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Subject: Re: TV oddities

Posted by [davidf](#) on Thu, 01 Jul 1999 07:00:00 GMT

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Axel vom Endt (endt@bu.edu) writes:

> I just ran into some odd behaviour with TVing an array to the PostScript  
> device. I get an additional column in color 255 on the right side of the  
> image. No problem occurs if the number of columns is even or the  
> X-Window device is used.

Actually, I found that it works correctly if I just set  
the Bits\_per\_Pixel keyword on the DEVICE command to 8.  
(Which is what I would expect to have to do given the  
numbers you use in your image.) But why this should  
be so is a mystery to me. :-)

Cheers,

David

P.S. I don't have time to pursue it this week, but  
I am curious if anyone else has some time.

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David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting

Phone: 970-221-0438 E-Mail: davidf@dfanning.com

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

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Subject: Re: TV oddities

Posted by [Axel vom Endt](#) on Fri, 02 Jul 1999 07:00:00 GMT

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David Fanning wrote:

>  
> Actually, I found that it works correctly if I just set  
> the Bits\_per\_Pixel keyword on the DEVICE command to 8.  
> (Which is what I would expect to have to do given the  
> numbers you use in your image.) But why this should  
> be so is a mystery to me. :-)

>  
> Cheers,

>  
> David

>

- > P.S. I don't have time to pursue it this week, but
- > I am curious if anyone else has some time.

Thanks, David, for looking into this.

Well, I played with TV a little more, and got an idea what's going on here.

From the following code I get the impression that the number of columns in an array must be an integer multiple of 8/Bits\_Per\_Pixel to get a correct PostScript output. ( I know that I would use a setting of Bits\_Per\_Pixel=8 for those data, but that's not the point. )

```
-- cut here ---
titles      = ['nine', 'eight', 'seven', 'six', 'five', 'four', $
              'three', 'two', 'one']
columns     = [9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
bitspixel   = [1, 2, 4, 8]

; some test data
image = [$
[ 255B, 179B, 130B, 165B, 120B, 85B, 97B, 151B, 144B],$
[ 102B, 102B, 0B, 124B, 179B, 119B, 118B, 154B, 124B],$
[ 9B, 91B, 35B, 89B, 191B, 82B, 94B, 169B, 31B],$
[ 41B, 90B, 66B, 74B, 151B, 76B, 58B, 142B, 0B] ]

FOR f = 0, 3 DO BEGIN

    filename = 'bpp' + StrTrim(String(bitspixel[f]), 2) + '.ps'
; set the plot position and ranges
    Set_Plot, 'ps'
    DEVICE, Filename=filename, /Landscape, /Color, $
        BITS_PER_PIXEL=bitspixel[f]

    position = [0.1, 0.1, 0.9, 0.9]
    xsize = (position[2] - position[0]) * !D.X_VSize
    ysize = (position[3] - position[1]) * !D.Y_VSize
    xstart = position[0] * !D.X_VSize
    ystart = position[1] * !D.Y_VSize

; use an inverted color table
    Loadct, 0
    Tvlct, r, g, b, /GET
    Tvlct, Reverse(r), Reverse(g), Reverse(b)

; plot the image
    FOR i = 0, n_elements(titles)-1 DO BEGIN
        IF i GT 0 THEN Erase
            TV, image[0:columns[i]-1, *], xstart, ystart, XSize=xsize,
```

```
YSize=ysize
  Plot, [1], /nodata, /noerase, position=position, color=255, $
    title=titles[i], $
    xstyle=1, xrange=[0, columns[i]], $
    ystyle=1, yrange=[0, (size(image))[2]]
  ENDFOR

  DEVICE, /Close

ENDFOR

END
;-- cut here ---
```

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