Subject: Angstrom symbol

Posted by egami on Wed, 15 Sep 1993 09:59:23 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

I'm wondering if there's a way to print out an angstrom symbol in a title of a plot with PostScript font. I know this is possible with X-window fonts, because the symbol is encoded with an octal number, which can be found by using "xfd". However, this symbol is not explicitly encoded in PostScript, so I don't know how to access it even though my printer has the font.

Currently, I'm using the following sequence of positioning commands to construct the symbol with PostScript font:

"!SA!R !A!9\260!N"

However, this still looks awkward.

Is there a way to print out this symbol directly in PostScript? Someone might have asked this question already, but I couldn't find any answer in the FAQ. I would appreciate any suggestions. Thanks in advance.

Eiichi Egami Institute for Astronomy University of Hawaii

Subject: Re: Angstrom symbol Posted by jacobsen on Thu, 16 Sep 1993 23:58:50 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

There's a way to do it. Look in the release notes on your computer. If you're on Unix, I think you can do cd /usr/local/lib/idl/lib/doc grep ngstrom * or something like that. Sorry I can't get it at it at the moment...

Chris Jacobsen, Department of Physics, SUNY at Stony Brook Phone (516) 632-8093, FAX -8101 Bitnet: cjacobsen@sbccmail jacobsen@xray1.physics.sunysb.edu ALL-IN_ONE: CJACOBSEN

Subject: Re: Angstrom symbol

Posted by claffin on Thu, 23 Sep 1993 04:19:09 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

In article <JACOBSEN.93Sep16195850@xray1.physics.sunysb.edu>, jacobsen@xray1.physics.sunysb.edu (Chris Jacobsen) writes:

- > There's a way to do it. Look in the release notes on your
- > computer. If you're on Unix, I think you can do
- > cd /usr/local/lib/idl/lib/doc
- > grep ngstrom *
- > or something like that. Sorry I can't get it at it at the moment...
- ******
- > Chris Jacobsen, Department of Physics, SUNY at Stony Brook
- > Phone (516) 632-8093, FAX -8101 Bitnet: cjacobsen@sbccmail
- > jacobsen@xray1.physics.sunysb.edu ALL-IN ONE: CJACOBSEN

As I recall, the original question was, "How do I get an Angstrom symbol in PostScript output." Version 3.1 of IDL incorporated Adobe ISO-LATIN 1 font encoding. With that Version or later one can use

```
SET_PLOT,'PS'
DEVICE,/HELVETICA,/ISOLATIN1
```

and insert the Angstrom symbol in character strings with STRING(197B).

Reference: IDL News, Spring, 1993.

Scott Claflin LMSC

Subject: Re: Angstrom symbol

Posted by nicholas on Wed, 24 May 1995 07:00:00 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

I use two different methods:

```
ang = string(197b)
  or
ang = '!6!sA!r!u!9 %!6!n'
```

The !6 is just my favorite font, !S saves the position, A is the "A" in angstrom, !r returns to saved position, !u is superscript, !9 changes to math font, '%' is a space and the degree symbol, !6 back to my font, !n is normal size. It is a hack but it works.....

-Andy

Andrew Nicholas CPI onsite at Naval Research Lab

Code : 7640

(202) 767-9452 voice (202) 404-8090 fax

nicholas@uap.nrl.navy.mil

Subject: Re: Angstrom symbol

Posted by Eric Deutsch on Thu, 25 May 1995 07:00:00 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

abraham@ast.cam.ac.uk (Roberto Abraham) wrote:

- > Hi, I'm a new user of IDL so apologies if this is a FAQ (although I
- > did do a quick check of the FAQ List so hopefully it isn't!). Can somebody
- > tell me how to make IDL print out an Angstrom symbol? It seems to be
- > part of the default font table if one knows how to use the ISO
- > encoding to specify the character, which unfortunately I don't and can't
- > figure out from the documentation.

