## Subject: Re: character size in normal coordinates Posted by davidf on Sun, 22 Nov 1998 08:00:00 GMT

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Martin Schultz (mgs@io.harvard.edu) writes:

```
> My guess would be:
    pixsize = !d.y_ch_size * !p.charsize
                                          ; or your own charsize --> gives
> size in pixels
    normsize = convert_coord(pixsize,/device,/to_normal)
  UGLY! That doesn't work! Well, then
    normsize = pixsize/!d.y_size
Careful here. The expression:
 normsize = pixsize / !D.Y_Size
is going to evaluation to 0, almost always. :-)
Try:
 normsize = pixsize / Float(!D.Y_Size)
This one has bit me enough that I almost always
remember it. :-)
Cheers.
David
David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting
Phone: 970-221-0438 E-Mail: davidf@dfanning.com
Coyote's Guide to IDL Progamming: http://www.dfanning.com/
Toll-Free IDL Book Orders: 1-888-461-0155
```

Subject: Re: character size in normal coordinates
Posted by Martin Schultz on Sun, 22 Nov 1998 08:00:00 GMT
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## Axel Schweiger wrote:

- > How does one convert the character size into normal coordinates.
- > --
- > # Axel Schweiger

>

```
My guess would be:
```

```
pixsize = !d.y_ch_size * !p.charsize ; or your own charsize --> gives
size in pixels
normsize = convert_coord(pixsize,/device,/to_normal)
UGLY! That doesn't work! Well, then
normsize = pixsize/!d.y_size
```

[or maybe you'll have to use !d.x\_ch\_size and !d.x\_size for better results ...]

Hope this gives you an idea at least, Martin.

--

-----

Dr. Martin Schultz

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e-mail: mgs@io.harvard.edu

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-----

Subject: Re: character size in normal coordinates
Posted by davidf on Mon, 23 Nov 1998 08:00:00 GMT
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David Foster (foster@bial1.ucsd.edu) writes:

- > Since !D.[X|Y]\_CH\_SIZE give the width and height of the rectangle
- > that encloses the "average" character in the current font, in
- > device units (usually pixels) [from the Online help on !D]:

>

```
> x ch norm = !D.X CH SIZE / !D.X SIZE
```

> y\_ch\_norm = !D.Y\_CH\_SIZE / !D.Y\_SIZE

>

- > would be my guess. If your window is 100 pixels wide, and your
- > object is 50 pixels wide, then in normalized coordinates that
- > would be .5 . Or am I having a bad hair day?

I would say your hair will be turning prematurely gray

unless you cast one of those values on the right-hand side of the equation to FLOAT. :-)

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

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Subject: Re: character size in normal coordinates
Posted by David Foster on Mon, 23 Nov 1998 08:00:00 GMT
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Axel Schweiger wrote:

>

> How does one convert the character size into normal coordinates.

> -

> #-----

> # Axel Schweiger

Since !D.[X|Y]\_CH\_SIZE give the width and height of the rectangle that encloses the "average" character in the current font, in device units (usually pixels) [from the Online help on !D]:

```
x_ch_norm = !D.X_CH_SIZE / !D.X_SIZE
y_ch_norm = !D.Y_CH_SIZE / !D.Y_SIZE
```

would be my guess. If your window is 100 pixels wide, and your object is 50 pixels wide, then in normalized coordinates that would be .5 . Or am I having a bad hair day?

Dave

--

David S. Foster Univ. of California, San Diego Programmer/Analyst Brain Image Analysis Laboratory foster@bial1.ucsd.edu Department of Psychiatry (619) 622-5892 8950 Via La Jolla Drive, Suite 2240 La Jolla, CA 92037

## Subject: Re: character size in normal coordinates Posted by Martin Schultz on Mon, 23 Nov 1998 08:00:00 GMT

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## David Fanning wrote:

```
> Martin Schultz (mgs@io.harvard.edu) writes:
>> My guess would be:
>>
      pixsize = !d.y_ch_size * !p.charsize
                                          ; or your own charsize --> gives
>>
>> size in pixels
      normsize = convert_coord(pixsize,/device,/to_normal)
>>
   UGLY! That doesn't work! Well, then
      normsize = pixsize/!d.y_size
>
 Careful here. The expression:
>
    normsize = pixsize / !D.Y_Size
>
>
  is going to evaluation to 0, almost always. :-)
>
  Try:
>
>
    normsize = pixsize / Float(!D.Y_Size)
>
  This one has bit me enough that I almost always
 remember it. :-)
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> Cheers,
 David
> David Fanning, Ph.D.
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Ouch!! But ... if you use!p.charsize you already have a float variable.
IDL> help,!p,/stru
[...]
 CHARSIZE
                 FLOAT
                                1.40000
[...]
Martin
```

-----

Dr. Martin Schultz

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Subject: Re: character size in normal coordinates
Posted by David Foster on Tue, 24 Nov 1998 08:00:00 GMT
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```
David Fanning wrote:
```

>

> David Foster (foster@bial1.ucsd.edu) writes:

>

- >> Since !D.[X|Y]\_CH\_SIZE give the width and height of the rectangle
- >> that encloses the "average" character in the current font, in
- >> device units (usually pixels) [from the Online help on !D]:

>>

>> x\_ch\_norm = !D.X\_CH\_SIZE / !D.X\_SIZE

>> y\_ch\_norm = !D.Y\_CH\_SIZE / !D.Y\_SIZE

>>

- >> would be my guess. If your window is 100 pixels wide, and your
- >> object is 50 pixels wide, then in normalized coordinates that
- >> would be .5 . Or am I having a bad hair day?

>

- > I would say your hair will be turning prematurely gray
- > unless you cast one of those values on the right-hand
- > side of the equation to FLOAT. :-)

>

> Cheers,

>

> David

Doh!

God I hate this pitfall!

Dave

--

Univ. of California, San Diego David S. Foster Brain Image Analysis Laboratory Programmer/Analyst foster@bial1.ucsd.edu Department of Psychiatry (619) 622-5892 8950 Via La Jolla Drive, Suite 2240 La Jolla, CA 92037