev. Hist.: This procedure is based on WRITE\_MPEG by A. Scott Denning scott@abyss.Atmos.ColoState.edu Dept. of Atmospheric Science Phone (970)491-2134 Colorado State University

Written: Ron Yurow, GSFC

Modified: Version 1, 19 September 1996

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Version 2, 6 December 1996, William Thompson, GSFC
 Made slight modifications--better error handling.
 Version 3, 9 December 1996, William Thompson, GSFC
 Corrected bug writing GIF movies with LE 10 frames.
 Corrected bug writing GIF movies with LE 10 frames.
 Version 4, 30 December 1996, Zarro, GSFC
            Added FRAMEDELAY and LOOPCNT keywords
            Added '-f' to spawn, 'rm '
 Version 5, 8 January 1997, William Thompson, GSFC
 Added single frame option.
 Added keywords PICT and NOSCALE.
 Version 6, 10 January 1997, William Thompson, GSFC
 Changed file naming convention for PICT files
 Version 7, 16 July 1997, William Thompson, GSFC
 Added keywords JAVASCRIPT, INCREMENT, URL, AND TITLE
 Version 8, 23 July 1997, William Thompson, GSFC
 Create directory for GIF files when /JAVASCRIPT keyword
 is used.
 Version 9, 08-Dec-1997, William Thompson, GSFC
 Scale image to top color. Added keyword TOP
Version: Version 9, 08-Dec-1997
ON ERROR, 2
COMMON WR MOVIE, GIFLST, TMPDIR
Check the input parameters.
CASE N PARAMS() OF
  2: BEGIN
SINGLE_FRAME = 0
IFRAME = 0
END
  4: BEGIN
IF N_ELEMENTS(IFRAME) NE 1 THEN MESSAGE, $
'IFRAME must be a scalar'
IF N ELEMENTS(NFRAMES) NE 1 THEN MESSAGE, $
 'NFRAMES must be a scalar'
SINGLE FRAME = 1
END
  ELSE: MESSAGE, 'Syntax: WR_MOVIE, FILENAME, ARRAY'
ENDCASE
IF DATATYPE(FILENAME,1) NE 'String' THEN MESSAGE, $
'Input parameter FILENAME must be a character string'
IF N_ELEMENTS(FILENAME) NE 1 THEN MESSAGE, $
'FILENAME must be a scalar value'
```

```
; Determine the correct setting for the GIF keyword. If neither the GIF nor
 MPEG keyword was passed, then write out a GIF movie file.
GIF = KEYWORD\_SET(K\_GIF)
IF (NOT GIF) AND (NOT KEYWORD_SET(MPEG)) THEN GIF = 1
 Call the SIZE function in order to find the dimensions of the image array.
MOVIESIZE = SIZE (IMAGE ARRAY)
IF SINGLE FRAME THEN BEGIN
  IF MOVIESIZE(0) NE 2 THEN MESSAGE, $
   'Input array must be two-dimensional'
END ELSE BEGIN
  IF MOVIESIZE(0) NE 3 THEN MESSAGE, $
   'Input array must be three-dimensional'
FNDFLSE
 Set the X dimension and Y dimension of each frame as well as the number of
 frames in the movie based on the size of image array.
XSIZE = MOVIESIZE(1)
YSIZE = MOVIESIZE(2)
IF NOT SINGLE_FRAME THEN NFRAMES = MOVIESIZE(3)
 Set NDIGITS to the minimum field length required to display largest frame
 number. Can't be less than 2, or whirlgif won't work.
NDIGITS = (1 + FIX (ALOG10 (NFRAMES))) > 2
 Set FRMT to a format string that will result in the frame number of each
frame using the same number of characters with 0's padding left side as
needed.
FRMT = '(i' + STRING (NDIGITS) + '.' + STRING (NDIGITS) + ')'
FRMT = STRCOMPRESS(FRMT, /REMOVE_ALL)
 If we screw up writing a frame, we will just have to give up and go home.
ON_IOERROR, BADWRITE
 Make a temporary directory to hold the individual frames of the the movie
with each frame stored as GIF file. Begin by setting TMPDIR to the name
 of the tempory directory to create or clear.
IF (NOT SINGLE_FRAME) OR (IFRAME EQ 0) THEN BEGIN
  TMPDIR = 'mpegframes'
; Now make a command to clear the temporary directory (RMCMD) and a command to
```