If you are interested in generating PostScript plots using the printer's hardware font and hardware Angstrom symbol, my solution to this problem can be found at

http://www.astro.washington.edu/deutsch/local_IDL.html

If you can't access this site, here's one of the program examples that is there. The program shows a little bit how to deal with the difference between vector fonts and printer hardware fonts. Hope this helps...

Eric

; This MAIN_PROGRAM is a demo of how to make publication quality output in ; IDL using Postscript fonts. The program can also be run on X displays ; with the Hershey Triplex font, but special characters will not come out ; looking the same (the price you pay for better quality printed output.) ; See also charsets.pro which prints out the characters sets to the printer. ; Send comments or changes to: deutsch@astro.washington.edu (Eric Deutsch) .

```
; You can run this program with something like:
 IDL> setps,/landscape; direct output to landscape Postscript
 IDL> .run psspecxmpl.pro; run this program to generate spectrum
; IDL> psclose,auto='sol'; send output to printer queue sol
 wl=indgen(2000)*4+1000; generate wavelength array
 spec=sin(wl/1850.)*3+4+randomu(seed,2000); generate a noisy sine wave
 if (!d.name eq 'PS') then begin; If Postscript output mode
  !p.font=0
             ; select hardware fonts
  device,/helv,/isolatin1; Helvetica ISOLatin fontset
  ang=string(197B); Angstrom sym char string
         ; thick borders are nice
  thk=4
 endif else begin ; If screen or other output mode
              ; select Hershey fonts
  !p.font=-1
  xyouts,0,0,/norm,'!17'; Set to Triplex Roman font
  ang='!3'+string(197b)+'!X'; only Simplex Angstrom
         ; use regular thickness
  endelse
; Now create the plot. Note that !U is for superscript (Up) and !N is
; for Normal letter sizes.
 plot,wl,spec,yr=[0,10],xstyle=1, $
  xtitle='Wavelength ('+ang+')', $
  vtitle='Flux (10!U-13!N erg cm!U-2!N s!U-1!N '+ang+'!U-1!N)', $
  title='Artificial Spectrum', $
  xcharsize=1.5, ycharsize=1.5, xthick=thk, ythick=thk
; print a legend-style string with some fancy characters. !9 switches to
; the Postscript Symbol font. !X switches back to the initial font.
; string(nnnB) is a way to generate a string containing a character of
; ASCII value nnn (You NEED the 'B').
 xyouts,2000,9,/data,'H!9b!X: !9s '+string(179B)+'!X 4.23'+string(215B)+ $
  '10!U-13!N '+string(177B)+' 0.54',charsize=2
; also here's a fancy example of printing world coordinates. !S is save
; a position and !R is to restore to that position.
 degsym='!9'+string(176B)+'!X'
 minsym='!9'+string(162B)+'!X'
 secsym='!S.!R!9'+string(178B)+'!X'
 xyouts,2000,8.2,/data,charsize=2,'!9a!X(1950)=15!Uh!N37!Um!N 23!S.!R!Us!N31'+$
    !9d!X(1950)=+56'+degsym+'34'+minsym+'15'+secsym+'2'
```

end

Eric Deutsch

Subject: Re: Angstrom symbol

Posted by soc on Thu, 25 May 1995 07:00:00 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Roberto Abraham (abraham@ast.cam.ac.uk) wrote:

- : Hi, I'm a new user of IDL so apologies if this is a FAQ (although I
- : did do a quick check of the FAQ List so hopefully it isn't!). Can somebody
- : tell me how to make IDL print out an Angstrom symbol? It seems to be
- : part of the default font table if one knows how to use the ISO
- : encoding to specify the character, which unfortunately I don't and can't
- : figure out from the documentation.

This probably isnt the easiest way to do it, but I find it useful: you can use string(194b) - I set it up in my idlstartup as angst=string(194b). Works on UNIX and VAX Alpha.

Rob O'Connell