```
; create the temporary directory (CRCMD). We will decide which one to use
latter.
  RMCMD = 'rm - f' + TMPDIR + '/*'
  CRCMD = 'mkdir ' + TMPDIR
 Spawn a command to determine if the tempory command already exists.
  SPAWN, 'if (-d ' + TMPDIR + ') echo "exists"', RESULT
 Check the contents of the array RESULT. If the temporary directory already
 exists, then RESULT (0) will be set to the string 'exists'.
  DIREXISTS = RESULT (0) EQ 'exists'
 Clear or add the directory as needed.
  IF DIREXISTS THEN SPAWN, RMCMD ELSE SPAWN, CRCMD
 Open a file for recording which GIFs we created.
  OPENW, GIFLST, TMPDIR + "/giflist", /GET_LUN
ENDIF
 Write each frame into TMPDIR as a gif image file
IF SINGLE_FRAME THEN BEGIN
  FRAME1 = IFRAME
  FRAME2 = IFRAME
END ELSE BEGIN
  FRAME1 = 0
  FRAME2 = NFRAMES - 1
ENDELSE
 If autoscaling is to be used, then get the minimum and maximum values to use
for scaling the images.
IF NOT KEYWORD SET(NOSCALE) THEN IMIN = MIN(IMAGE ARRAY, MAX=IMAX)
FOR FRAME = FRAME1, FRAME2 DO BEGIN
 Let FILENAME be the filename of the GIF we are createing.
  FRAMENAME = 'frame' + STRING (FRAME, FORMAT = FRMT) + '.gif'
 Let PATHNAME be the entire file and path of the GIF we are createing.
  PATHNAME = TMPDIR + '/' + FRAMENAME
```

```
IF SINGLE FRAME THEN IMAGE = IMAGE ARRAY ELSE $
      IMAGE = REFORM (IMAGE_ARRAY (*, *, FRAME))
  IF N_ELEMENTS(TOP) NE 1 THEN TOP = !D.TABLE_SIZE-1
  IF NOT KEYWORD_SET(NOSCALE) THEN $
  IMAGE = BYTSCL(IMAGE, TOP=TOP, MIN=IMIN, MAX=IMAX)
      WRITE GIF, PATHNAME, IMAGE
Write the file name into our list of GIFs.
   PRINTF, GIFLST, FRAMENAME
   PRINT, 'Wrote temporary GIF file for frame ', FRAME + 1
 If the PICT keyword was passed, then also write the PICT file.
  IF KEYWORD_SET(PICT) THEN WRITE_PICT, FILENAME + '.' + $
  STRING(FRAME, FORMAT=FRMT), IMAGE
ENDFOR
If only processing a single frame, and it's not the last frame, then we can
return now.
IF SINGLE FRAME AND ((IFRAME+1) NE NFRAMES) THEN RETURN
Close the file contianing our list of GIFs
FREE LUN, GIFLST
Set FRAMEDELAY and LOOPCNT to determine how the GIF will be displayed by
netscape.
   IF NOT EXIST(FRAMEDELAY) THEN FRAMEDELAY = 10; 10 frames per second
IF NOT EXIST(LOOPCNT) THEN LOOPCNT = 0; Infinite repititions
Check if we should create a GIF movie. If we do, then we will have to
create a command to SPAWN whirlgif.
IF KEYWORD_SET (GIF) THEN BEGIN
Create a unix command to make GIF movie from all of our gif frames
 CMD = "cd " + TMPDIR + "; "
 CMD = CMD + "whirlgif"
     CMD = CMD + " -loop " + STRING (LOOPCNT, FORMAT = FRMT)
 CMD = CMD + " -time " + STRING (FRAMEDELAY, FORMAT = FRMT)
 FNAME = FORM_FILENAME(FILENAME,".gif")
 CMD = CMD + " -o " + FNAME + " -i giflist"
Spawn the command.
```

```
SPAWN, CMD
Move the resulting GIF file out of the temporary frames directory.
 SPAWN, 'mv ' + TMPDIR + '/' + FNAME + '.'
ENDIF
Check if we should create MPEG movie. If we do, we will have
set up parameter file for mpeg_encode and then SPAWN mpeg_encode.
IF KEYWORD SET (MPEG) THEN BEGIN
Set up the name and path to the mpeg parameter file
 PARAMFILE = TMPDIR + '/params.mpeg'
Open the mpeg parameter file for writing. Store logical unit number in
MPRM.
 OPENW, MPRM, PARAMFILE, /GET LUN
Write out the mpeg parameter file.
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'PATTERN
                               IBBBBBBBBBBP'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'OUTPUT
                              ' + FORM FILENAME(FILENAME,'.mpg')
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'GOP_SIZE 12'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'SLICES PER FRAME 5'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'BASE FILE FORMAT PPM'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'INPUT CONVERT giftoppm *'
 PRINTF. MPRM. 'INPUT DIR
                               ' + TMPDIR
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'INPUT'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'frame*.gif [' + STRING(0,FORMAT=FRMT) + '-' + $
STRING(NFRAMES-1,FORMAT=FRMT) + ']'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'END_INPUT'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'PIXEL
                            FULL'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'RANGE
                              5'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'PSEARCH ALG
                                  LOGARITHMIC'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'BSEARCH ALG
                                  SIMPLE'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'IQSCALE
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'PQSCALE
                               6'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'BQSCALE
                               6'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'REFERENCE FRAME ORIGINAL'
 PRINTF, MPRM, 'FORCE_ENCODE_LAST_FRAME'
Close the mpeg parameter file.
 FREE LUN, MPRM
```

```
Spawn a shell to process the mpeg encode command.
  SPAWN, 'mpeg_encode ' + PARAMFILE
ENDIF
Check to see if the Java Script HTML file should be written.
IF KEYWORD SET(JAVASCRIPT) THEN BEGIN
  NAMES = 'frame' + STRING(INDGEN(NFRAMES), FORMAT=FRMT) + '.gif'
  IF N ELEMENTS(FRAMEDELAY) EQ 1 THEN DELAY = FRAMEDELAY*10.
  IF N ELEMENTS(URL) EQ 0 THEN URL = FILENAME
  JSMOVIE, FILENAME, NAMES, DELAY=DELAY, TITLE=TITLE, URL=URL, $
   SIZE=[XSIZE, YSIZE], INCREMENT=INCREMENT
 Create the directory to hold the GIF files, and move the files to that
 directory.
  SPAWN, 'if (-d' + FILENAME + ') echo "exists"', RESULT
  IF RESULT(0) EQ 'exists' THEN SPAWN, 'rm -f ' + FILENAME + '/*' $
   ELSE SPAWN, 'mkdir ' + FILENAME
  IF KEYWORD SET(DELETE) THEN
   SPAWN, 'mv ' + TMPDIR + '/frame*.gif ' + FILENAME ELSE $
   SPAWN, 'cp ' + TMPDIR + '/frame*.gif ' + FILENAME
ENDIF
Check if we should remove the temporary frames directory that we just
created.
IF KEYWORD SET(DELETE) THEN SPAWN, 'rm -rf' + TMPDIR
RETURN
BADWRITE:
MESSAGE, 'Unable to write MPEG and/or GIF file!'
END
```